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**HISTORY
HIGHER LEVEL
PAPER 3 – EUROPE (INCLUDING RUSSIA/USSR)**

Thursday 11 May 2006 (morning)

2 hours 30 minutes

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- Do not open this examination paper until instructed to do so.
- Answer three questions.

1. In what ways and for what reasons did the French Revolution a) benefit France and b) harm France?
2. “The overall effect of Napoleon I’s foreign policy was to bring glory to France.” To what extent do you agree with this assertion?
3. In what ways, and to what extent, did the aims and policies of the Great Powers in the Vienna settlement shape Europe until 1852?
4. Compare and contrast the reasons for the fall from power in France, of Charles X in 1830 and Louis Philippe in 1848.
5. Assess the main features of foreign and imperial policy (excluding Ireland) in Victorian Britain in the second half of the nineteenth century.
6. Analyse the weaknesses of Austria in the period 1815 to 1866.
7. Why was Italy united under Piedmont-Sardinia and not under Rome?
8. In 1862 Bismarck said: “The great questions of the day will not be settled by speeches and majority decisions.” What were “the great questions of the day” for Bismarck, and how did he settle them up to 1871?
9. Compare and contrast the policies of Alexander II (1855-81) and Alexander III (1881-94) of Russia.
10. For what reasons, and with what results, was social legislation an important feature of **one** nineteenth century European government?
11. Evaluate the nature and importance of cultural developments in **one** European country during the nineteenth century.
12. Analyse the effects of Napoleon III’s domestic policies.
13. Why and with what results did Spain fail to modernise in the second half of the nineteenth century?
14. Examine the main economic and political developments in **one** Scandinavian country, **or** in Finland, in **either** the nineteenth **or** the twentieth century.

15. Analyse the long term and short term causes of the 1917 February/March Russian Revolution.
 16. Assess the effects between 1914 and 1921, of the First World War on the civilian population of **one** European country.
 17. For what reasons, and in what ways, was a Marxist/Communist state set up in Russia between 1918 and 1928?
 18. Account for the foundation of the League of Nations, and assess its success between 1920 and 1935.
 19. Compare and contrast the foreign policies of Hitler and Mussolini up to the outbreak of the Second World War.
 20. Analyse the reasons for the Nationalist victory in the Spanish Civil War.
 21. Assess the political consequences of the Second World War in **two** European countries between 1939 and 1950.
 22. In what ways, and with what success, did Brezhnev direct domestic and foreign policies in the Soviet Union between 1964 and 1982?
 23. “The Cold War both helped and hindered the recovery of post Second World War western Europe.” To what extent do you agree with this judgment?
 24. Examine the successes and failures of Tito in Yugoslavia.
 25. In what ways, and with what results, have twentieth century transport developments changed European work and leisure patterns?
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