

# Mathematics Higher level Paper 3 – sets, relations and groups

Monday 8 May 2017 (afternoon)

1 hour

#### Instructions to candidates

- Do not open this examination paper until instructed to do so.
- Answer all the questions.
- Unless otherwise stated in the question, all numerical answers should be given exactly or correct to three significant figures.
- A graphic display calculator is required for this paper.
- A clean copy of the mathematics HL and further mathematics HL formula booklet is required for this paper.
- The maximum mark for this examination paper is [50 marks].

[4]

[9]

[2]

Please start each question on a new page. Full marks are not necessarily awarded for a correct answer with no working. Answers must be supported by working and/or explanations. In particular, solutions found from a graphic display calculator should be supported by suitable working. For example, if graphs are used to find a solution, you should sketch these as part of your answer. Where an answer is incorrect, some marks may be given for a correct method, provided this is shown by written working. You are therefore advised to show all working.

## **1.** [Maximum mark: 10]

The set A contains all positive integers less than 20 that are congruent to 3 modulo 4. The set B contains all the prime numbers less than 20.

- (a) (i) Write down all the elements of A and all the elements of B.
  - (ii) Determine the symmetric difference,  $A\Delta B$ , of the sets A and B.
- (b) The set C is defined as  $C = \{7, 9, 13, 19\}$ .
  - (i) Write down all the elements of  $A \cap B$ ,  $A \cap C$  and  $B \cup C$ .
  - (ii) Hence by considering  $A \cap (B \cup C)$ , verify that in this case the operation  $\cap$  is distributive over the operation  $\cup$ . [6]

#### **2.** [Maximum mark: 11]

The relation R is defined such that aRb if and only if  $4^a - 4^b$  is divisible by 7, where  $a, b \in \mathbb{Z}^+$ .

- (a) (i) Show that R is an equivalence relation.
  - (ii) Determine the equivalence classes of R.

The equivalence relation S is defined such that cSd if and only if  $4^c - 4^d$  is divisible by 6, where c,  $d \in \mathbb{Z}^+$ .

(b) Determine the number of equivalence classes of S.

#### **3.** [Maximum mark: 13]

The function  $f: \mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R}$  is defined by  $f(x, y) = (2x^3 + y^3, x^3 + 2y^3)$ .

(a) Show that f is a bijection. [12]

(b) Hence write down the inverse function  $f^{-1}(x, y)$ . [1]

## **4.** [Maximum mark: 16]

The binary operation \* is defined by

$$a * b = a + b - 3$$
 for  $a, b \in \mathbb{Z}$ .

(a) Show that  $\{\mathbb{Z}, *\}$  is an Abelian group.

[9]

(b) Show that there is no element of order 2.

[2]

(c) Find a proper subgroup of  $\{\mathbb{Z},*\}$ .

[2]

The binary operation ∘ is defined by

$$a \circ b = a + b + 3$$
 for  $a, b \in \mathbb{Z}$ .

Consider the group  $\{\mathbb{Z}, \circ\}$  and the bijection  $f: \mathbb{Z} \to \mathbb{Z}$  given by f(a) = a - 6.

(d) Show that the groups  $\{\mathbb{Z}, *\}$  and  $\{\mathbb{Z}, \circ\}$  are isomorphic.

[3]