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HISTORY
ROUTE 2
HIGHER LEVEL
PAPER 3 – ASPECTS OF THE HISTORY OF AFRICA

Wednesday 12 May 2010 (morning)

2 hours 30 minutes

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- Do not open this examination paper until instructed to do so.
- Answer three questions.



1. Compare and contrast the achievements of Kabaka Mutesa of Buganda and Mirambo of Unyamwezi as rulers.
2. Assess the success of Lewanika as a nation builder.
3. “Mosheshwe was a more successful ruler than Shaku Zulu.” To what extent do you agree with this statement?
4. Assess the relative importance of political, social and economic factors as causes of the rise of the Mandinka Empire.
5. To what extent did explorers and traders contribute to the European partition of Africa?
6. To what extent did the activities of King Leopold II of Belgium and de Brazza in the Congo region accelerate the European annexation of Africa?
7. For what reasons did Menelik II succeed in maintaining Ethiopia’s independence?
8. Compare and contrast the causes and results of the Maji Maji Rising of 1905 and John Chilembwe’s rising of 1915.
9. Analyse the reasons for, and the results of, the Anglo–Asante confrontations up until 1901.
10. For what reasons, and with what results, did the Herero resist German rule in Namibia?
11. Analyse the economic, social and political consequences of the discovery of diamonds and gold in South Africa.
12. Assess the importance of De Klerk in the history of South Africa.
13. Compare and contrast the colonial administrative systems of the British in Tanganyika **and** the Portuguese in Mozambique.
14. “French rule benefited the Senegalese more than British rule benefited the people of Ghana (the Gold Coast).” To what extent do you agree with this statement?

15. Why did some Africans join the Independent Church Movement while others joined or remained members of missionary Christian churches?
 16. Analyse the obstacles to the suppression of the slave trade in West **or** East Africa. How was the trade finally eliminated?
 17. Analyse the roles of leadership and party organization in the achievement of independence of Kenya **and** Tanganyika.
 18. Why was independence in Zimbabwe achieved late and only after an armed struggle?
 19. Compare and contrast the role in the achievement of independence of both Nkrumah in Ghana **and** Sekou Toure in Guinea.
 20. Analyse the role of the South West African People's Organization (SWAPO) in the achievement of independence for Namibia.
 21. How did any **two** independent African countries respond to the challenge of poverty and economic development up until 2000?
 22. With reference to any **two** African countries, analyse the reasons for the adoption of single-party rule and for the later change to multiparty democracy.
 23. How successful was the Organization of African Unity (OAU) in achieving its aims?
 24. Why did the United Nations intervene successfully in Mozambique, but fail to do so in Rwanda?
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