

SOCIAL AND CULTURAL ANTHROPOLOGY HIGHER LEVEL PAPER 2

Thursday 23 May 2002 (morning)

2 hours

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- Do not open this examination paper until instructed to do so.
- Section A: answer one question. Section B: answer one question.

222-071 3 pages

SECTION A

Answer **one** question. Candidates must use specific and clearly identified ethnographic illustrations.

- 1. Discuss how consumption and identity are related to one another in today's world.
- 2. Discuss how social or cultural change can affect the division of labour in a society that you have studied.
- **3.** To what extent are society and culture reproduced across the generations through socialization?
- **4.** Compare the way in which **two** different rites of passage confirm or bring about life transitions. Your comparison can be based on **one** or **two** societies.
- 5. In all societies that place high value on egalitarianism, forms of hierarchy and inequality are found. Demonstrate this claim.
- **6.** Compare exchange mechanisms in **two** societies, **one** in which money plays a central role and **one** in which it does not.

SECTION B

Answer **one** question. Candidates must use specific and clearly identified ethnographic illustrations.

- 7. Discuss how migration fundamentally alters relationships between people.
- **8.** Discuss the ways in which indigenous groups are defining themselves and asserting their rights.
- **9.** Discuss how tourism can introduce shifts in social relations.
- **10.** The United Nations defines basic human rights in universal terms. Others argue that human rights are socially specific. Discuss anthropology's contribution to this debate.
- 11. Many aspects of society and culture are produced through the interaction of global and local forces. Discuss how this may take place.
- 12. It has been said that conflicts, disputes, and wars are normal, at times necessary, aspects of social life. Argue for or against this position.