

But mercy (Paper 2) ways

Literature in English

(iii) Who also had annealed to (Two hours) to should be was the outcome of

Answers to this paper must be written on the paper provided separately.

You will NOT be allowed to write during the first 15 minutes.

This time is to be spent in reading the question paper.

The time given at the head of this paper is the time allowed for writing the answers.

Attempt five questions in all.

You must attempt one question from each of the Sections A, B and C and any two other questions.

The intended marks for questions or parts of questions, are given in brackets [].

SECTION A - DRAMA

Shakespeare: The Merchant of Venice

In class of Lord Bassando and myself

Question 1

Read the extract given below and answer the questions that follow:-

But mercy is above this sceptred sway,

It is enthroned in the hearts of kings,

It is an attribute to God himself;

And earthly power doth then show likest God's

When mercy seasons justice.

Why does Portia speak about mercy in the extract?

[4]

Ottestion 2

(i)

This paper consists of 8 printed pages.

Turn Over

T 01 012 © Copyright Reserved (ii) Give the meaning of the following:-

But mercy is above this sceptred sway,

It is enthroned in the hearts of kings.

[2]

(iii)	Who else had appealed for mercy earlier? What was the outcome of	
	the appeal?	[2]
(iv)	One should stand for justice. Referring only to the extract, state why,	
	according to Portia, mercy should season justice.	[4]

When Shylock refuses to show mercy, what legal tactics does Portia (v) The time given at the head of this pape use to free Antonio? [4]

Question 2

Read the extract given below and answer the questions that follow:-

		Lorenzo:	Madam, with all my heart,			
			I shall obey you in all fair commands.			
		Portia:	My people do already know my mind,		i na se se se dan anese	
			And will acknowledge you and Jessica			
			In place of Lord Bassanio and myself.	I noib		
			So fare you well till we shall meet again.			
	(i)	Where are Lore	enzo and Portia at this time? What 'fair commands	' are		
		given to Lorenz	te is ensironed in the nearly of joing of 900 and 1000 and 1000		[2]	
	(ii)	How does Lore	nzo describe Portia in the beginning of the scene?		[2]	
	(iii)	What does Por	tia say to Lorenzo about the place where she is go	oing?		
		Where is she ac	tually going and why?		[4]	
	(iv)	What order doe	s Portia give to Balthazar a little later?	(i)	[5]	
	(y)	What informati	on does Portia give to Nerissa? In what mood is P	ortia		
Pr. 1. State 1		when she is spe	aking to Nerissa?		[3]	
ive?	h gri e	.265. T	This paper consists of 8 printed pa		10 T	
0	1 012	an dha na sha a ta ta an	2 beverved	ipyrigh	O.C.	C.

The Winslow Boy : Terence Rattigan

The extract given below and answer the questions that follow:Arthur (wearily): Oh, Kate, Kate! Are we both mad, you and I?
Cetherine: What's the matter, Father?
Arthur: I don't know. I suddenly feel suicidally inclined. (*Bitterly*) A father's fight for his little boy's honour. Special appeal to all women. Photo inset of Mrs. Winslow's curtains! Is there any hope for the world?
Cetherine (smilling): I think so, Father.
Arthur: Shall we drop the whole thing, Kate?
Where are Arthur and Catherine at this time? Why does Arthur say.

	"Are we both mad"?	[2]
(II)	Who is the 'little boy' mentioned in the extract? What has made him lose his honour?	[2]
	What is referred to as the 'whole thing' in the extract? Why does Arthur want to drop 'the whole thing'?	
(iv)	Who are the visitors who arrive at this place a little later? What is the	[3]
	purpose of their visit? Give a description of one of the visitors.	[6]
(7)	What are the effects of the encounter between the 'little boy' and one	503
	of the visitors? What does one of the visitors decide ultimately?	[3]

T 91 012

3

Question 4

Read the extract given below and answer the questions that follow:-

Violet:Two years all but one month it's been, now, since
Master Ronnie came back that day. Fancy.

Arthur:

Violet:

Yes.

I don't mind telling you, sir, I wondered sometimes whether you and Miss Kate weren't just wasting your time carrying on the way you have all the time. Still – you couldn't have felt that if you'd been in Court today —

[3]

[3]

- (i) Who is Violet? What did Arthur say about Violet earlier while talking to John Watherstone?
- (ii) From where has Violet returned now? What does Violet say about the happenings at the place from where she has returned? What is the effect of what she says on Miss Kate? [4]
- (iii) What do you think of Violet in the context of the extract? Name two persons who share Violet's ideas.
- (iv) State the terms of the Attorney-General's statement about Ronnie as read out by Sir Robert. [3]
- (v) What is your opinion of Sir Robert? How does the play end? [3]
- T 01 012

