

# UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS International General Certificate of Secondary Education

ACCOUNTING 0452/02

Paper 2

For Examination from 2010

SPECIMEN MARK SCHEME

1 hour 45 minutes

**MAXIMUM MARK: 120** 

This document consists of  $\bf 9$  printed pages and  $\bf 1$  blank page.



1 (a) Share losses

Share responsibilities

Share risks

Additional finance is available

Discussion can take place before decisions are made

Or other suitable points

Any 2 correct points (1) each

[2]

**(b)** To avoid any misunderstandings/disagreements later.

[1]

(c) (i) \$ \$ \$

Net profit 58 040

Add Interest on drawings 1960 (1)

Less Interest on capital 9 000

Partner's salary 20 000 29 000 (1)

Profit available for distribution 31 000

<u>31 000</u>

(ii) Share of profit – Raminder Singh  $\frac{1}{2} \times \$31\ 000 = \$15\ 500\ \text{O/F}$ Vijay Singh  $\frac{1}{2} \times \$31\ 000 = \$15\ 500\ \text{O/F}$ 

[1]

[2]

(iii) Raminder and Vijay Singh Current accounts

2009	R Singh \$	V Singh \$	2009		R Singh \$	V Singh \$
April 1 Balance b/d <b>(1)</b> 2010	4 660	•	April 1 2010	Balance b/d (1)	•	1 820
Mar 31 Drawings (1)	21 000	28 000	Mar 31	Interest on		
Interest on				capital (1)	6 000	3 000
drawings (1)	840	1 120		Salary (1)		20 000
Balance c/d		11 200		Share of		
				profit O/F (1)	15 500	15 500
				Balance c/d	5 000	
	<u> 26 500</u>	<u>40 320</u>			<u> 26 500</u>	40 320
2010			2010			
April 1 Balance b/d (1)	5 000		April 1	Balance b/d (1)		11 200
O/F				O/I	=	

Separate "T" accounts acceptable

Separate three column running balance accounts acceptable

[9]

(d)	Raminder and Vijay Singh				
	Capital accounts				

2010			R Singh \$	V Singh \$	2010		R Singh \$	V Singh \$
April 1		٠,	5 000		April 1		200 000	100 000
	(	O/F			30	Bank <b>(1)</b>		50 000
	Bank	(1)	45 000			O/F		
30	Balance c/d	` ,	150 000	150 000				
			200 000	150 000			200 000	150 000
					2010			
					May 1	Balance b/d	150 000	150 000
					-		(1) O/F	(1) O/F

Separate "T" accounts acceptable Separate three column running balance accounts acceptable

[Total: 21]

[6]

2 (a) Zeema Jumbe Insurance account

2009 Feb 1 Apl 1	Balance b/d Bank	\$ 440 3000  3440	(1) (1)	2010 Jan 31	Income statement (1) (Profit & loss) Balance c/d	\$ 2940 <u>500</u> 3440	(1) (1)
2010 Feb 1	Balance b/d	500	(1)O/F				

## Three column running balance account acceptable

[6]

(b) Zeema Jumbe Journal

1	A Zaheer	Debit \$ 540 <b>(1)</b>	Credit \$
'	A Zahir	540 <b>(1)</b>	540 <b>(1)</b>
2	Suspense		50 (1)
3	Suspense Rent paid Rent received	500 (1)	250 <b>(1)</b> 250 <b>(1)</b>
4	Drawings Purchases	385 <b>(1)</b>	385 (1)

[8]

(c)	Zeema Jumbe Suspense account						
	2010 Jan 31	Rent paid	\$ 250	(1)	2010 Jan 31	Difference on	\$
	Jan Si	Rent received	250	(1) (1)	Jan Ji	trial balance Petty cash Balance c/d	350 <b>(1)</b> 50 <b>(1)</b> 100
	2010		<u>500</u>			20.000 0.0	<u>100</u> 500
	Feb 1	Balance b/d	100	(1)O/F			

## Three column running balance account acceptable

[5]

(d) Not all the errors have been found because there is still a balance on the suspense account.

