SCIENCE

Paper 1 (Physics)

(One hour and a half)

Answers to this Paper must be written on the paper provided separately.

You will not be allowed to write during the first 15 minutes.

This time is to be spent in reading the Question Paper.

The time given at the head of this Paper is the time allowed for writing the answers.

Section I is compulsory. Attempt any four questions from Section II.

The mended marks for questions or parts of questions are given in brackets [].

SECTION I (40 Marks)

Attempt all questions from this Section.

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 Mention any two differences between the mass and weight of a body.
 [2]

 State the amount of work done by an object when it moves in a circular

 math for one complete rotation. Give a reason to justify your answer.
 [2]



a confirm metre scale is kept in equilibrium when supported at the 60 cm mark and a mass M is suspended from the 90 cm mark as shown in the State with reasons, whether the weight of the scale is greater than, there than or equal to the weight of mass M.

The second showing the relationship between acceleration and mass for

[2]

[2]

The speed-time graph of a moving car is as shown in the figure below:-



Calculate:-

- (i) the distance covered by the car in 5 seconds.
- (ii) the acceleration of the car.

[2]

. .

Question 2

(a)	Will the pressure exerted by water on a diver at a certain depth in the sea,	
	be the same, more, or less than the pressure exerted on him in a river at the	
	same depth? Justify your answer.	[2]
(b)	Mention one similarity and one difference between the lens of a	
	photographic camera and that of the human eye.	[2]
(c)	An object is placed in front of a convex lens such that the image formed	
	has the same size as that of the object. Draw a ray diagram to illustrate	
	this.	[2]
(d)	Give two reasons as to why copper is preferred over other metals for	
	making calorimeters.	[2]
(e)	Calculate the height through which a body of mass 0.5 kg should be lifted	
	if the energy spent for doing so is 1.0 joule. $(g = 10 \text{ ms}^{-2})$	[2]
	ex autoral mene scale as legs in equilibrium, when supported at the 60 cm.	
-	mark and a mass of is suspended from one so on mark as shown in the	

Question 3

	parallel combination.	[2]
	equal pieces and they are joined in parallel. Find the resistance of the	[0]
(b)	A wire of uniform thickness with a resistance of 27Ω is cut into three	
	hollow box.	[2]
(a)	Explain why musical instruments like the guitar are provided with a	[0]

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(e)

	a labelled diagram of a three-pin socket.	[2]
- Cartan	has window pages made of a special glass which can reflect green	
	is not light scatter blue light and absorb all the other colours	
	transmit red light, scatter blue light with white light from the inside. What	
	of light. The room is multimated with white any	
	colour will the window pane appear when seen norm	
	inside the room	[2]
	(ii) outside the room ?	
	That is Newton's colour disc? What does the Newton's colour disc	[2]
	experiment establish about the nature of white light ?	[4]
Ques	store 4	[2]
	State two advantages of an electromagnet over a permanent magnet.	
	Calculate the amount of heat released when 5.0 g of water at 20 C is	[2]
	changed into ice at 0°C.	[2]
	Specific heat capacity of water = $4.2 \text{ J/g}^{\circ}\text{C}$	
	Specific latent heat of fusion of ice = 336 J/g).	
	Mention two factors on which the resistance of a wire depends.	[2]
(Transition)	sertain radioactive nucleus emits a particle that leaves its mass	
	there are a set of the	
		[2]
	and write its symbol.	[2]
(Cardina and C	What is a nuclear chain reaction:	

SECTION II (40 Marks)

Attempt any four questions from this Section.

Question 5

[2]

[2]

[2]

[2]

[2]

[2]

[2]

[2]

E)	Show that for the free fall of a body, the sum of the mechanical energy at	[4]
5)	any point in its path is constant. Name the type of single pulley that can act as a force multiplier. Draw a	[7]
~	labelled diagram of the above named pulley.	[3]

- A pulley system has a velocity ratio of 4 and an efficiency of 90%. (c) Calculate:
 - the mechanical advantage of the system. (i)
 - the effort required to raise a load of 300 N by the system. (ii)

Ouestion 6

- A wooden cylinder of length 40.0 cm and area of cross section 5.0 cm^2 , (a) floats in a liquid of density 0.72 g cm⁻³ such that 4.0 cm of the cylinder is above water. Calculate:
 - the density of the wood; (i)
 - the mass of the wood. (ii)
 - What is the approximate numerical value of the normal (i) (b) atmospheric pressure in units of Pascals?
 - Why is the barometric pressure of a place expressed in centimetres (ii) [3] of mercury rather than in Pascals?
 - Define Newton, the S.I. unit of force. State its relationship with the C.G.S. (c) [3] unit of force.

Question 7

PQ and PR are two light rays emerging from the object P as shown in the (a) figure below:-



- What is the special name given to the angle of incidence ($\angle PQN$) (i) of ray PQ?
- Copy the ray diagram and complete it to show the position of the (ii) image of the object P when seen obliquely from above.
- Name the phenomenon that occurs if the angle of incidence (iii) $\angle PQN$ is increased still further.

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[4]

[3]

[4]

(Br)	When a tuning fork, struck by a rubber pad, is held over a length of air	
	column in a tube, it produces a loud sound for a fixed length of the air	
	column.	
	(i) Name the above phenomenon.	
	(ii) How does the frequency of the loud sound compare with that of the	
	tuning fork?	
	(iii) State the unit for measuring <i>loudness</i> .	[3]
0	Give one use each of the electromagnetic radiations given below:-	
	(i) Microwaves	
	(ii) Ultraviolet radiation	
	(iii) Infrared radiation.	[3]
	of shears any of homen involutions and starts and the homen	
	tion 8	
	A piece of iron of mass 2.0 kg has a thermal capacity of 966 J/°C.	
	(i) How much heat is needed to warm it by 15° C?	
	(ii) What is its specific heat capacity in S.I. units?	[4]
-	Define <i>specific latent heat of vaporization</i> of a substance.	
	(iii) What is the <i>principle of calorimetry</i> ?	[3]
	Explain why water is used in hot water bottles for fomentation and also as	
	a universal coolant.	[3]

Twesting 9

[3]

[4]

[3]

[3]

[4]

In the figure below, the ammeter A reads 0.3A. Calculate:-

the total resistance of the circuit.

the value of R.





Turn over

[4]

- Find the cost of operating an electric toaster for two hours if it draws (b) 8 A current on a 110 volt circuit. The cost of electrical energy is Rs.2.50 per kWh.
- What will happen to a compass needle when the compass is placed (c) (i) below a wire and a current is made to flow through the wire? Give a reason to justify your answer.
 - What energy conversion takes place during the working of a d.c. (ii) motor?

Question 10

(a)

- Name the material used for making the control rods in a nuclear (i) fission reaction. Why is the material named by you suitable for this purpose?
- State one difference and one similarity between a nuclear bomb (ii) and a nuclear reactor.
- Define thermionic emission. (i) (b)
 - Mention one use of thermionic emission. (ii)
 - Name a substance which is a good thermionic emitter. (iii)
- State three properties that are common to and shown by both beta rays and (c) cathode rays.

[3]

[3]

[4]

[3]

[3]

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