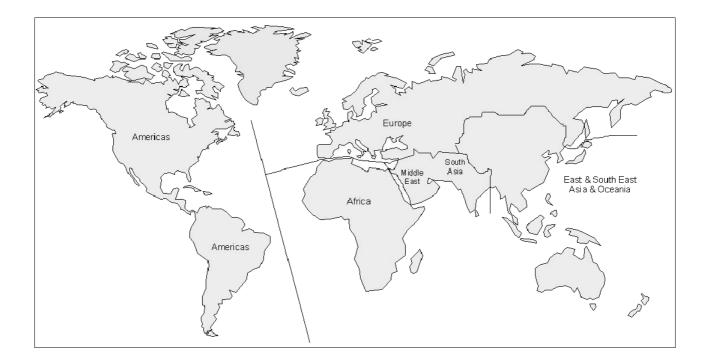
HISTORY HIGHER LEVEL AND STANDARD LEVEL PAPER 2

Wednesday 12 May 2004 (afternoon)

1 hour 30 minutes

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- Do not open this examination paper until instructed to do so.
- Answer two questions, each chosen from a different Topic.
- Questions in this paper must be answered with reference to events and developments in the twentieth century.
- Where the word *region* is used in questions in this paper, it refers, unless otherwise defined, to the five regions which are the basis of the regional studies for Higher Level Paper 3.



224-002 4 pages

Topic 1 Causes, practices and effects of war

- 1. In what ways did the causes of the Second World War differ from the causes of the First World War?
- **2.** Evaluate the importance of naval warfare in twentieth century wars. Specific examples must be given from at least **two** wars.
- **3.** Why were there so many Arab-Israeli wars between 1948 and 1978?
- **4.** Analyse the results of **two** wars, each chosen from a different region.
- 5. Assess the social and economic effects of **one** war on **two** of the countries involved, in the ten years following the end of the war.

Topic 2 Nationalist and independence movements, decolonization and challenges facing new states

- **6.** Analyse the support for, and the methods used by, **one** leader of a non-European nationalist **or** independence movement.
- 7. How and why was either Ghana or Pakistan successful in obtaining independence?
- **8.** Compare and contrast the form of government in the ten years following independence, of **two** of the following: Algeria; India; Kenya.
- 9. Assess **one** of the following challenges facing new states in **either** Africa **or** Asia: the colonial legacy; neocolonialism; the Cold War.
- **10.** Examine the impact of independence on cultural, social and gender issues in **one** new non-European state.

Topic 3 The rise and rule of single-party states

- 11. Analyse the methods used by **one** single-party state ruler in his successful bid for power.
- **12.** Evaluate the importance of ideology in the policies of **two** of the following rulers of single-party states: Castro; Hitler; Lenin; Nyerere.
- **13.** Compare and contrast the foreign policies of **two** rulers of single-party states, each chosen from a different region.
- **14.** In what ways, and to what extent, did **either** Nasser **or** Perón improve social and economic conditions?
- **15.** Examine the global impact of **one** ruler of a single-party state.

Topic 4 Peace and cooperation: international organizations and multiparty states

- **16.** Why, in spite of the worthy intentions of its founders, did the League of Nations only last for two decades?
- **17.** For what reasons, and to what extent, were twentieth century international organizations founded to maintain peace?
- **18.** Assess the impact of social and economic policies in **one** of the following: India (1947 to 1964); Japan (1945 to 1952); USA (1933 to 1945).
- 19. "In spite of two world wars, economic depression and global tension, the multiparty state was the most popular form of government." To what extent do you agree with this statement?
- **20.** Analyse the successes and failures of **one** multiparty state.

224-002 Turn over

Topic 5 The Cold War

- **21.** To what extent did events in the final year of the Second World War turn wartime allies into Cold War enemies?
- **22.** Compare and contrast the policies of the USA and the USSR towards Korea between 1945 and 1955.
- **23.** Assess the impact of the Truman Doctrine and Marshall Plan on the development of the Cold War between 1947 and 1961.
- 24. In what ways, and to what extent, did the Cold War become less confrontational after 1970?
- **25.** Assess the importance of social and economic issues in causing opposition to communist regimes.

Topic 6 The state and its relationship with religion and with minorities

- **26.** Compare and contrast the position and treatment of **one** ethnic minority and **one** religious minority.
- **27.** In what ways, and with what results, did religion challenge the government of one or more states?
- **28.** Assess the methods used by **two** ethnic **or** racial minorities, each chosen from a different region, to try to obtain equal rights.
- **29.** Analyse the reasons for, and results of, the persecution of **one** ethnic **or** religious minority.
- **30.** "Minorities are always among the poorest section of any state." To what extent do you agree with this assertion?