ENGLISH

Paper 2

Literature in English

(Two hours)

Answers to this paper must be written on the paper provided separately.

You will NOT be allowed to write during the first 15 minutes.

This time is to be spent in reading the question paper.

The time given at the head of this paper is the time allowed for writing the answers.

Attempt five questions in all.

Town must attempt one question from each of the Sections A, B and C and any two other questions.

The intended marks for questions or parts of questions are given in brackets [].

SECTION A - DRAMA

Shakespeare: Julius Caesar

Read the extract given below and answer the questions that follow:-

Why, man, he doth bestride the narrow world

Like a Colossus; and we petty men

Walk under his huge legs, and peep about

To find ourselves dishonourable graves.

Men at some time are masters of their fates:

The fault, dear Brutus, is not in our stars,

But in ourselves, that we are underlings.

What is referred to as 'a Colossus'? Why does Cassius compare

Caesar to the Colossus?

'Men at some time are masters of their fates.' Name two people who warn Caesar about his fate. What do they say? What is

Caesar's reaction to the warnings? [3]

This Paper consists of 8 printed pages.

Turn over

[3]

(iii)	Later in the scene, what reasons does Caesar give to Antony for	
	considering Cassius 'dangerous'?	[3]
(iv)	Which two instances does Cassius give to prove that Caesar is a	
	physically weak person?	[3]
(v)	Mention any three vital errors of judgement that Brutus makes. In	
	your opinion, which particular trait in his character brings about	
	his downfall?	[4]
Question 2		
-	the extract given below and answer the questions that follow:-	
	Antony: If you have tears, prepare to shed them now.	
	You all do know this mantle: I remember	
	The first time ever Caesar put it on;	
	'Twas on a summer's evening, in his tent,	
	That day he overcame the Nervii.	
	Look, in this place ran Cassius' dagger through:	
	See what a rent the envious Casca made:	
5 10	Through this the well-beloved Brutus stabb'd;	
(i)	Who were the 'Nervii'? Why does Antony mention the names of	
*,	Cassius, Casca and Brutus as he shows the mob the mantle?	[3]
(ii)	State two arguments put forward by Antony earlier to prove that	
	Caesar was not ambitious.	[3]
(iii)	'Through this the well-beloved Brutus stabb'd.' Why does Antony	
	refer to Brutus as 'well-beloved'? Why was the stabbing of Caesar	
	by Brutus referred to as 'the most unkindest cut of all'?	[3]
(iv)	Which document does Antony have with him during his speech?	
	What are the contents of the document?	[3]
(v)	At the end of the play, Antony says of Brutus, 'This was the	
	noblest Roman of them all' What explanation does Antony	
	give to justify his statement?	[4]

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The Winslow Boy: Terence Rattigan.

HAMING THE REAL PROPERTY.		
7-21	the extract given below and answer the questions that follow:-	
	Governing his eyes): Yes, Father?	
	I am reading the account of the debate. Would you like	
	to listen, or would you rather go to bed?	
	Course, Father. I was listening,	
	too, only I had my eyes shut—	
	Very well. (Reading)	
	How old is Ronnie? How was Ronnie introduced to the readers in	
	the beginning of the play?	[3]
	That is 'the debate' about? In 'the account' what is said about	
	Ronnie?	[3]
	The enters shortly after? What does this person say and what is	
	Arthur's reply?	[3]
	What does Catherine say when she enters and sees Ronnie fast	
	asleep? C noil	[3]
(743)	What is Ronnie accused of? How do Dickie and Grace react to the	
	accusation? State, giving one reason, the impression you form of	
	Ronnie from the above extract.	[4]
THE SHAPE OF	the extract given below and answer the questions that follow:-	
	Grace: John? I hope you didn't speak to him, Kate.	
	Catherine: Of course I did.	
	Grace: Kate, how could you! What did he say?	
	Catherine: He wished us luck.	
	Grace: What impertinence! The idea of John Watherstone	

it's the most disgraceful, cold blooded-

coming calmly up in Court to wish you luck - I think

	(i)	Who is John Watherstone? How is he introduced to the readers in	
	(-)	the earlier part of the play?	[3]
	(ii)	Why does Grace say, 'I hope you didn't speak to him'? What	
	()	opinion does Grace have of John at this time? Do you agree with	
		it? Give a reason to support your answer.	[3]
	(iii)	What advice does Grace give to Dickie a little later? Why does	
	()	she advise him so?	[3]
	(iv)	Soon after, why does Desmond enter by the garden door? Give a	
	()	brief account of the conversation that takes place between	
		Catherine and Desmond.	[3]
	(v)	Which character in the play has appealed to you the most? Give	
	(•)	reasons to justify your answer.	[4]
ę.		SECTION B – POETRY	
		Images of Life	
Oues	tion 5		
~	Read	the extract given below and answer the questions that follow:-	
		It's a warm wind, the west wind, full of birds' cries;	
		I never hear the west wind but tears are in my eyes,	
		For it comes from the west lands, the old brown hills,	
		And April's in the west wind, and daffodils.	
	(i)	Why does the poet call the west wind 'a warm wind'? Why do the	
	(-)	poet's eyes get filled with tears when he hears the west wind?	[3]
	(ii)	Why does the poet consider the west land a 'fine land'? State four	
	()	features of the west land as mentioned in the poem.	[3]
	(iii)	How does the west wind try to capture the attention of the poet and	
	()	what effect does it have on the poet?	[3]
	(iv)	The west wind describes the poet as a person who is suffering.	
	(**)	Mention what the west wind says about this. What relief does the	
		west wind offer?	[3]

