CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2013 series

0452 ACCOUNTING

MMM. Hiremepapers.com

0452/22

Paper 2, maximum raw mark 120

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2013 series for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level components and some Ordinary Level components.



Page 2	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	IGCSE – October/November 2013	0452	22

1 (a)

Saira Rehman – Petty Cash Book

Total received	Date	Details	Total paid	Postage & stationery	Catering supplies	Cleaning	Ledger accounts
\$ 56 144 (1)	2013 Oct 1	Balance b/d Bank/cash	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
3 (1)	4 10	Stamps and stationery Refund for personal postage	19	19 (1)			
	14 18	Abdul Shakeel Tea and coffee	34 9		9 (1)		34 (1)
	23 28	Syed Arshad Cleaning	16 80			80 (1)	16 (1)
			158	19	9	80	50
	31	Balance c/d	45				
203		Balance b/d	203				
45 (1) OF	Nov 1	Balance b/d					
155 (1) OF		Bank/cash					

Dates (1) OF Totals of analysis columns (1) OF Totals of total columns (1)

[12]

Page 3	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	IGCSE – October/November 2013	0452	22
• •	dul Shakeel account \$34 (1) ed Arshad account \$16 (1)		[2]
(c) Credit Po	ostage and stationery account (2)		[2]

(d) The amount available for the day-to-day running of the business (1)
 The difference between the current assets and the current liabilities (1)

(е	١
١.	c	1

Transaction	Effect on working capital	Reason
Returned damaged goods, \$35, to Annie Khan, a credit supplier	No effect (1)	Inventory (current assets) decreases by \$35 Trade payables (current liabilities) decrease by the same amount (1)
Paid Loans & Co \$2015, representing repayment of a \$2000 short-term loan and \$15 interest	Decrease \$15 (1)	Bank (current assets) decreases by \$2015 Other payables (current liabilities) decrease by \$2000 (1)
Received a cheque for \$190 from Uzma Ali, a credit customer, in full settlement of \$200 owing	Decrease \$10 (1)	Current assets decrease by \$10 (bank increases by \$190 and trade receivables decrease by \$200) (1)

[6]

[2]

[Total: 24]

Page 4			rk Scheme		Syllabus	Paper	
		IGCSE – Octo	ber/November 2	2013	0452	22	
(a) (i)	201 Jul	13	Susan Kunaka ao \$ 20 <u>192</u> <u>212</u>	2013 July 24 Ba	ank id debts	\$ 150 (1) <u>62</u> (1) <u>212</u>	
(ii)		13 ne 30 Debtors y 30 S Kunaka	Bad debts acco \$ 420 (1) <u>62</u> (1) <u>482</u>	2013 July 31 Inc	come atement	\$ <u>482</u> (1) <u>482</u>	[3] OF [3]
(iii)	201	13	d debts recovered \$	2013		\$	-
		y 31 Income statement R bad debts)	<u>103</u> (1) <u>103</u>	July 16 Ca (X	ash Y Stores)	103 (1) 103	[2]
(iv)	201 July		ion for doubtful d \$ 360 (1) <u>840</u> (1)	ebts accoun 2012 Aug 1 Bala		\$ 1200 (1)	
			<u>040</u> (1) <u>1200</u>	2013 Aug 1 Bala	ance b/d	<u>1200</u> 840 (1) (OF [4]

Alternatively the total of the bad debts recovered account could be transferred to the bad debts account (1) The net amount of bad debts transferred to the income statement would then be

\$379 (1)

