

Philosophy Higher level and standard level Paper 2

Thursday 18 May 2017 (morning)

1 hour

Instructions to candidates

- Do not open this examination paper until instructed to do so.
- Answer both parts of one question. Candidates are advised to allocate their time accordingly. Each part will be distinctly assessed.
- The maximum mark for this examination paper is [25 marks].

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Answer **both parts** (a) and (b) of **one** question. Each question is worth [25 marks].

Simone de Beauvoir: The Second Sex, Vol. 1 part 1, Vol. 2 part 1 and Vol. 2 part 4

1.	(a)	Explain the claim that "humanity is not an animal species: It is a historical reality".	[10]
	(b)	Evaluate de Beauvoir's criticism of this claim.	[15]
2.	(a)	Explain de Beauvoir's view of women's economic independence.	[10]
	(b)	Evaluate de Beauvoir's view of women's economic independence.	[15]

René Descartes: Meditations

3.	(a)	Explain the distinction Descartes makes between innate, adventitious and factitious ideas.	[10]
	(b)	Evaluate the strengths and weaknesses of the distinctions Descartes makes.	[15]
4.	(a)	Explain how Descartes uses doubt as a means of gaining certainty.	[10]
	(b)	Evaluate the strengths and weaknesses in his methodology in the search for certainty.	[15]

David Hume: Dialogues Concerning Natural Religion

5.	(a)	Explain in what ways Philo presents evidence that God might not be perfect.	[10]
	(b)	Evaluate the arguments presented to support a morally neutral God.	[15]
6.	(a)	Explain the nature of the dialogic method used by Hume.	[10]
	(b)	Evaluate the degree of success that Hume achieves by using a dialogic method.	[15]

John Stuart Mill: On Liberty

7.	(a)	Explain Mill's claim that "one's standard of judgment is his own liking".	[10]
	(b)	Evaluate the relationship between social customs and conformity.	[15]
8.	(a)	Explain Mill's claim that "the state should require and compel education".	[10]
	(b)	Evaluate the extent to which Mill's view of education is self-contradictory.	[15]
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Fried	iricn	Nietzsche: The Genealogy of Morals	
9.	(a)	Explain the origins of the value judgments "good and evil".	[10]
	(b)	To what extent is Nietzsche's genealogical method when applied to value judgments (for example, "good and evil") a justifiable approach to understanding the nature of morality?	[15]
10.	(a)	Explain Nietzsche's account of the human ability to make promises and its relationship to memory as central parts of becoming human.	[10]
	(b)	Evaluate Nietzsche's view that making promises and its relationship to memory are the essential features in the social bond between people.	[15]
Mart	ha Nu	ssbaum: Creating Capabilities: The Human Development Approach	
11.	(a)	Explain how Nussbaum applies the capabilities approach to feminism.	[10]
	(b)	Evaluate the problems involved in applying the capabilities approach to feminism.	[15]
12.	(a)	Explain Nussbaum's view of cultural imperialism.	[10]

(b) Evaluate the claim that the capabilities approach suffers from a form of cultural imperialism itself in its demand for intervention against individual flourishing. [15]

Ortega y Gasset: The Origins of Philosophy

13.	(a)	Explain Ortega's claim that "the thing is the master of the man".	[10]
	(b)	Evaluate the merits, or otherwise, of this claim.	[15]
14.	(a)	Explain the significance of Parmenides and Heraclitus in the origin of philosophy.	[10]
	(b)	Evaluate Ortega's analysis of the origin of philosophy.	[15]

Plato: The Republic, Books IV-IX

15.	(a)	Explain Plato's claim that the Good is the goal of all striving.	[10]
	(b)	Evaluate the strengths and weaknesses of this claim.	[15]
16.	(a)	Explain the education of the philosopher ruler.	[10]
	(b)	Evaluate this model for the development of leaders.	[15]

Peter Singer: The Life You Can Save

17.	(a)	Explain the argument that it is wrong to fail to donate to the alleviation of poverty if you are able to.	[10]
	(b)	To what extent is Singer justified in claiming that because the wealthy are in a position to alleviate poverty there is a duty to do so?	[15]
18.	(a)	Explain the account Singer gives of why wealthier peoples and nations do not give as much as they could.	[10]
	(b)	Evaluate the arguments that Singer gives for explaining the lack of generosity among the wealthy.	[15]

Charles Taylor: The Ethics of Authenticity

19.	(a)	Explain the ethical imperative to be true to oneself.	[10]
	(b)	To what extent do you agree with Taylor's idea that being true to oneself is an ethical imperative?	[15]
20.	(a)	Explain Taylor's idea that our identities are formed in dialogue with others in agreement or struggle with their recognition of us.	[10]
	(b)	To what extent do you find Taylor's emphasis on the role of dialogue in forming identity convincing?	[15]
Lao	Izu:	ao Te Ching	
21.	(a)	Explain the idea that the ruler must govern the state without resorting to action.	[10]
	(b)	To what extent do you agree that <i>wu wei</i> (non-action) is an effective approach to government?	[15]
22.	(a)	Explain the depiction of the <i>Tao</i> as natural, eternal, spontaneous, nameless and indescribable.	[10]
	(b)	Evaluate the claim that the <i>Tao</i> means nature itself in terms of the spontaneity of the world and man.	[15]
Zhua	angzi:	Zhuangzi	
23.	(a)	Explain Zhuangzi's metaphor of the fish (Kun) and the bird (Peng).	[10]
	(b)	Evaluate the extent to which the metaphor of the fish and the bird explains how social customs limit personal development.	[15]
24.	(a)	Explain the claim that people "do not mirror themselves in running water – they mirror themselves in still water".	[10]
	(b)	Evaluate the claim in relation to the role of human feelings.	[15]