



HISTORY
ROUTE 2
HIGHER LEVEL
PAPER 3 – ASPECTS OF THE HISTORY OF EUROPE AND THE MIDDLE EAST

Wednesday 12 May 2010 (morning)

2 hours 30 minutes

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- Do not open this examination paper until instructed to do so.
- Answer three questions.



1. To what extent was Louis XVI responsible for the outbreak of revolution in France in 1789?
2. “Napoleon will trample underfoot [destroy] the rights of man, put himself above them and become a tyrant.” To what extent was this prediction correct?
3. Analyse the political factors involved in the unification of Italy up to 1861.
4. Discuss the relative importance of the decline of Austria and the policies of Bismarck as causes of German unification.
5. Why was the Ottoman Empire regarded as an empire in decline in the nineteenth century?
6. Analyse the causes and results of civil war in Lebanon in 1860.
7. Examine the nature and development of political parties in Britain between 1867 and 1914.
8. Why did the Second French Empire, ruled by Napoleon III, collapse in 1870?
9. “His measures of reform did not disguise his belief in the need to maintain autocratic rule.” To what extent do you agree with this view of Alexander II?
10. Compare and contrast the causes and nature of the two 1917 Russian Revolutions.
11. Evaluate continuity and change in German foreign policy between 1871 and 1914.
12. Analyse the successes and failures of **one** post-First World War treaty.
13. Assess the importance of the Palestine Mandate (1920–1948).
14. “The father and founder of modern Turkey.” To what extent does this statement explain the role and policies of Atatürk?

15. Compare and contrast the domestic policies of Hitler and Mussolini.
 16. For what reasons, and to what extent, did attempts to achieve collective security between 1919 and 1939 fail?
 17. A colleague said of Stalin: “His last years were the most dangerous. He swung to extremes”. To what extent do you agree with this view?
 18. For what reasons, and with what results, was Khrushchev successful in the power struggle after Stalin’s death in 1953?
 19. Evaluate the reasons for the formation of NATO and the impact of its policies up to 2000.
 20. Analyse Franco’s regime and explain why Spain became a democratic nation after his death in 1975.
 21. Compare and contrast the economic policies of Nasser and Sadat in Egypt.
 22. Account for the uneasy relations between Israel and the Arab world between 1950 and 1993.
 23. In what ways, and with what results, was there an “industrial revolution” in **one** country of the region in the fifty years you have studied?
 24. With reference to **one** country of the region, **either** in the nineteenth century **or** the twentieth century, analyse the importance of **two** of the following: health reforms; gender issues; immigration; emigration.
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