ECONOMIC APPLICATIONS (87)

Aims:

- 1. To familiarize students with the basic concepts of economics and economic phenomenon.
- 2. To develop their analytical skills.

3. To provide students with hands-on-experience in analyzing economic problems that they normally come across.

CLASS IX

There will be one theory paper of **two** hours duration of 100 marks and Internal Assessment of 100 marks.

The paper will consist of Part I and Part II.

Part I (compulsory) will contain short answer questions on the entire syllabus.

Part II will consist of questions that will require detailed answers. There will be a choice of questions.

THEORY - 100 Marks

(Teachers are required to discuss the following five units at a basic level)

1. Basic Concepts of Economics

- (i) Meaning and definition of Economics; Economic entities: Consumer, Producer, Households, Government. Importance of these economic entities. Meaning of an economy and the role of economic entities.
- (ii) Three major problems of an economy: What to produce? How to produce? For whom to produce? Efficient use of resources; the basic understanding of the terms: economic growth and economic development.
- (iii) The nature and classification of an economy: developed, underdeveloped and developing economy; Capitalistic, Socialistic, Mixed economies: main features.

2. An Overview of Indian Economy

The nature of Indian economy: the main sectors of Indian economy - Agriculture, Industry and Services. Role of these sectors in Indian economy and their interrelationship. The sectors according to ownership - private and public; the sectors according to type of economy- rural and urban sectors.

3. Infrastructure of the Indian Economy
Economic and social infrastructure of Indian
economy. Social infrastructure - education, health
and family welfare, housing; Economic
infrastructure - transport, power, irrigation,
banking and financial institutions.

4. Population Problem

Size and growth rate, causes of the rapid growth of population; problem of over-population; remedies for population explosion; population policy of the government; age, sex, composition and occupational distribution of population in India.

5. India's Foreign Trade

The role of foreign trade in India's economy; the main items of India's exports and imports; the direction of foreign trade - India's major trading partners.

INTERNAL ASSESSMENT - 100 Marks

Candidates will be required to do a minimum of **four** assignments during the year, as assigned by the teacher.

Suggested list of assignments:

- Identify 100 consumers of major brands of edible oils in a locality/ area where you live. Draw up the pattern of their monthly expenditure on this product and compare it with the other household expenditure. Make a presentation of your findings in class.
- 2. Identify the major brands of bathing soaps that are available in the market in your area. Select a sample of 10 shops/ department stores that sell these brands and collect the sales of these brands

- over a period of one week at these shops. Identify the brands that sell the most and make a presentation for your class.
- 3. Make a presentation on the central problems an economy faces. Explain these with reference to the Indian economy.
- 4. Take a developed country such as the USA and a developing country such as India. Analyze the main characteristics of these economies.
- 5. Outline the main modes of transport in the district/city you live. What problems do you and other citizens face pertaining to the availability of public transport? Analyze.
- 6. Take a table of food grain production in India from any textbook on Indian economy or any

- other secondary source such as internet. Interpret the changes in the production over a given period of time.
- 7. Given a table of population growth for period between 1971 and 2001 and table of contribution of agriculture, industry and services sector for the same period, compare the two tables and present your findings in the form of a presentation.
- 8. Make a presentation of the major trading partners of India in the last 15 years. Specify the major changes that have taken place in the last five years.
- 9. What are the major items of export and imports from India in the last five years? Use secondary data sources and make out the changes that have taken place in this context.

CLASS X

There will be one theory paper of **two** hours duration of 100 marks and Internal Assessment of 100 marks.

The paper will consist of Part I and Part II.

Part I (compulsory) will contain short answer questions on the entire syllabus.

Part II will consist of questions that will require detailed answers. There will be a choice of questions.

THEORY - 100 Marks

(Teachers are required to discuss the following five units at a basic level).

1. Demand and Supply: Basic Concepts

- (i) Law of demand and supply: demand and supply schedule and curve (both individual and market); movement and shift of the demand and supply curve; determinants of demand and supply; exceptions to the law of demand.
- (ii) Elasticity of demand: meaning, types; methods of measuring elasticity of demand; factors affecting elasticity of demand; importance of the concept of the elasticity of demand.

2. Factors of Production: Basic Concepts

Land: meaning and characteristics, functions and its importance; factors affecting productivity of land. Labour: meaning and characteristics; division of labour: meaning, types, advantages and disadvantages; efficiency of labour: meaning, reasons for low efficiency of Indian labour. Capital: meaning, types and characteristics; capital formation: meaning, factors affecting capital formation; Entrepreneur: meaning, functions and role of entrepreneurs in economic development.

3. Alternative Market Structures: Basic Concepts

Nature and structure of markets: Perfectly competitive market – main features; Monopoly market – main features; Monopolistically competitive market – main features and the concept of product differentiation; Monopsony market – main features.

