

**HISTORY
HIGHER LEVEL
PAPER 3 – AFRICA**

Wednesday 14 May 2003 (morning)

2 hours 30 minutes

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- Do not open this examination paper until instructed to do so.
- Answer three questions.

1. Analyse the factors which facilitated the transition from the slave trade to legitimate trade in West **or** East Africa.
2. How successfully did Johannis IV respond to internal and external threats to the unity and independence of Ethiopia?
3. Account for the emergence of centralized states among the Hehe and Nyamwezi in the nineteenth century.
4. Compare and contrast the causes and evaluate the relative success of the jihads of Usman dan Fodo and Al-Hajj Umar.
5. Analyse the factors which led to the fall of the Old Oyo empire. How far do you agree that “the collapse of Old Oyo facilitated the rise of Dahomey”?
6. Why did Samori Toure at first succeed, but finally fail, in his resistance to the French?
7. Explain the causes of the Mfecane and assess its impact on Southern Africa.
8. To what extent was rivalry between European powers responsible for the partition of Africa?
9. For what reasons did the Nandi in Kenya manage to resist British imperialism for so long?
10. “Lewanika defended the interests of his people more successfully than Lobengula.” To what extent do you agree with this comment on the methods used by the **two** rulers to deal with the ambitions of European imperialists?
11. Analyse the factors which caused, and led to the failure of, the Herero rising against German rule in South West Africa (Namibia).
12. How and why did Africans oppose the policies of Smuts and Hertzog in South Africa?
13. Compare and contrast the organization and appeal of the Christian Missions and the African Independent Churches in the colonial period.

14. Discuss the problems faced by Ras Tafari of Ethiopia up to 1930. How far did he overcome them?
 15. “Squatter’s revolt, Kikuyu civil war, anti-colonial movement.” In what ways, and to what extent, do these describe the nature of the Mau Mau struggle?
 16. Why did Guinea achieve independence before Senegal?
 17. For what reasons did Rhodesia become independent under minority rule in 1965, and why was minority rule replaced by majority rule in an independent Zimbabwe in 1980?
 18. Discuss the main features of apartheid and the nature of African resistance to it up to 1961.
 19. Assess the achievements in Kenya since independence, of Jomo Kenyatta.
 20. “Self help imposed from above.” To what extent do you agree with this assessment of Nyerere’s socialist policies?
 21. Compare and contrast the rise to power of Banda in Malawi and Mobutu in Zaire.
 22. Account for the political instability in **either** Ghana **or** Nigeria between 1966 and 1979.
 23. With reference to its activities in any **three** countries evaluate the success of the peace-keeping efforts of the United Nations Organization in Africa.
 24. How and why was it difficult for the Organization of African Unity to achieve its objectives?
 25. “The arts have faithfully reflected the changing history of African societies.” Discuss this statement with specific reference to the work of African artists since independence.
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