

UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS International General Certificate of Secondary Education

*	
6	
ū	
5	
_	
Ν	
5	
7	
6	
7	
4	

CANDIDATE NUMBER		

ACCOUNTING 0452/13

Paper 1

October/November 2010 1 hour 45 minutes

Candidates answer on the Question Paper. No Additional Materials are required.

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use a soft pencil for any diagrams or graphs.

Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer all questions.

You may use a calculator.

Where layouts are to be completed, you may not need all the lines for your answer.

The businesses mentioned in this Question Paper are fictitious.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

For Exam	iner's Use
1	
2	
3	
4	
5	
6	
Total	

This document consists of 19 printed pages and 1 blank page.



		Exa			For Examiner's Use
Cho		the one you consider correct ar			Ose
(a)	Wh	at is shown as a liability in a bala	ince sheet?		
	Α	bank overdraft			
	В	fixtures and fittings			
	С	inventory (stock)			
	D	prepaid rent		[1]	
(b)	Rer	nt is paid to J. Perigo in cash.			
	Hov	w is this recorded?			
		account to be debited	account to be credited		
	Α	cash	rent		
	В	J. Perigo	rent		
	С	rent	cash		
	D	rent	J. Perigo	[1]	
(c)	Wh	en is a suspense account opene	d?		
	Α	when a balance sheet fails to be	alance		
	В	when a trial balance fails to bala	ance		
	С	when an error of omission is co	rrected		
	D	when an error of principle is cor	rected	[1]	

1

(d)		hich item on a bank statement would cause the balance on the bank statement to be ore than the balance in the cash book?			For Examiner's Use
	Α	bank charges			
	В	bank interest credited			
	С	dishonoured cheque			
	D	standing orders paid		[1]	
(e)	Why	should costs be matched with r	revenues at the end of an accou	nting period?	
	Α	so that profit may be calculated			
	В	so that the trial balance will bala	ance		
	С	to calculate the amount owed to	trade creditors		
	D	to calculate the bank balance		[1]	
(f)		er sold goods on credit to Ann in d by Ann as a bad debt.	ı 2009. In October 2010 Peter w	rote off the amount	
	Wha	at entries must Peter make in his	ledger to write off the bad debt	?	
		account to be debited	account to be credited		
	Α	Ann	bad debts		
	В	Ann	sales		
	С	bad debts	Ann		
	D	sales	Ann	[1]	

(g) The following information is available for a sole trader for the year ended 30 September 2010.

For Examiner's Use

[1]

	\$
sales in year	59 200
inventory (stock) at 1 October 2009	2 500
inventory (stock) at 30 September 2010	3 800
purchases in year	28 600

What is the gross profit for the year?

interest on a partner's loan

	Α	\$24 300	
	В	\$29 300	
	С	\$30 600	
	D	\$31 900	[1]
(h)		nich of the following appears in the income statemen rtnership?	t (profit and loss account) of a

Α	a partner's drawings	
В	a partner's salary	
С	interest on a partner's capital	

D

(i) A business has calculated the following ratios:

For
Examiner's
For Examiner's Use

	percentage of gross profit to sales	percentage of net profit to sales
Year 1	40 %	19 %
Year 2	40 %	25 %

Why did the percentage of net profit to sales increase in Year 2?

A cost of sales decreased

B cost of sales increased

C expenses decreased

D expenses increased

[1]

(j) Which of the following should not be recorded in the books of account?

A canteen costs

B maintenance of office buildings

C wages of staff

D workers' skills

[Total: 10]

2	(a)	Name the business document which is record the value of the goods purchas		a supplier of goods to
				[1]
	(b)	In the table below, place a tick (✓) un is capital or revenue expenditure.	der the correct heading to	o show whether the item
			Capital expenditure	Revenue expenditure
		Purchase of shop		
		Repairs to shop windows		
		Purchase of new lock for shop door		
				[3]
	(c)	Name the financial statement (final a should be shown.	account) in which the pro	ovision for doubtful debts
				[1]
	(d)	Explain what is meant by a business on the going concern basis.	preparing its financial sta	tements (final accounts)
				[2]
	(e)	A payment for a new motor car has be ledger. Name the type of error which h		expenses account in the
				[1]
	(f)	Dio owns 5000 shares of \$2 each dividend of \$0.25 per share. State how		
				[2]

