



88142225

**ENGLISH B – HIGHER LEVEL – PAPER 1**
ANGLAIS B – NIVEAU SUPÉRIEUR – ÉPREUVE 1
INGLÉS B – NIVEL SUPERIOR – PRUEBA 1Examination code
Code de l'examen
Código del examen

8	8	1	4	–	2	2	2	5
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

Wednesday 5 November 2014 (afternoon)
Mercredi 5 novembre 2014 (après-midi)
Miércoles 5 de noviembre de 2014 (tarde)Candidate session number
Numéro de session du candidat
Número de convocatoria del alumno

1 h 30 m

--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

QUESTION AND ANSWER BOOKLET – INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- Write your session number in the boxes above.
- Do not open this booklet until instructed to do so.
- This booklet contains all the paper 1 questions.
- Refer to the text booklet which accompanies this booklet.
- Answer all of the questions in the boxes provided. Each question is allocated [1 mark] unless otherwise stated.
- The maximum mark for this examination paper is [60 marks].

LIVRET DE QUESTIONS ET RÉPONSES – INSTRUCTIONS DESTINÉES AUX CANDIDATS

- Écrivez votre numéro de session dans les cases ci-dessus.
- N'ouvrez pas ce livret avant d'y être autorisé(e).
- Ce livret contient toutes les questions de l'épreuve 1.
- Référez-vous au livret de textes qui accompagne ce livret.
- Répondez à toutes les questions dans les cases prévues à cet effet. Sauf indication contraire, chaque question vaut [1 point].
- Le nombre maximum de points pour cette épreuve d'examen est [60 points].

CUADERNO DE PREGUNTAS Y RESPUESTAS – INSTRUCCIONES PARA LOS ALUMNOS

- Escriba su número de convocatoria en las casillas de arriba.
- No abra este cuaderno hasta que se lo autoricen.
- Este cuaderno contiene todas las preguntas de la prueba 1.
- Consulte el cuaderno de textos que acompaña a este cuaderno.
- Conteste todas las preguntas en las casillas provistas. Cada pregunta vale [1 punto] salvo que se indique lo contrario.
- La puntuación máxima para esta prueba de examen es [60 puntos].



16EP01

TEXT A — SEA TURTLES

Answer the following questions.

1. Sea turtles cannot do something that land turtles can do. What is this?

.....

2. When can the behavior of sea turtles be studied most easily?

.....

Match the headings with the paragraphs in the text. Write the appropriate letter in the boxes provided.

Example: [- X -] **C**

3. [- 3 -]

4. [- 4 -]

5. [- 5 -]

6. [- 6 -]

- A. Diving for food
- B. An increasing threat
- C. *An amazing range*
- D. Location of the feeding grounds
- E. The type of nest
- F. The next generation
- G. Studying types of debris
- H. The most polluted beaches
- I. Where the debris is eaten
- J. Incredible abilities



Which words go in the gaps? Choose the words from the list and write them below.

Text A talks about the [- X -] of sea turtles and describes one of the [- 7 -] that they are facing today. It explains how they swim long distances from their feeding grounds to their nesting grounds. In fact, they [- 8 -] in the same place as where they were born. In this aspect they [- 9 -] salmon. They lay their eggs in a hole which they cover, and the young later dig themselves out and find their own way to the [- 10 -].

- | | | | | |
|---------|---------|---------------|--------------|----------|
| BEACH | DANGERS | HABITS | INTELLIGENCE | RESEMBLE |
| CHANGES | FEED | IMITATE | NEST | SEA |

Example: [- X -] *habits*

7. [- 7 -]

8. [- 8 -]

9. [- 9 -]

10. [- 10 -]



Choose the correct answer from A, B, C or D. Write the letter in the box provided.

11. Compared with 25 years ago, the probability of a green sea turtle eating debris is ...

- A. double what it was.
- B. half what it was.
- C. almost twice what it was.
- D. a little more than it was.

Answer the following question.

12. What does Schuyler say is the worldwide solution for the turtles' consumption of plastic?

.....



TEXT B — TELLING GOOD INFORMATION FROM BAD

Answer the following questions.

13. What online sources does Mr Lauw trust most?

.....

14. In which sources have online rumours rapidly increased?

.....

15. Which word between **lines 15–25** means “developed into something more attractive”?

.....

Choose the correct answer from A, B, C or D. Write the letter in the box provided.

16. In the past, editors ...

- A. asked professional journalists to advise them.
- B. did not use news they felt was inaccurate.
- C. were rarely helped by other staff.
- D. used news they found in the social media.



The sentences below are either true or false. Tick [✓] the correct response then justify it with a relevant brief quotation from the text. Both a tick [✓] and a quotation are required for one mark.

TRUE FALSE

Example: Find out when the news was posted online.

Justification:Check when it was published.....

17. See if the text has an objective which is not clearly stated.

Justification:

18. If you can, see if the facts the piece gives are the same in other texts.

Justification:

19. Communication by images can always be trusted.

Justification:

20. Internet users will suddenly become better at reading online texts critically.

Justification:



Complete the following table by indicating to whom or to what the word/s underlined refer/s.

<i>In the phrase ...</i>	<i>the word/s ...</i>	<i>refer/s to ...</i>
<i>Example: ... <u>the 32-year-old lawyer</u> is careful ... (lines 4–5)</i>	<i>“the 32-year-old lawyer”</i>	<i>..... Mr Nicholas Lauw.</i>
21. Often <u>they</u> were backed ... (line 20)	“they”
22. <u>They</u> now play ... (lines 23–24)	“They”
23. ... simple checklists to guide <u>them</u> ... (lines 29–30)	“them”
24. ... <u>it</u> is an authoritative source ... (line 35)	“it”
25. ... with <u>their</u> own beliefs and perceptions. (line 44)	“their”

Answer the following question.

