

**HISTORY**  
**HIGHER LEVEL**  
**PAPER 3 – EUROPE**

Tuesday 11 November 2003 (morning)

2 hours 30 minutes

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**INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES**

- Do not open this examination paper until instructed to do so.
- Answer three questions.

1. What factors made it difficult to establish a limited monarchy in France between 1789 and 1792?
2. To what extent did Napoleon apply the principles of the French Revolution in France and in the territories which he occupied?
3. Assess the influence of Metternich on Austria–Hungary **and** Europe between 1815 and 1848.
4. Evaluate the success of the Chartist Movement in Britain between 1838 and 1848.
5. Why was Mazzini disappointed by the united Italy that emerged after 1871?
6. What common factors caused the 1848/9 revolutions in Europe to fail?
7. “Alexander II had no one to blame but himself for his assassination in 1881.” How far do you agree with this statement?
8. To what extent were Bismarck’s difficulties inside Germany between 1871 and 1890 caused by his own views and policies?
9. Why was the Eastern Question so important to Europe in the latter half of the nineteenth century?
10. What impact did emigration have on any **one** European country in the nineteenth century?
11. Compare and contrast the impact of nationalism on any **two** European countries in the nineteenth century.
12. For what reasons did political change occur **either** in Spain **or** in France between 1848 and 1914?
13. Assess the importance of **either** any **one** Scandinavian country **or** Finland in Europe in the first half of the twentieth century.
14. Why did Germany sign an armistice with the Allies in November 1918?

15. What was the impact of the First World War on Russia between 1914 and 1921?
  16. What were the main factors that enabled Mussolini to rise to power, and consolidate his position in Italy, between 1918 and 1926?
  17. What were the aims and achievements of Stalin's foreign policy between 1928 and 1941?
  18. "Hitler's control and organization of the Nazi State was less effective than is commonly believed." To what extent do you agree with this statement?
  19. Why did the policy of "collective security", established by the League of Nations, fail to prevent the outbreak of the Second World War in 1939?
  20. To what extent was the involvement of foreign powers decisive in securing a Nationalist victory in the Spanish Civil War (1936–1939)?
  21. Why, and with what consequences for Europe, was the Warsaw Pact signed in 1955?
  22. "Although his contribution to France was significant, its importance has been exaggerated." How far do you agree with this assessment of the role of de Gaulle between 1945 and 1969?
  23. Evaluate the relative achievements of the governments of Salazar **and** Caetano in Portugal.
  24. What were the causes and consequences (to 1995) of the 1991 conflict in the Balkans?
  25. What economic and political impact did the movement towards worldwide globalization have on Europe between 1985 and 1995?
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