4. The State and Economic Development

The role of State in promoting development; the instruments of State intervention- fiscal policy, monetary policy and wage policy; the public sector enterprises - their role and problems; the issue of privatization of public enterprises.

5. Money and Banking: Basic Concepts

Money: meaning, functions of money; inflation: meaning, effects of inflation on the functioning of the economy (in brief). Banking: Commercial Banks: functions; Central Bank: functions; quantitative and qualitative credit control measures adopted by RBI.

INTERNAL ASSESSMENT - 100 Marks

Candidates will be required to do a minimum of **four** assignments during the year, as assigned by the teacher.

Suggested list of assignments:

- 1. Take a fast moving consumer good (FMCG) like washing machine detergent. Analyze the factors that determine the demand of this product. Present your findings in form of a class presentation.
- 2. Develop a hypothetical table of information for coffee that shows quantity demanded at various prices and supply of coffee at these prices. Draw a demand curve and supply curve and show an equilibrium price at which market is cleared of its supplies.
- 3. Make a list of products for which you think demand is price inelastic and price elastic. Specify the reasons you may think relevant for your analysis.
- 4. Take a case of public enterprise which is about to be privatized or has been recently privatized. Analyze the pros and cons of such an exercise undertaken by the government. (The case of VSNL or BALCO can be taken up).
- 5. Take a case of a nationalized bank visit any one of its branches in your city. Analyze the main functions of this bank's branch. Make a presentation to this effect.

- 6. Recently rates of interests have been reduced on all the saving instruments. Carry out a survey of 30 people in your area as to what is their reaction to this cut. The sample may consist of salaried people, business people and professionals.
- 7. Take a case of five FMCGs fast moving consumer goods bathing soaps, toothpastes, facial creams, shampoos, ball pens. Analyze as to how the market for these products is characterized by product differentiation.
- 8. Take the case of a company and analyze the production process in which all the factors that you studied in your class, are used by the company to produce a product.

EVALUATION

The project work is to be evaluated by the subject teacher and by an External Examiner. The External Examiner shall be nominated by the Principal and may be a teacher from the faculty, **but not teaching the subject in the relevant section/class.** For example, a teacher of Economics of Class XI may be deputed to be the External Examiner for Class X Economic Applications project work.

The Internal Examiner and the External Examiner will assess the candidate's work independently.

Award of marks (100 marks)

Subject Teacher (Internal Examiner): 50 marks External Examiner : 50 marks

The total marks obtained out of 100 are to be sent to the Council by the Head of the School.

The Head of the School will be responsible for the entry of marks on the mark sheets provided by the Council.

INTERNAL ASSESSMENT IN ECONOMIC APPLICATIONS - PROPOSED GUIDELINES FOR MARKING WITH GRADES

| Criteria | Preparation | Procedure | Observation | Inference | Presentation | Marks |
|-----------|---|---|--|---|--|----------------------------------|
| Grade I | Excellent choice of firm, appropriate to project; clear identification of aspect to study; good research. | Originality and relevance; creative, rational and structured thinking; effective model; good questionnaire. | Systematic record of data; good arrangement of data; independent market survey; creative representation. | Information fitted correctly to model; work indicates understanding, good comprehension of subject. | Methodical, precise and clear expression; neat and tidy presentation; optimum utilisation of skills. | 4 marks for each criterion |
| Grade II | Relevant choice of firm; identified aspect to study; adequate research. | Originality and structured thinking; adequate framing of questions; good insight. | Able to record data, but not step-by-step; able to grasp information; independent market survey. | Can judge and grasp information correctly; conclusion quantitatively evaluated. | Work neat and tidy and clearly presented; methodical and appropriate techniques used. | 3 marks for each criterion |
| Grade III | Adequate choice of firm; some idea of what to study; some information gathered. | Records information correctly but lacks originality; independent framing of questions. | Assistance required in presenting, recording and arranging data; can conduct market survey. | Requires some assistance to relate data to model; able to relate to economic scenario. | Reasonably clear but work disorganised in places; writing untidy in places. | 2 marks for each criterion |
| Grade IV | Firm selected but continuous assistance required for collection of information. | Unable to form a correct model; requires assistance to prepare questionnaire. | Tends to make mistakes in organising data; some ability to conduct market survey. | Assistance required in order to grasp the relevant and validity of information; tends to make errors. | Sequence of work acceptable but not very neat; poor presentation. | 1 mark for each criterion |
| Grade V | Lack of perception of the subject and objective; lack of effort. | Not able to comprehend concept of a model; unable to prepare questionnaire even with assistance. | Faulty survey and mistakes in data; not able to proceed even with assistance. | Cannot process results; faulty conclusions in spite of assistance provided. | Data presentation untidy and disorganised; effort and initiative lacking. | 0 marks for each criterion |