



**HISTORY**  
**HIGHER LEVEL**  
**PAPER 3 – SOUTH ASIA AND THE MIDDLE EAST (INCLUDING NORTH AFRICA)**

Wednesday 14 November 2007 (morning)

2 hours 30 minutes

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**INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES**

- Do not open this examination paper until instructed to do so.
- Answer three questions.

1. Discuss the consequences of Napoleon’s invasion of Egypt in 1797.
2. Analyse the nature and extent of opposition to British rule in India in the nineteenth century up to 1857.
3. For what reasons and to what extent did Ottoman weakness cause problems in the region in the nineteenth century?
4. Examine the economic and political motives for British occupation of Egypt in 1882.
5. Assess the contribution of racial and religious differences to the outbreak of civil war in nineteenth century Lebanon.
6. To what extent did British policies between 1905 and 1919 encourage nationalism in the Asian subcontinent?
7. Analyse the reasons for and the success of the reforms of the Young Turks.
8. “An example of a strong and absolute monarchy.” To what extent do you agree with this description of the Qajar Dynasty?
9. To what extent was the Government of India Act 1919 (a) a reward for India’s contribution in the First World War and (b) an attempt to pacify India?
10. Evaluate the achievements of Attatürk in Turkey between 1919 and 1938.
11. How significant was the contribution of the FLN (Front de la Libération Nationale) in achieving independence for Algeria by 1962?
12. Why was Britain unable to resolve the problems it faced in the Palestinian Mandate?
13. Compare and contrast the contributions of Gandhi and Nehru to the independence movement in India.
14. What economic and political developments in Sri Lanka after 1948 threatened the stability of the state?

15. Compare and contrast the economic and social policies of Nasser and Sadat.
  16. Analyse the successes and failures in domestic and foreign policies of Indira Gandhi.
  17. Why did authoritarian rule rather than democratic government develop in Pakistan after 1947?
  18. “The 1979 Revolution in Iran was the product of ill-advised modernization.” To what extent do you agree with this statement?
  19. “Outside interference was the greatest obstacle to stability in Lebanon in the twentieth century.” To what extent do you agree with this statement?
  20. Account for the survival and expansion of Israel up to 1967.
  21. Why was the United Arab Republic so short lived?
  22. Discuss the role of non-alignment in the region.
  23. Why did peacemaking between Israel and her neighbouring states prove difficult in the period 1973 to 1995?
  24. In what ways, and for what reasons, did religious fundamentalism affect education and gender issues in **one** country in the region?
  25. How did events in Afghanistan in 1979 affect Cold War developments?
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