SECTION B — POETRY Images of Life

Question 5

-			
	Rea	d the extract given below and answer the questions that follow:—	
		You sit crouched in your palanquin and repeat	
		the names of the gods in prayer.	
		The bearers, shaking in terror, hide themselves in the thorny bush.	
		I shout to you, "Don't be afraid, mother, I am here."	
	(i)	Who is the narrator? Why does the mother have to 'repeat the names	
		of gods in prayer'?	[2]
	(ii)	Describe the place where the scene referred to in the extract takes	
		than I do. but it means no hansoms for a fortnight; and soalq	[3]
	(iii)	What warning does the narrator give to those who appear on the	
		The old man started, and other under linted across his v sense	[3]
	(iv)	Describe the incident that follows.	[4]
	(v)	What does the mother do after the narrator's return? Name the poet	(2)
		and the poem from which the extract given above is taken.	[4]
Qu	estion	$\frac{1}{100}$ must blo sht et politizent ett rot nors eren en tert bert en eller $\frac{1}{100}$	
	Read	the extract given below and answer the questions that follow:-	
		Macavity's a Mystery Cat: he's called the Hidden Paw-	
		For he's the master criminal who can defy the Law.	
		He's the bafflement of Scotland Yard, the Flying Squad's despair:	
	(i)	Why is Macavity called a 'Hidden Paw'? Why is he 'the bafflement of	
		Scotland Yard'? Southing to contain?	[3]
	(ii)	Briefly describe the appearance of Macavity.	[4]

()		ניו
(iii)	Mention any four crimes committed by Macavity.	[4]
(iv)	What does the Secret Service say about Macavity?	[2]

T 01 012

5

Turn Over

(v) Whom does Macavity represent in the poem? Why is he called 'the Napoleon of Crime'?

SECTION C — PROSE Figments of Imagination

Question 7 data the themselves in the thorny bush 7 noise

Read the extract given below and answer the questions that follow:-

.....Hughie could not help pitying him, and felt in his pockets to see what money he had. All he could find was a sovereign and some coppers. 'Poor old fellow,' he thought to himself, 'he wants it more than I do, but it means no hansoms for a fortnight'; and he walked across the studio and slipped the sovereign into the beggar's hand. The old man started, and a faint smile flitted across his withered lips. 'Thank you, sir,' he said, 'thank you.'

(i)	Where is Hughie at this time? Give a description of the 'poor old	
	fellow' as Hughie found him.	[4]
(ii)	What is meant by 'no hansoms for a fortnight'?	[1]
(iii)	What astonishing revelation does Hughie's friend make about the 'poor old fellow'? What does Hughie think of himself after the revelation?	میں [4]
(iv)	Who comes to meet Hughie the next morning? What does Hughie think about the purpose of his visit?	[2]
(v)	What does the person who comes to meet Hughie give him? What is written on it? What does it contain?	[3]
(vi)	What moral lesson does the story give to the readers?	[2]
012	(iii) Mentiön anytröur crames committed by Macaroty, et al. (n) What does the Secret Service say about Macaroty?	

T 01 012

SI0 10 1

[3]

Ouestion 8

Madame Loisel is ashamed of her life of poverty and desires to project herself as a woman of affluence. Bring out the truth of this statement with suitable illustrations from the story, 'The Diamond Necklace' and describe how this desire of Madame Loisel becomes the cause of a greater suffering.

[16]

The Old Man and the Sea : Ernest Hemingway

Question 9

Read the extract given below and answer the questions that follow:-

"I killed him in self-defence," the old man said aloud. "And I killed him well."

Besides, he thought, everything kills everything else in some way. Fishing kills me exactly as it keeps me alive. The boy keeps me alive, he thought. I must not deceive myself too much.

(i)	Who is the old man? Whom did he kill in 'self-defence'?	[2]
-----	---	-----

- Who is 'the boy'? How does he keep the old man alive? (ii) [3]
- (iii) Describe the great fish as it was seen for the first time by the old man. [4]
- (iv) In what condition did the old man bring the great fish into the little harbour? What is the comment made by a lady tourist about the great fish? [4]
- What dream did the old man often have? What is the significance of (v) the dream? [3]

Question 10

Give a detailed account of the 'hand game' played by the old man at the tavern at Casablanca. Why does the old man recollect the hand game? [16]

Anandamath : B. C. Chatterji

Question 11

Read the extract given below and answer the questions that follow:-

At first Kalyani did not realize what was happening. But as memory returned, she bowed at the feet of the Mahatma. He blessed her; fetched a bowl of milk, warmed it over the fire and said:

"Mother, feed your baby with this milk, and drink the rest yourself. I shall then talk to you."

Kalyani was happy indeed to feed her baby.

- Where is Kalyani at this time? What does the Mahatma say to Kalyani about that particular place? [3]
- (ii) Give a description of Kalyani's village. [3]
- (iii) Why does Kalyani bow at the feet of the Mahatma? In what danger was Kalyani a short while ago? [3]
- (iv) Does Kalyani drink the rest of the milk? Why? What does her action reflect about her character? [3]
- (v) Where does the Mahatma go from here? To whom does he speak there? Describe the person to whom the Mahatma speaks. [4]

Question 12 and and data the old man blo old bib nothing taken al. (vi)

Describe what takes place from the time Mahendra Singh finds a bullockcart moving along with a heavy guard of sepoys till the treasures of the cart are taken away by Jiban and his men.

[16]

T 01 012