Page 5		rk Scheme		Syllabus	Paper	•
	IGCSE – Octo	ber/November 2013	3	0452	22	
() (I) (
(a) (i) A	Alternative presentation					
		Susan Kunaka accou Debit	Credit		Balance	
	2013	\$	s		\$	
	July 1 Balance	پ 20	ψ		پ 20 Dr	
	4 Sales	192 (1)			212 Dr	
	24 Bank	102 (1)	150	(1)	62 Dr	
	30 Bad debts		62	• •	0	
				、 /		[3
						•
(ii)						
		Bad debts account				
		Debit	Credit		Balance	
	2013	\$	\$		\$	
	June 30 Balance	420 (1)			420 Dr	
	July 30 S Kunaka	62 (1)	400		482 Dr	
	31 Income stateme	nt	482	(1)OF	0	
						[3
(iii)						
()	Bac	d debts recovered ac	count			
	244	Debit	Credit		Balance	
	2013	\$	\$		\$	
	July 16 Cash (XY Stores)		103	(1)	103 Cr	
	31 Income statemen	it				
	(OR bad debts)	103 (1)			0	
						[2
<i></i>						
(iv)	Dravia	an fan daulatful dalata				
	Provisi	ion for doubtful debts Debit			Balance	
	2012	\$	Credit \$		\$	
	Aug 1 Balance	φ	پ 1200 ((1)	φ 1200 Cr	
	2013		1200	(')		
	July 31 Income statemen	it 360 (1)			840 Cr	
		\-/			(2)C/F	
					(1)́)0/F	
						[4

Alternatively the total of the bad debts recovered account could be transferred to the bad debts account (1)

The net amount of bad debts transferred to the income statement would then be \$379 (1)

Page 6	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	IGCSE – October/November 2013	0452	22

(b)

	Overstated \$	Understated \$
Profit for the year ended 31 July 2013	-	360 (2)O/F
Current assets at 31 July 2013	-	360 (2)O/F

[4]

(c) (i)	Trade receivables × 365 Credit sales 1	[1]
(ii)	$\frac{28\ 000}{224\ 000} \times \frac{365}{1} (1) = 45.6 = 46 \text{ days (1)}$	[2]
(iii)	May not be able to pay creditors on time May be refused further supplies on credit May overdraw on bank account May not be able to take advantage of business opportunities Or other suitable comment Any 1 comment (2)	[2]
		[Total: 21]

	Page 7	Mark Schen	ne	Syllabus	Paper	
		IGCSE – October/Nov	ember 2013	0452	22	
3	(a)	Steven Wright Income Statement for the year ended 30 September 2013				
			\$	\$	\$	
	L	Revenue ess Sales returns ess Cost of sales		169 000 (1) <u>5 000</u> (1)	164 000	
	F	Opening inventory Purchases ess Goods for own use	132 000 (1) <u>1 000</u> (1)	9 000 (1) <u>131 000</u> 140 000		
	L	ess Closing inventory		<u>17 000</u> (2)C/F (1)O/F	<u>123 000</u>	
		Bross profit Commission received			41 000 (2) <u>1 215</u> (1) 42 215	
	L	ess Wages (26 500 + 750) General expenses		27 250 (1)		
		(3970 – 170)		3 800 (1)		
		Provision for doubtful debts ((2% × 14 200) – 260) Loan interest		24 (2)		
		(6% × 6000 × 6 months) Depreciation – Equipment		180 (1)		
		(20% × 30 000) Motor vehicle)	6 000 (1)		
		(25% × (16 000 Profit for the year	9 – 7000))	2 250 (1)	39 504 2 711 (1)O/F	
	F	lorizontal format acceptable			[18]	
	(b) Consis					
		ng (accurals) (1) nting (business) entity (1)			[3]	
					[Total: 21]	

Page 8	3		Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
		IGCSE – Octob	er/November 2013	0452	22
4 (a)					
			Samira El Badry		
			Suspense account		
			\$		\$
	2013			2013	
	Aug 3	1 Difference on		Aug 31 Amrik Bhatti	36 (1)
		trial balance	116 (1)	31 Rent received	200 (1)
		Purchases returns		Rent paid	200 (1)
		Discount received	<u>286</u> (1)	Balance c/d	<u>66</u>
	0040		<u>502</u>		<u>502</u>
	2013	Dalawaa ku/d		-	
	Sept	Balance b/d	66 (1)O /F	F	
Alternative	present	ation			
	•		Samira El Badry		
			Suspense account		
			Debit	Credit	Balance
	2013		\$	\$	\$
	Aug 3	1 Difference on trial balance	116 (1)		116 Dr
		Purchases returns	100 (1)		216 Dr
		Discount received	<u>286</u> (1)		502 Dr
		Amrik Bhatti		36 (1)	466 Dr
		Rent received		200 (1)	266 Dr
		Rent paid		200 (1)	66 Dr
					(1)O/F
					[7]