(1)	Name the poet. Give briefly the theme of the poem. In what way	- 47
	has this poem appealed to you?	[4]
ion 6		
Read	the extract given below and answer the questions that follow:-	
	My right side bled, my cheek was torn, and I	
	Dislodged, detachedly, a piece of glass,	
	All the time wondering what had come to pass.	
	Where was my wife? Alarmed, I gave a shout,	
6	Who is the speaker and from which poem has this extract been	
	taken? What other physical injuries had the speaker received?	[3]
(E)	Describe the appearance of the speaker's wife when she 'emerged'	
	in response to his shout. Where did the speaker intend to go with	
	her and why?	[3]
	Why did the speaker then tell his wife to 'go on ahead'? What	
	made her leave the place? How did the speaker feel after she had	
	Briefly harrate the story "Dusk" and bring out the humour at 1981	[3]
	Later in the poem, the speaker says: 'It took some time for me to	
-	understand'. What did the speaker understand? Who were the	
	four people the speaker saw on the way to the hospital? What was	
	common to them all?	[3]
	What is the 'incident' described in the poem? Name the poet.	
"""	What are your feelings after reading the poem?	[4]
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	SECTION C - PROSE	

Figments of Imagination

Fract the extract given below and answer the questions that follow:-

"You can't find faces in Rome," Michelangelo grumbled to Pope Julius. "There's no character in the faces here. They all look alike!"

		"And what do you see in my face?" the Pope asked, almost in jest.	
		Without even a pause, the artist replied, "A burning candle."	
	(i)	What task had Pope Julius assigned to Michelangelo? Why had	
		the Pope chosen Michelangelo and not Bramante? What were	
		Michelangelo's reasons for accepting the assignment?	[3]
100	(ii)	Narrate briefly two instances from the story that show	
		Michelangelo as 'eccentric.'	[3]
	(iii)	Explain the following:-	
		(a) 'There's no character in the faces here.'	
	296	(b) 'A burning candle.'	[3]
	(iv)	Briefly describe how Michelangelo found the face of Judas for his	
		assignment.	[3]
	(v)	Who is the author of this story? What message does the story	
		convey? How has this story appealed to you?	[4]
Quest	ion 8		
	Briefly	y narrate the story "Dusk" and bring out the humour and irony in the	
	story.		[16]
9			
		The Old Man and the Sea	
		The Old Man and the Bea	
Quest			
	Read 1	the extract given below and answer the questions that follow:-	
		The iridescent bubbles were beautiful. But they were the falsest	
		things in the sea and the old man loved to see the big sea turtles	
		eating them. The turtles saw them, approached them from the	
		front, then shut their eyes so they were completely carapaced and	
		ate them filaments and all.	
	(i)	How does the old man describe the 'iridescent bubbles' earlier?	
		Why does the old man sometimes have welts and sores on his arms	
		and hands?	[3]

(ii)	What else does the old man love besides loving to see the old sea	
	turtles eating them'? What opinion does the old man have of the	
	turtles?	[3]
	How does the old man keep himself fit and strong? Why does he	
	talk to himself while out at sea?	[3]
(iv)	State your feelings for the old man after he returns to the harbour	
	from his fishing trip.	[3]
(v)	Who wishes the old man 'good luck' before he sets out to sea?	
	Describe the relationship between this person and the old man.	
	What was the opinion of the other fishermen about the old man?	[4]
10		
Gre	an account of all that happens from the time the fish took the bait till	
	ld man said, 'God let him jump'.	[16]
	The Village by the Sea.	
in 11		
Rest	extract given below and answer the questions that follow:-	×
	-We are farmers and fishermen from Alibagh," said Mahe quietly	
	before he moved on. "We have come to speak to the Chief	
	Minister."	
	You do that," the policeman told him. "You do that - he is	
	waiting for you, with tea and a garland and a sweet for each of	
	He burst out laughing again, winking at the bus-driver as he	
	and so, and then blew his whistle shrilly to make them move. Hari	
	and his companion moved on, very hurt and offended.	
	Who is Hari? Briefly explain the reasons that compelled Hari to	
	leave his village.	[3]
	Later in Bombay, why did Hari face threats from another	
	policeman? Who saved him? How?	[3]

	(iii) Which place were the farmers and fishermen from Alibagh	
	heading for? What had inspired them to do so?	[3]
	(iv) State two reasons why Hari had joined the procession. How did	
	Hari feel after the conclusion of the meeting with the Chief	
	Minister?	[3]
	(v) At the end of the story, who gives Hari the confidence he needs?	
	What advice does this person give him? How is it similar to what	
	Mr. Panwallah had told Hari earlier in the story?	[4]
Ques	tion 12	
	Briefly narrate Hari's encounter with the man living in the shack, who had	
	information about new factories. Why was Hari disappointed after the	
	encounter?	[16]

all my out alle beast out laughting spain, winting sixthe bea-envel as he

