

Philosophy Higher level and standard level Paper 2

Tuesday 17 May 2016 (morning)

1 hour

Instructions to candidates

- Do not open this examination paper until instructed to do so.
- Answer both parts of one question. Candidates are advised to allocate their time accordingly. Each part will be distinctly assessed.
- The maximum mark for this examination paper is [25 marks].

X

Answer **both parts** (a) and (b) of **one** question. Each question is worth [25 marks].

Simone de Beauvoir: The Second Sex, Vol. 1 part 1, Vol. 2 part 1 and Vol. 2 part 4

1.	(a)	Explain how a man occupies the role of a subject, and a woman is the other.	[10]
	(b)	Evaluate the degree to which a woman helps to create herself as the other.	[15]
2.	(a)	Explain why there is no answer to the question "what is a woman?"	[10]
	(b)	Evaluate the claim that a woman has to allow herself to become a woman.	[15]
Ren	é Des	cartes: Meditations	
3.	(a)	Explain Descartes's justification of the necessity of doubting all things.	[10]
	(b)	To what extent do you agree with Descartes's justification of the need to doubt all things?	[15]
4.	(a)	Explain the nature of the human mind according to Descartes.	[10]
	(b)	To what extent do you agree with Descartes's claim that there is nothing which is easier for me to know than my mind?	[15]

David Hume: Dialogues Concerning Natural Religion

5.	(a)	According to Philo, explain the role played by experience in coming to conclusions about the existence of God.	[10]
	(b)	Evaluate Hume's treatment of experience as the only appropriate route to knowledge of God's existence.	[15]
6.	(a)	Explain Philo's attack on the inference of God's moral goodness through an examination of nature.	[10]
	(b)	Evaluate Hume's attack on the inference from observation of the world that God is morally good.	[15]

John Stuart Mill: On Liberty

7.	(a)	Explain Mill's assertion that the abundance of negative freedom will result in people making wise choices.	[10]	
	(b)	Evaluate the claim that Mill's positive view of human nature is unrealistic and far too optimistic.	[15]	
8.	(a)	Explain why Mill considered individualism to be so important.	[10]	
	(b)	Evaluate the claim that the rights of the individual are to be based on utility.	[15]	
Frie	Friedrich Nietzsche: The Genealogy of Morals			
9.	(a)	Explain the idea of "the will to power".	[10]	
	(b)	Evaluate "the will to power" as a principle for explaining moral actions.	[15]	
10.	(a)	Explain what Nietzsche means by an "awareness of our guilt".	[10]	
	(b)	Evaluate Nietzsche's view of guilt.	[15]	

Martha Nussbaum: Creating Capabilities: The Human Development Approach

11.	(a)	Explain Nussbaum's theory of capabilities and its connection to human dignity.	[10]
	(b)	Evaluate the role of human dignity as a central part in achieving social justice.	[15]
12.	(a)	Explain the cultural, intellectual and traditional roots and sources of Nussbaum's theory of capabilities according to specific values.	[10]
	(b)	Evaluate the role played by one or more values according to one or more specific antecedents.	[15]

Ortega y Gasset: The Origins of Philosophy

13.	(a)	Explain Ortega's view that the most normal channel of information about the historical past is through names.	[10]		
	(b)	Evaluate the strengths and weaknesses of this view.	[15]		
14.	(a)	Explain Ortega's account of the relation between "the two great components of human life – man's needs and his possibilities".	[10]		
	(b)	Evaluate the strengths and weaknesses of this account.	[15]		
Plate	Plato: The Republic, Books IV–IX				
15.	(a)	Explain the idea that the just city is possible if, and only if, virtuous and expert rule by its leaders is possible.	[10]		
	(b)	Evaluate the claim that either philosophers need to become kings or kings need to learn philosophy.	[15]		
16.	(a)	Explain the analogy of the divided line as an exemplary case of Plato's epistemology.	[10]		
	(b)	Evaluate the claim that the kind of reality or being an object has corresponds to the mode of cognition one can have of it.	[15]		

Peter Singer: The Life You Can Save

17.	(a)	Explain the role played by philanthropy in Singer's theory of the creation of a culture of giving.	[10]
	(b)	Evaluate the claim that people will be more philanthropic if they believe that others are giving more.	[15]
18.	(a)	Explain Singer's view concerning the care of the children of others.	[10]
	(b)	Evaluate Singer's claim that "a mother's duty is to her own child".	[15]

Charles Taylor: The Ethics of Authenticity

19.	(a)	Explain what the phrase "horizons of significance" means.	[10]
	(b)	Evaluate this concept as a necessary element of authenticity.	[15]
20.	(a)	Explain Taylor's analysis of Weber's argument that modern life leads us into an iron cage.	[10]
	(b)	Evaluate Taylor's response to this argument.	[15]
Lao	Tzu:	Tao Te Ching	
21.	(a)	Explain the claim that when the Uncarved Block has been cut and given names, then one ought to know that it is time to stop.	[10]
	(b)	Evaluate the consequences of this claim.	[15]
22.	(a)	Explain what is meant by "the best of all rulers is but a shadowy presence to his subjects".	[10]
	(b)	Evaluate the qualities of a virtuous ruler.	[15]
Zhu	iangzi	: Zhuangzi	
23.	(a)	Explain how speech is not just "a blowing of air", but is related to "the Course" ("the Way" or the <i>Tao</i>).	[10]
	(b)	Evaluate the relation of speech to the Tao.	[15]
24.	(a)	Explain the nature of Zhuangzi's ideal person.	[10]
	(b)	Evaluate the claim that the true person cannot exist as it is impossible for a person to	

(b) Evaluate the claim that the true person cannot exist as it is impossible for a person to have a true understanding of the *Tao*. [15]