Paper A

As a guideline this paper should be completed in 1 hour.

No Calculator to be used in this examination.

Section A [36 marks]

1. [Maximum mark 6]

Use the substitution u = x - 1 to find $\int \left(\frac{x}{x-1}\right)^2 dx$.

2. [Maximum mark 6]

 $x = \log_a 5$ and $y = \log_a 2$.

Find in terms of x and y,

- a) log_a100,
- b) $\log_2 25$.

3. [Maximum mark 6]

A die is biased such that the probability of getting a six is $\frac{1}{4}$. The die is rolled 2000 times. Let *X* be the number of sixes obtained. Find,

- a) the mean of $X_{,}$
- b) the standard deviation of X, leaving your answer as a surd.
- 4. [Maximum mark 6]

Write the complex number $\frac{(1-\sqrt{3})+(1+\sqrt{3})}{(1+i)}$ in the form $z = r(\cos \theta + i\sin \theta)$, where $i = \sqrt{-1}$, and r is a real number.

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5. [Maximum mark 6]

> Find the equation of the normal at the point (2, -1) on the curve with the equation $y^2 + 3xy = x^2 - 9$.

Give your answer in the form ax + by + c = 0.

[Maximum mark 6] 6.

> The probability of event A = 0.5, and the probability of $(A \cup B') = 0.7$. Given that the probabilities of A and B are independent, find the probability of event *B* happening.

Section B [24 marks]

- 7. [Maximum mark 24]
 - Find the coordinate at the point of intersection between the two i) lines:

 $\frac{x-1}{3} = \frac{y}{2} = \frac{z+4}{-1}$ and $\frac{x-12}{-2} = \frac{y-7}{-1} = \frac{z+11}{4}$ [6 marks]

- A triangle has the three vertices A(2, 0, -5), B(4, 1, 1), C(3, -1, -2). ii)
 - a) Find the vector product $AB \times AC$, giving your answer in the form ai + bj + ck.
 - b) Hence, find the exact area of the triangle ABC.
 - Find the Cartesian equation of the plane that contains the c) [13 marks] triangle ABC.
- Find the values of *a* and *b*, such that the simultaneous iii) equations,

x + 4y + 2z = -15x + 25y + z = 32x + 3y + az = b

have an infinite number of solutions. www.ibmaths.com

[5 marks]

Paper A

Answers

- 1. $(x-1) 2\ln(x-1) + \frac{1}{x-1} + c$ 2. a) 2x + 2y b) $\frac{2x}{y}$ 3. a) 500 b) $5\sqrt{15}$ 4. $z = 2\left(\cos\frac{\pi}{3} + i\sin\frac{\pi}{3}\right)$ 5. 7x - 4y - 10 = 06. P(B) = 0.47. i) (10, 6, -7)ii) a) 9i - 3kb) $\frac{3}{2}\sqrt{10}$
 - iii) *a* = 13, *b* = -10

c) 9x - 3z = 33