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HISTORY
ROUTE 2
HIGHER LEVEL
PAPER 3 – ASPECTS OF THE HISTORY OF THE AMERICAS

Thursday 15 November 2012 (morning)

2 hours 30 minutes

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- Do not open this examination paper until instructed to do so.
- Answer three questions. Each question is worth *[20 marks]*.
- The maximum mark for this examination paper is *[60 marks]*.



Independence movements

1. Assess the political contributions of Simón Bolívar to the independence of South America.
2. Analyse the reasons for the issuing of the Monroe Doctrine by the United States.

Nation-building and challenges

3. With reference to **one** Latin American country, analyse the challenges to the establishment of its political system between 1800 and 1840.
4. Discuss the effects of the Mexican–American War (1846–1848) on **either** Mexico **or** the United States.

United States Civil War: causes, course and effects 1840–1877

5. Examine the reasons for, and the effects of, President Abraham Lincoln’s decision to issue the Emancipation Proclamation on 1 January 1863.
6. “Reconstruction was economically and socially successful for the South.” To what extent do you agree with this statement?

The development of modern nations 1865–1929

7. Assess the success of **one** Latin American leader in achieving his economic aims during the period 1865 to 1929.
8. Examine the reasons for the movement north of large numbers of African Americans during the Great Migration of the early twentieth century.

Emergence of the Americas in global affairs 1880–1929

9. “Economic factors were the major reason for the expansionist foreign policy of the United States in the late nineteenth and early twentieth century.” To what extent was this idea supported by the actions of the United States government?
10. Discuss the reasons for, or against, the participation of **one** Latin American country in the First World War.

The Mexican Revolution 1910–1940

11. “The aims of Emiliano Zapata and Pancho Villa were achieved by 1920.” To what extent do you agree with this statement?
12. In what ways, and with what results, did Lázaro Cárdenas attempt to renew the Mexican Revolution during his presidency?

The Great Depression and the Americas 1929–1939

13. Analyse the response of **one** country in Latin America to the Great Depression.
14. “Even though the New Deal programmes of Franklin D Roosevelt were massive in their size they did not effectively solve the economic problems created by the Great Depression in the United States.” To what extent do you agree with this statement?

The Second World War and the Americas 1933–1945

15. In what ways, and with what effects, did Franklin D Roosevelt apply the Good Neighbour policy towards Latin America?
16. Discuss the impact of the inter-American diplomacy of **one** country in the Americas prior to and during the Second World War.

Political developments in the Americas after the Second World War 1945–1979

17. How successful were the domestic policies of Canadian prime minister Diefenbaker?
18. Compare and contrast the rise to power of **two** populist leaders in Latin America between 1945 and 1979.

The Cold War and the Americas 1945–1981

19. To what extent was Eisenhower’s New Look foreign policy a departure from the foreign policy of Truman?
20. Compare and contrast the nature of the United States’ involvement in Vietnam during **two** presidencies from 1954 to 1973.

Civil rights and social movements in the Americas

21. Compare and contrast the tactics used by **two** organizations within the Civil Rights Movement to end segregation in the South between 1955 and 1965.
22. Assess the success of feminist movements in **one** country in the Americas.

Into the twenty-first century — from the 1980s to 2000

23. Evaluate the economic effects of globalization on **one** country in the Americas up to 2000.
 24. In what ways, and with what effects, have environmental concerns been addressed by **one** country in the Americas up to 2000?
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