(b) It would appear that not all the errors have been discovered (1) as there is still a balance on the suspense account (1)

Or - if the candidate's suspense account is closed -

It would appear that all the errors have been discovered (1) as there is no balance remaining on the suspense account (1) [2]

(c) Only errors that affect the balancing of the trial balance are corrected using a suspense account. (1)

Error 3 (The omission of goods for own use) does not affect the balancing of the trial balance and so is not corrected using that account. (1) [2]

Page 9	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	IGCSE – October/November 2013	0452	22

(d)	(i)	August 6 Purchases Explanation – Samira El Badry has purchased goods on credit from Tahir Stores Ltd (2 Double entry – Debit purchases account (1)	2) [3]
	(ii)	August 6 Carriage Explanation – Tahir Stores Ltd have charged Samira El Badry for the cost of deliveri goods to her premises (2) Double entry – Debit carriage inwards account (1)	ing [3]
	(iii)	August 31 Interest Explanation – Tahir Stores Ltd have charged Samira El Badry interest on the amou she owes (2) Double entry – Debit interest payable account (1)	unt [3]
(e)	Liat		[1]
		[Total: 2	21]
(a)	(i)	Share losses Share responsibilities Share risks Share decision-making Additional finance may be available Additional skills and experience are available Or other suitable comment Any 1 comment (1)	[1]
	(ii)	Share profits Decisions must be recognised by all partners Decisions may take longer to implement One partner's actions can bind the other partners Disagreements can occur All partners are responsible for the debts of the business Or other suitable comment	
		Any 1 comment (1)	[1]
(b)	Тоа	avoid misunderstandings and disagreements later	[1]

5

Page 10	Mark Sc	heme	Syllabus	Paper
	IGCSE – October/	November 2013	0452	22
(c)				
(-)	Carol C	hen Current accou	unt	
		\$		\$
20)12	·	2013	·
20	ov 1 Balance b/d 113 pt 31 Drawings	5 100 (1) 20 400}	Oct 31 Int. on capit Salary Profit share	15 000 }(1)
Ŭ	ct 31 Drawings Int. on drawings	20 400} <u>612</u> }(1) <u>26 112</u>	Balance c/d	7 560 (1) <u>1 552</u> <u>26 112</u>
20)13			
No	ov 1 Balance b/d	1 552 (1)O/F		
AI	ternative presentation			
	Carol C	hen Current accou		
		Debit	Credit	Balance
)12	\$	\$	\$
	ov 1 Balance b/d 013	5 100 (1)		5 100 Dr
Oc	ct 31 Drawings	20 400}		25 500 Dr
	Int. on drawings	612 } (1)		26 112 Dr
	Int. on capital		2 000}	24 112 Dr
	Salary Profit share		15 000 }(1) 7 560 (1)	9 112 Dr 1 552 Dr (1)O/F
				[5]

(d) The balance represents the amount owing by Carol Chen to the business. Or appropriate answer based on candidate's answer to (c)

(e)

account to be debited	account to be credited
Tony Chen current account (1)	Tony Chen capital account (1)

[2]

[2]

 (f) Financial information is only relevant if it can be used – To confirm or correct prior expectations about past events To assist in forming, revising or confirming expectations about the future As the basis for financial decisions In time to be able to influence decisions Explanation of any 1 point (2)

[Total: 14]

[2]

