

IB DIPLOMA PROGRAMME PROGRAMME DU DIPLÔME DU BI PROGRAMA DEL DIPLOMA DEL BI N06/3/HISTX/HP3/ENG/TZ0/AF



HISTORY HIGHER LEVEL PAPER 3 – AFRICA

Wednesday 15 November 2006 (morning)

2 hours 30 minutes

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- Do not open this examination paper until instructed to do so.
- Answer three questions.

- 1. "The profits derived from the slave trade made it difficult to abolish." Who benefited from the trade and why did it eventually end?
- 2. Why did the Mahdist regime in the Sudan collapse at the end of the nineteenth century?
- **3.** How important were the contributions of Yohannes IV and Menelik II to the reunification and stability of Ethiopia?
- 4. Assess the impact of the Nguni invasions on Tanzania in the nineteenth century.
- 5. Evaluate the career and importance of Jaja of Opobo.
- **6.** Why did Samori Toure succeed in establishing the Mandinka Empire, but fail to prevent French conquest?
- 7. Analyse the reasons for, and the results of, the British-Asante confrontations in the nineteenth century.
- 8. To what extent was the Boer Trek the result of British policies in the Cape?
- **9.** With reference to specific examples, analyse the reasons why most African states failed to resist European conquest.
- **10.** "An uprising born out of despair and desperation, futile in its objectives and disastrous in its results." To what extent do you agree with this judgment on the Maji Maji uprising?
- 11. For what reasons, and with what results, did Lewanika of the Lozi collaborate with the British?
- 12. Compare and contrast the response of the Herero and Zulu to European expansion in South Africa.
- 13. How successful were Africans in opposing the policies of Smuts and Hertzog in South Africa?
- 14. With reference to specific examples, compare and contrast the British system of indirect rule and the French system of association.

- **15.** Analyse the reasons for the rise of Sudanese nationalism and the methods adopted by the nationalist leaders between 1900 and 1956.
- 16. Assess the contribution of Jomo Kenyatta to the achievement of independence in Kenya.
- 17. Analyse the methods by which one nation in French West Africa attained independence.
- **18.** Account for the establishment of the Central African Federation in 1953 and its collapse ten years later.
- **19.** Why did the nature of resistance to the apartheid regime in South Africa change between 1952 and 1962?
- **20.** "Despite efforts by some African historians to glorify the regime of Nyerere in Tanzania, it was basically a failure." To what extent do you agree with this statement?
- **21.** "The post independence problems faced by newly independent African states were mainly the result of the colonial legacy." To what extent do you agree with this statement, with reference to **either** Zimbabwe **or** Zaire?
- **22.** What were the reasons for the frequent military intervention in politics in **either** Ghana **or** Nigeria between 1966 and 1990?
- **23.** With reference to **two** countries, how successful were the peacekeeping efforts of the United Nations Organization in Africa?
- 24. To what extent did one regional organisation in Africa achieve its objectives?
- 25. Which factors (a) helped and (b) hindered national unity in post-independence Africa?