

HISTORY HIGHER LEVEL PAPER 3 – EUROPE

Thursday 18 May 2000 (morning)

2 hours 30 minutes

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- Do not open this examination paper until instructed to do so.
- Answer three questions.

- **1.** To what extent were weaknesses of the French Monarchy responsible for the outbreak of revolution in France in 1789?
- 2. What part did Napoleon I's policies play in his fall from power in 1814?
- 3. Evaluate the extent to which Metternich achieved his aims for Austria and for Europe.
- **4.** How far is it true to say that, 'Louis XVIII's policies proved that the Bourbon restoration in France could work, but that the policies of Charles X ensured it would fail'?
- 5. Account for the outbreak of any **two** revolutions in 1848 and assess their results.
- 6. Analyse the aims, motives and policies of Cavour between 1852 and 1861.
- 7. Compare and contrast Bismarck's policies towards Austria and France between 1862 and 1871.
- 8. In what ways did the domestic and foreign policies of Disraeli benefit Britain?
- **9.** How far is it true to say that Russia was transformed into a modern country between 1855 and 1900?
- **10.** How important was the search for raw materials and new markets as a reason for European imperialism?
- **11.** To what extent, and with what results, did Napoleon III liberalise the Second Empire in France?
- **12.** Discuss the changing relations between **either** Sweden and Norway **or** Finland and Russia in the nineteenth century.
- **13.** Account for the popularity of the novel in nineteenth century Europe.

- **14.** In what ways did the crises and political scandals in France both weaken and strengthen the Third Republic between 1880 and 1905?
- 15. Compare and contrast the causes of the 1905 and February/March 1917 revolutions in Russia.
- **16.** 'The Versailles Treaty was criticised by both winners and losers'. How justified was this criticism?
- 17. What were the political and economic successes and failures of the Weimar Republic?
- **18.** Why did the history of Italy from 1900 to 1922 lead to the rise of Mussolini and the establishment of a Fascist Regime?
- **19.** What was the impact of the Wall Street crash upon any **one** European country (excluding Germany) up to 1939?
- 20. Explain why Franco's forces won the Spanish Civil War, and why the Republican forces lost.
- **21.** Why, and with what results, was the policy of appeasement adopted by Britain and France in the 1930s?
- 22. Compare the Cold War policies of Stalin and Khrushchev from 1945 to 1964.
- **23.** Explain how any **one** western European state recovered from the devastation of the Second World War.
- 24. What factors led to the collapse of Communist domination in Eastern Europe by 1990?
- **25.** 'A revolution.' How accurately does this describe changes in transport in twentieth century Europe?