Or suitable comment based on O/F answer to (c) [2]

## (e) Either

Error: Number 1 (1)

Explanation: This is an error of commission and does not affect the balancing of the trial balance (1)

#### Or

Error: Number 4 (1)

Explanation: This is an error of omission and does not affect the balancing of the trial balance (1)

[2]

[Total: 23]

3 (a) El Darb Sports Club Subscriptions account

2009		\$	2009	\$
Jan 1	Balance b/d	200 (1)	Jan 1 Balance b/d	60 <b>(1)</b>
Dec 31	Balance c/d	80 (1)	Dec 31 Bank	4080 (1)
	Income &		Balance c/d	140 <b>(2)</b>
	Expenditure (1)	<u>4000</u> (1)		
		4280		4280
2010			2010	
Jan 1	Balance b/d	140 <b>(1)</b>	Jan 1 Balance b/d	80 <b>(1)</b>
		O/F		O/F

# Three column running balance account acceptable

[10]

2009	Donk	\$	2009	Dalamaa h/d	\$
Dec 31	Bank Balance c/d	2990 <b>(1)</b> _397 <b>(1)</b>	Jan 1 Dec 31	Balance b/d Purchases	282 <b>(1)</b> 3105 <b>(1)</b>
		3387	0040		3387
			2010	D 1 1/1	007
			Jan 1	Balance b/d	397

(c) El Darb Sports Club Shop Income Statement (Shop Trading Account) for the year ended 31 December 2009

	\$	\$
Sales		7280 <b>(1)</b>
Less Cost of sales		
Opening inventory (stock)	990 (1)	
Purchases	3105 (1) O/F	
	4095	
Less Closing inventory (stock)	<u>835</u> (1)	
Cost of goods sold	3260	
Wages of shop assistant	2500 <b>(1)</b>	
Depreciation of shop fixtures	<u>200</u> (1)	<u>5960</u>
Gross profit		<u>1320</u> <b>(1) O/F</b>

## Horizontal format acceptable [7]

(d) Increase selling prices
Buy cheaper goods
Try to find cheaper suppliers
Try to reduce shop expenses
Or other suitable points
Any 2 correct points (1) each

[Total: 23]

[2]

[4]

4	(a)	May 31	Cash Hauraki Stores paid Robbie Macbeth \$539 in cash Double entry debit cash column in cash book	(1) (1)	
			Discount Hauraki Stores were allowed a cash discount, \$11, by Robbie Macbeth Double entry discount allowed column in cash book (and then transferred to debit of discount allowed account)	(1) d (1)	
		June 1	Sales Robbie Macbeth sold goods, \$200, on credit to Hauraki Stores Double entry credit sales account	(1) (1)	
		July 31	Bank Hauraki Stores paid Robbie Macbeth a cheque for \$200 Double entry debit bank column in cash book	(1) (1)	
		August 10	Bank (dishonoured cheque) The cheque received from Hauraki Stores on 31 July was returned by the	(1)	nk.
		March 1	Double entry credit bank column in cash book  Bad debts The balance of Hauraki Stores' account was written off as irrecoverable Double entry debit bad debts account	(1) (1) (1)	[12]
	/ <b>L</b> \		Dahhia Mashath		

(b) Robbie Macbeth Journal

	Debit \$	Credit \$
Bank	50 <b>(1)</b>	·
Bad debts recovered		50 <b>(1)</b>
Cheque received from Opua Drive Traders whose account was written off in June 2006 (1)		

[3]

Robbie Macbeth Provision for doubtful debts account 2010 \$ 2009 1410 **(1)** Income statement (1) Mar 31 180 Apl 1 (1) Balance b/d (Profit & loss) <u>1230</u> <u>1410</u> (2) Balance c/d <u>1410</u> 2010 Apl 1 Balance b/d 1230 (1) O/F

Three column running balance account acceptable

[6]

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(c)

(d) (i) The profit for the year (net profit) is not overstated. (1)

The trade receivables (debtors) are shown at a realistic amount in the balance sheet. (1)

[2]