0452/13/O/N/10

(g)	On 1 July 2010 Helia paid a premium of \$600 for a new insurance policy for 12 months to 30 June 2011.
	Calculate the amount for insurance in her income statement (profit and loss account) for the financial year ended 30 September 2010.
	Show your workings.
	[3]
(h)	Beja's balance sheet at 31 July 2010 included the following:
	non-current (fixed) assets 30 000 inventory (stock) 15 000 trade receivables (debtors) 14 500 balance at bank 16 000 Dr trade payables (creditors) 18 200
	Calculate Beja's working capital at 31 July 2010.
	Show your workings.
	[4]

(i) Khanu's financial statements showed the following:

F	or
Exan	niner's
lυ	se

	\$
cash sales	46 500
credit sales	126 000
cash received from trade debtors	122 800
trade receivables (debtors)	13 800

Calculate his collection period for trade receivables (debtors) to the nearest whole da	ay.
Show your workings.	
	[4]

[Total: 21]

© UCLES 2010

3 Moma keeps full accounting records and makes up her financial statements (final accounts) to 31 October in each year.

For Examiner's Use

Extracts from her accounting records for October 2010 show the following:

		Purchases Journal	
			\$
October 5	Summa		320
17	Carter		500
29	Summa		270

Purchases Returns Journal

Solution School Summa \$100

Cash Book (credit side)

		Discount	Bank
		\$	\$
October 30	Summa		220
31	Carter	15	485

REQUIRED

(a) Write up the accounts of Summa and Carter in Moma's purchases ledger for the month of October 2010. Show any balances carried and brought down.

Purchases Ledger
Summa account
[7]

		Carter ac	ccount	
				[5]
	October Moma had 200 units of October her purchases w		stock) which had cost \$2.80	per unit. In the
	October	Units	Cost per unit \$	
	5 10 27	100 130 120	3.20 3.10 2.90	
REQ	UIRED			
(b) (Calculate the following. Show	your workings	S.	
	i) The value of inventory (sto	ock) at 1 Octo	ber.	
				[2]
(i	i) The total cost of purchase	s for October		
		•••••		

(c)	Stock is sold in the order in which it is received. At 31 October Moma had 250 units in stock. The net realisable value of each unit was \$3.00.	For Examiner's Use
	Calculate the value of inventory (stock) at 31 October.	
	[5]	
	[Total: 25]	

4 Gorman Limited has prepared the following trial balance from the company's accounting records for the year ended 30 September 2010.

For Examiner's Use

Gorman Limited Trial Balance at 30 September 2010

	\$	\$
Bank (overdrawn)	·	2 200
Revenue (sales)		92 000
Ordinary goods purchased (purchases)	70 300	
Carriage inwards	600	
Inventory (stock) at 1 October 2009	13 900	
Rent payable	2 600	
Property tax	1 500	
Electricity	850	
Wages and salaries	5 250	
Equipment and office fittings	17 000	
Provision for depreciation		
on equipment and office fittings		1 700
Repairs and maintenance	1 100	
Administrative expenses	4 000	
Retained profit at 1 October 2009		28 000
Share capital		9 000
Trade receivables (debtors)	17 600	
Trade payables (creditors)		1 800
	134 700	134 700

Additional information

- 1 Inventory (stock) at 30 September 2010 was \$14 300.
- 2 Wages accrued but unpaid were \$500.
- 3 Property tax prepaid was \$300.
- 4 The bank statement for 30 September showed bank charges of \$120. This has not been entered in the books.
- 5 Depreciation of \$1700 is to be provided for the year.

REQUIRED

(a)	Define a trial balance.	
		[3]

© UCLES 2010 0452/13/O/N/10

(b) Prepare Gorman Limited's income statement (trading and profit and loss account) for the year ended 30 September 2010.

