# **MARKSCHEME**

**May 2006** 

## **DESIGN TECHNOLOGY**

**Standard Level** 

Paper 3

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### Option A — Raw material to final product

A1. (a) Award [1] for each material.

a diamine/diamide; adipic acid;

[2]

(b) Award [1] each for a short sentence on each of the three processes.

cleaning;

washing away foreign particles;

combing;

brushing the cotton fibres;

spinning;

spin fibers into thread;

[3]

**A2.** Award [1] for each reason.

it will not rust;

it is strong/hard/stiff;

abundant material;

[2]

**A3.** Award [1] each for the **two** points.

toughened glass will shatter;

laminated glass may crack but cracks will not spread;

[2]

**A4.** Award [1] for the identification of a reason [2 max] and [2] for the explanation of each reason. waterproof;

cotton is absorbent;

so needs to be treated for waterproofing;

## degradation;

cotton is degraded by ultraviolet rays/sunlight;

cotton is degraded by air pollutants;

so needs to be treated for these;

#### hardwearing;

cotton will wear in abrasive situations;

chemical treatments make the fabric tougher;

#### less flammable;

danger of cooking outdoors;

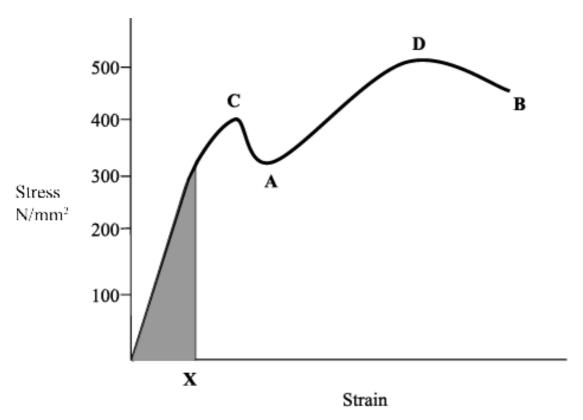
dry cotton burns easily;

## Option B — Microstructures and macrostructures

**B1.** (a) Award [1] for the correct value of the yield stress and [1] for identifying point D. yield stress – 400 N/mm<sup>2</sup>; ultimate stress = D;

[2]

(b) Award [2] for shading the area bordered by the curve and the horizontal axis and a vertical line from X.



**B1** Stress-Figure strain curve

**B2.** Award [1] for each distinct point in an evaluation of strain.

members supporting the deck are under strain; load must be within the members elastic limit;

if stressed beyond the limit of the material, it will fail;

[3]

[2]

**B3.** Award [1] for each of two points.

the added alloy distorts the regular metal lattice;

the layers are then more difficult to move over each other, increasing tensile strength;

[2]

**B4.** Award [1] for each distinct point in an explanation.

deformation occurs;

layers of atoms sliding over one another; as this sliding occurs, the metal grains become distorted / the atom layers buckle; there is a rapid increase of dislocations within the grains;

because of the dislocation further deformation becomes more difficult;

and the metal becomes harder;

[6]

## **Option C** — **Appropriate technologies**

C1. (a) Award [1] for each point in a discussion. electricity costs less;

because it is generated from waste;

heat costs less;

because it is generated from waste;

no energy is consumed;

by having to remove the waste;

self sufficient;

advantage to the community in being; fertilizer becomes an income stream;

manure disposal no longer a problem;

less pollution;

solves waste management problem;

[2 max]

(b) Award [1] for the example and [2] for two points in the explanation [3max]. location;

biogas plant located near the source of waste; so waste doesn't have to be transported;

integrated mechanisms;

facilities for spreading fertilizer integrated into the design; to make it easy for collection and distribution;

energy conservation;

farm consumes energy;

system produces cheap energy;

[3 max]

**C2.** Award [1] for each of two points in an outline.

it meets the needs of the present;

helps ensure that future needs will also be met by not using a finite resource;

[2]

**C3.** Award [1] for each point in an outline.

small scale;

energy efficient;

alternative to current mainstream;

new equipment or organizational forms;

[2 max]

## C4. Award [1] for the identification of an issue and [2] for two points in a discussion. employment;

some people may lose their jobs; opportunities for retraining should be provided;

#### income generation;

basis of income generation may change; may be a loss of income;

## cost-benefit analyses;

maybe some costs involved; not immediately economical; environmental vs manufacturing costs;

## human displacement;

location of people's activities may be forced to change; people may be forced to relocate;

[2 max]

## Option D — Food technology

fat;

carbohydrate;