(ii) The amount of sales for which the business is unlikely to be paid is regarded as an expense of the year in which those sales are made. [2]

[Total: 25]

5 (a) (i) Current ratio

(ii) Quick ratio

$$(70\ 000 - 34\ 000) : 40\ 000\ (1) = 0.90 : 1\ (1)$$

(iii) Trade receivables (debtors') collection period

$$\frac{29\ 000}{275\ 000}$$
 x  $\frac{365}{1}$  (1) = 39 days (1)

(iv) Trade payables (creditors') payment period

$$40\ 000 \times 365 (1) = 32 \text{ days (1)}$$

[8]

(b) (i) Does not include inventory (stock) in the calculation. (1)

#### Either

Inventory (stock) is not regarded as a liquid asset – a buyer has to be found and then the money collected. Some goods may prove to be unsaleable. (2)

Or

The quick ratio shows whether the business would have surplus liquid funds if all the current liabilities were paid immediately from the liquid assets. (2) [3]

(ii) Satisfied if (a) (ii) is higher than the ratio for 2008. (1)

This means that the business is more able to meet current liabilities from immediate liquid assets without the need to sell stock. (2)

Or

Not satisfied if (a) (ii) is lower than the ratio for 2008. (1)

In 2006 the business's liquid assets were lower than the current liabilities. If they fall further the business may have problems meeting current liabilities when they fall due. (2)

[3]

(c) (i) 1 Not satisfied if (a) (iii) is more than the ratio for 2008

Or

Satisfied if (a) (iii) is less than the ratio for 2008.

[1]

2 Debtors are taking 9 days longer to pay than the previous year

Suitable explanation based on O/F answer to (a) (iii).

[2]

(ii) Debtors are taking longer to pay so this may have a "knock-on" effect and mean that the creditors may have to wait longer for their accounts to be paid.

Or

Suitable explanation based on O/F answer to (a) (iii) and (iv).

[2]

#### (iii) Loss of cash discounts

Creditors may refuse further supplies

Creditors may insist on cash purchases only in future

Damage to good relationship with creditors

## Or other suitable points

### Any 2 correct points (1) each

[2]

# (d) The accounts may be for 1 year only and not show trends

The accounts may not be for a typical year

The financial year may end at a different point in the trading cycle

The business may operate different accounting policies e.g. depreciation

The accounts do not show non-monetary items, but these are important in the success of a business

It is not always possible to obtain all the information about a business in order to make a true comparison

## Or other suitable points

## Any 3 correct points (1) each

[3]

## (e) Bank manager

Assessment of prospects of any requested loan/overdraft repaid when due Assessment of prospects of any interest on loan/overdraft being paid when due Assessment of the security available to cover any loan/overdraft

#### Lenders

Assessment of prospects of any requested loan when due Assessment of prospects of any interest on loan being paid when due Assessment of the security available to cover any loan

#### Creditor for goods

Assessment of the liquidity position Identifying how long the business takes to pay creditors Identifying future prospects of the business Identifying what credit limit is reasonable

Managers (if any)
Assessment of past performance
Basis of future planning
Control the activities of the business
Identifying areas where corrective action is required

Or other suitable interested persons e.g. trades unions/employees/government bodies/take-over bidders/competitors etc

Two parties to be identified – (1) each giving a total of (2)

One acceptable reason required in each case – (1) giving a total of (2)

[4]

[Total: 17]

# **ASSESSMENT OBJECTIVES**

Question number			Total		Skill			
		Syllabus reference	marks	Α	В	С		
1	(a) (b) (c) (d)	6.2	21	2 1 6	12			
2	(a) (b) (c) (d) (e)	4.3 3.2	23	6	8 5	2		
3	(a) (b) (c) (d)	6.4 6.6 6.4 7.2	23	10	4 7	2		
4	(a) (b) (c) (d)	2.4, 4.4 4.4 4.4, 8.1	25	12 3 6		4		
5	(a) (b) (c) (d) (e)	7.1 7.3 7.4	28	3 4		8 6 7		
		Marks	120	55	36	29		
		% of marks	100%	46%	30%	24%		

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