Gorman Limited Income Statement (Trading and Profit and Loss Account) for the year ended 30 September 2010
[40]
[13]

(c)		me the accounting principle which has been applied to the amount included in the ome statement (trading and profit and loss account) for each of the following.
	(i)	Inventory (stock)
	(ii)	Property tax
		[4]
(d)	Fro	m your answer to (b) calculate Gorman Limited's rate of inventory (stock) turnover.
	Sho	ow your workings.
		[5]
		[5]
		man Limited had a bank overdraft at 30 September 2010. Suggest one way in which company could reduce or eliminate the overdraft.
		[2]
		[Total: 27]

For

Examiner's Use

[3]

5 Sohara has a shop and sells goods for cash and on credit. She keeps the cash book herself but her accountant writes up her ledger each month. Sohara puts her cash receipts in a till and enters them into her three-column cash book each week. She offers a cash discount of 3% to her debtors for payment within 15 days. She buys stock in bulk from Apollo for cash and receives trade discount of 5% for orders in excess of \$1000. She pays wages each week in cash. On 1 September 2010 Sohara's cash book showed cash in hand of \$700 and cash at bank of \$3000. Sohara had the following transactions in one week in September 2010. September 6 Cheque received from Juno for goods sold on 24 August 291 7 Sold goods on credit to Hercules 100 8 Paid cash to Apollo for goods purchased 1900 9 Cheque received from Minos for goods sold on 29 June 85 10 Cash sales for the week 1850 10 Wages paid for the week 350 **REQUIRED** (a) (i) State the type and amount of discount allowed to Juno by Sohara.

(b) Make the necessary entries in Sohara's cash book to record the above transactions for the week ended 10 September 2010. You are **not** required to balance the cash book.

(ii) State the type and amount of discount received by Sohara on paying Apollo.

The cash book is on the next page.

Sohara Cash Book September 2010

For Examiner's Use

[12]

Bank	↔					
Cash	↔					
Discount	↔					
Details						
Date						
Bank	↔					
Cash	↔					
Discount	↔					
Details						
Date						

Sohara also keeps a petty cash book on the imprest system with an imprest of \$300.

For Examiner's Use

On 30 September 2010 there was \$20 in the petty cash box and vouchers for expenses totalling \$270.

REQUIRED

(c)	(i)	State the amount of cash there should have been in the petty cash box.
		[2]
	(ii)	Suggest one reason why there was a difference in the petty cash between the amount actually in the box and the expected amount.
		[2]
	(iii)	State the amount which was transferred from the bank on 1 October to restore the imprest.
		[2]
		[Total: 24]

6 Norman started a business on 1 July 2010 selling machines.

On that day he bought inventory (stock) for \$12 000 and office furniture for \$1500.

He paid an additional \$2300 into a new business bank account and kept \$200 on hand as a petty cash float.

On 2 July his brother Peter paid \$3000 into the business bank account as a loan to the business.

REQUIRED

(a) Show the journal entries to record these transactions. Narratives are **not** required.

Norman Journal

Dr	Cr
\$	\$
Ψ	Ψ

[8]

For Examiner's Use

0452/13/O/N/10

Norman understands he should depreciate the office furniture.

He decides his office furniture will have a useful life of four years and will have no scrap value.

REQUIRED

(b)	Name two possible methods of depreciation he could use.	
	(i)	
	(ii)	[2]
(c)	Select which method Norman should use. Give a reason for your answer.	
		[3]
	[Total:	13]

© UCLES 2010 0452/13/O/N/10

BLANK PAGE

Permission to reproduce items where third-party owned material protected by copyright is included has been sought and cleared where possible. Every reasonable effort has been made by the publisher (UCLES) to trace copyright holders, but if any items requiring clearance have unwittingly been included, the publisher will be pleased to make amends at the earliest possible opportunity.

University of Cambridge International Examinations is part of the Cambridge Assessment Group. Cambridge Assessment is the brand name of University of Cambridge Local Examinations Syndicate (UCLES), which is itself a department of the University of Cambridge.

© UCLES 2010 0452/13/O/N/10