26. Which word between **lines 49–57** is closest in meaning to “move from side to side”?

.....



TEXT C — CHANGING ENGLISH

Match the first part of the sentence with the appropriate ending on the right. Write the appropriate letter in the boxes provided.

Example: David Crystal explains English ... **A**

27. Crystal believes that the digital generation ...

28. The media have ...

29. The new technologies have ...

30. Sports commentaries and news-reading ...

31. The internet and broadcasting ...

- A.** to different audiences.
- B.** not changed how people talk every day.
- C.** changed the way we normally speak.
- D.** accurately reported recent language change.
- E.** have their origin in broadcasting.
- F.** only to academics.
- G.** affected all styles of English.
- H.** affect daily speech and writing to a great extent.
- I.** has not created a new language.
- J.** will affect standard English overall.
- K.** have produced new language styles.
- L.** made a new language feature seem more common than it really is.

Answer the following questions.

32. Which word between **lines 17–25** is closest in meaning to “disproved” or “showed that something is not true”?

.....

33. According to Crystal, when were most texting abbreviations created?

.....



Choose the correct answer from A, B, C or D. Write the letter in the box provided.

34. According to Crystal, abbreviations in texting ...

- A. are very frequently used by young people.
- B. are evidence that people do not know how to spell.
- C. are used because they are quick and fashionable.
- D. are also frequently used in homework and exams.

35. Texting proves that English ...

- A. is declining.
- B. is adapting well.
- C. is a demanding language.
- D. is reluctant to change.

Answer the following question.

36. Which phrase between **lines 44–50** is closest in meaning to “really needs”?

.....



TEXT D — MOTHER AND DAUGHTER

37. From statements A to J, select the **four** that are true according to text D. Write the appropriate letters in the boxes provided. [4 marks]

- A. *Annie wanted to show that she could be a good mother and have a good job.*
- B. Annie and Grace sometimes appeared together in women’s magazines.
- C. Before her change of job, Annie could organize her own time.
- D. Annie was never happy when working on the magazine.
- E. Being a magazine editor had affected Annie’s home life.
- F. Annie and Grace had positive “quality time” together.
- G. Grace’s horse riding maintained her relationship with Annie.
- H. Grace felt closer to Robert than to Annie.
- I. Annie had been her mother’s favourite child.
- J. Annie wanted to treat Grace as her mother had treated her.

Example: A

Choose the correct answer from A, B, C or D. Write the letter in the box provided.

38. Grace’s comment in **lines 7–8** shows that she ...

- A. felt it was immoral to do this type of photo shoot.
- B. felt Annie had hidden the fact that she was a mother.
- C. thought that people with children looked younger.
- D. thought that Annie was proud of being a mother.



Find the word in the right-hand column that could meaningfully replace one of the words on the left.

Example: piece (line 4)

B

A. surrounding

39. trace (line 9)

B. article

40. strain (line 18)

C. basis

41. transforming (line 18)

D. suggestion

42. encircling (line 34)

E. section

F. changing

G. rush

H. involving

I. preserving

J. pressure

Answer the following questions.

43. Which word between lines 18–25 shows that Grace did not want to do her piano practice or her homework?

.....

44. What phrase between lines 26–31 suggests that horse riding is not understood by people in general?

.....

45. Which phrase between lines 32–36 tells us that there is no way of avoiding inheriting the characteristics of one’s parents?

.....



TEXT E — TIME AND CHILDHOOD

Answer the following questions.

46. When does the author say that time moves most slowly for children?

.....

47. Which phrase between **lines 1–10** expresses the idea that adult life is short?

.....

48. Which word between **lines 1–10** is closest in meaning to “collect and organize”?

.....

49. The writer uses exaggeration when he says that time in Kid World “goes on for decades” (*line 5*). Find another example of exaggeration concerning time between **lines 16–23**.

.....



Choose the correct answer from A, B, C or D. Write the letter in the box provided.

50. The boy’s impression of Dr Brewster was that he ...

- A. was very nervous.
- B. seemed very old.
- C. had a steady hand.
- D. was a confident dentist.

51. When he started up his dental tools, Dr Brewster was ...

- A. always startled.
- B. rather proud.
- C. very frightened.
- D. sometimes worried.

52. On Sunday mornings, the boy ...

- A. found time passed quickly.
- B. ate his breakfast very fast.
- C. watched the TV screen expectantly.
- D. knew exactly when *Sky King* would begin.

Answer the following questions.

53. Which phrase shows it was not difficult for Kirby Grant to be “America’s favourite flying cowboy”?

.....

54. What did the villains do while Sky landed and got out of his plane?

.....

55. Which phrase between **lines 26–30** means “very young”?

.....



Choose the correct answer from A, B, C or D. Write the letter in the box provided.

56. The *Sky King* series was cancelled because ...

- A. the 1950s were intellectually undemanding years.
- B. the idea of a flying cowboy made the plot artificial.
- C. the villains had too much imagination.
- D. the main actor moved too quickly.

57. The style of this extract is mainly ...

- A. nostalgic.
 - B. factual.
 - C. humorous.
 - D. critical.
-



Please **do not** write on this page.

Answers written on this page
will not be marked.

Veillez **ne pas** écrire sur cette page.

Les réponses rédigées sur cette page
ne seront pas corrigées.

No escriba en esta página.

Las respuestas que se escriban en
esta página no serán corregidas.



16EP15

Please **do not** write on this page.

Answers written on this page
will not be marked.

Veillez **ne pas** écrire sur cette page.

Les réponses rédigées sur cette page
ne seront pas corrigées.

No escriba en esta página.

Las respuestas que se escriban en
esta página no serán corregidas.



16EP16