Page 11			Mark Scheme		Paper	
IGCSE – Od		IGCSE – Od	ctober/November 2013	0452	22	
		F	Percentage of gross profit to reve	it to revenue		
	Formula		Workings to one decimal place	ce Ans	swer	
			<u>(220 000 – 185 900)</u> × <u>100</u> = 220 000 1 <u>34 100</u> } (1) × <u>100</u> 220 000} 1		% (1)	
Percentage		Perc	centage of profit for the year to r	revenue		
	Formula		Workings to one decimal place	ce Ans	swer	
			$\frac{(34\ 100 - 20\ 240)}{220\ 000} \times \frac{100}{1} =$ $\frac{13\ 860}{220\ 000} (1) \times \frac{100}{1}$	6.39	% (1)	
		F	Return on capital employed (RC	PCE)		
Formula		Formula	Workings to one decimal plac	ce Ans	swer	
			<u>13 860</u> O/F × <u>100</u> 110 880 1	12.5%	(1)OF	
		(a) Gros Re Profit F	(a) Formula Gross profit × 100 (1) Revenue 1 Percent Formula Profit for the year × 100 Revenue 1 (1) Formula Profit for the year × 100 Revenue 1 (1)	IGCSE – October/November 2013(a)Percentage of gross profit to reverFormulaWorkings to one decimal placeGross profit × 100(1)Workings to one decimal placeGross profit × 100(1)Percentage of profit for the year to reverRevenue1Workings to one decimal placePercentage of profit for the year to reverWorkings to one decimal placeFormulaWorkings to one decimal placeProfit for the year × 100Workings to one decimal placeReturn on capital employed (RCFormulaWorkings to one decimal placeProfit for the year × 100Return on capital employed (RCFormulaWorkings to one decimal placeProfit for the year × 100Return on capital employed (RCFormulaWorkings to one decimal placeProfit for the year × 100Return on capital employed (RCFormulaWorkings to one decimal placeProfit for the year × 100Return on capital employed (RCFormulaReturn on capital employed (RCProfit for the year × 100Return on capital employed (RC	IGCSE – October/November 20130452(a)Percentage of gross profit to revenueFormulaWorkings to one decimal placeGross profit × 100 (1) Revenue 1Workings to one decimal placeAns $(220\ 000\ -185\ 900)\ \times 100\ =\ 220\ 000\ 1$ 100 =15.5 $34\ 100\ 220\ 000\ 1$ 10015.5 $34\ 100\ -20\ 240\ \times 100\ 1$ 15.5Percentage of profit for the year to revenueFormulaWorkings to one decimal placeAns(34\ 100\ -20\ 240\ \times 100\ 1FormulaProfit for the year × 100 Revenue 1(1)11Return on capital employed (ROCE)FormulaProfit for the year × 100 Capital employed 1Workings to one decimal placeFormulaWorkings to one decimal placeAnsProfit for the year × 100 Capital employed 113.860 110 8800/F × 100 1	

[8]

Pag	ge 12	2	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
			IGCSE – October/November 2013	0452	22
(b)	(i)	Has Is se Has Is ta Is al Or c	/ Limited – a higher selling price elling goods at a higher mark-up a lower cost price king advantage of bulk buying lowing customers a lower rate of trade discount other suitable reason 1 reason (2)		[
	(ii)	Has Has Has Has Or o	/ Limited – higher expenses less control over expenses different types of expenses (fixed/variable) lower amount of other income other suitable reason 1 reason (2)		[
(c)	(i)		shows the profit earned for each \$100 used in the b higher the percentage the more efficiently the capita		d. (1) [
	(ii)		ick Murphy ppropriate answer based on answer to (a)(iii)		[
(d)	Sho The The The The It m	ould c e finar e finar e finar e busi e state nay no other	compare with a business of approximately the same compare with a business of the same type (sole trade ncial statements may be for one year which will not s incial statements may be for one year which is not a ncial year may end on different dates (when inventor nesses may operate different accounting policies ements do not show non-monetary factors of be possible to obtain all the information needed to r suitable points points (2) each	er) show trends typical year ries are high/low)	s
					IT . 4 - 1 - 4
					[Total: 1