**D1.** (a) Award [1] for each type of information. expiry date; safe storage details; serving information; ingredients; additives; warnings; [2 max] (b) Award [1] for the identification of a food product, and [1] for each of the healthconscious reason for its development. low fat milk; desire not to be overweight; desire to consume less fatty foods; naturally sweetened candy; consume less sugar; avoid infected teeth; modified with additives; balanced nutritious diet; certain vitamins needed; [3 max] **D2.** Award [1] for each of two points in a description. pasteurization involves heating; heat kills the micro-organisms/harmful bacteria;; [2 max] **D3.** Award [1] for each of two points in a list. protein;

**D4.** Award [1] each for identifying an advantage and a disadvantage [2 max] and [2] each for an explanation of an advantage and a disadvantage [4 max]. advantage

labelling;

to give important consumer information; opportunity for product promotion;

preservation;

packing keeps the product free of contaminants; provides for a longer shelf life;

containerization;

ease of transport;

ease of storage for customer and retailer;

#### disadvantage

increase costs;

packaging adds to the cost of the product; increases time from production to delivery; pollution;

disposal may be a pollutant if not biodegradable; disposal becomes consumers responsibility;

## Option E — Computer aided design, manufacturing and production

**E1.** (a) Award [1] for each of two points. quick response to design changes; graphic and clear presentation of ideas; enhanced communication/consumers can understand designers ideas/ideas sent over distance, e.g. internet; [2 max](b) Award [1] for naming a criteria and [2] for stating the reason why. desired outcome; type of interiors to be designed; how images are to be presented; format for clients to read; time: time to learn package; time to develop images required; extensive training required; cost; relate to size of organization/volume of production; becomes a fixed cost of production; extra features; features to suit the type of modelling; such as walk-throughs; provide production drawings; designers needs; able to paste in furniture and backgrounds; extensive library of components; provides all essential features; [3 max] **E2.** Award [1] for identifying the resource and [1] for why it conserves resources. time: may use previous designs and change them; materials; done on computer, so less materials used; energy; no materials for physical models need to be produced or processed; [2 max] **E3.** Award [1] for each point in a list of two points. new skills required/training; cleaner work environment with CAM; work may be done in remote location; may get laid off because fewer workers required/redundancies; safer working environment; [2 max]

## **E4.** Award [1] for the identification of each reason and [2] for the explanation of each reason.

saves on storage space;

only produces what is needed;

less need for storage;

#### reduced overheads/fewer unsold items;

less money tied up in inventory; less danger of unsold surplus;

#### reduced capital investment;

funding available for other business needs; potential for higher profits;

#### ease of communication;

components etc can be viewed by clients; reliability of deliveries can be ensured to avoid stockpiles;

#### less labour;

Not moving stock around so much; Less security requirement;

## Option F — Invention, innovation and design

**F1.** (a) Award [1] for each distinct point in a description. it is an adaptation of a previously existing design/small change; the pump is now in a new location; more versatile bicycle seat; [2] Award [1] for the invention, and [2] for why it was important. synthetic rubber; cheaper; could be mass produced; valves; enabled pneumatics; controlled air pressure; pump; required to get air into the tube; required for owner to be able to replace leaked air; jointing techniques; rubber fusion to metal; enabled in-built valves; [3 max] **F2.** Award [1] for each of two reasons. fear of theft of pump; extra additional expense of pump above initial purchase; pumps getting lost; pump with the bike all the time; improve bike aesthetics; increased popularity of cycling; [2 max] **F3.** Award [1] for the point of comparison and [1] for a comment. influence: LI less influential than the PC; business acumen; PC more that LI; objectivity; PC more than LI who is more emotionally involved; LI may be moe dogmatic and less flexible than PC; Creativity; LI creative in design; PC creative in business; Access to finance; LI more likely than PC; [2 max]

## **F4.** Award [1] each for two demands [2 max] and [2] each for two reasons [4 max]. cheap transport; continued need for mass production; alternative to more expensive transport; exercise; people use bikes as a form of exercise; enables people to keep fit; aesthetics: some bikes are a status symbol; fashion is an important criteria for some; competition; need for light weight; durable / ergonomic; specialist markets; mountain bike; folding bike; BMX; racing etc; safety; developments in making cycling safer e.g. brake design; ergonomics of layout; lighting; comfort; suspensions; saddle; shortage of storage space: homes smaller; produce bikes that easily take apart; folding bikes; ease of transporting on public transport /car; light weight; produce bikes that easily take apart; folding bikes; lighter bike; less effort to ride; easier to transport; ease of use of gears: be able to select gear ratio required at any time; integrated grip gears;

green transport; uses no fossil fuel while being used; has long life expectancy;/easy to repair

[2 max]

## Option G — Health by design

Ease of manufacture;

Metals suitable for volume production;

**G1.** (a) Award [1] for each criteria. surface should not encourage blood clots; should be compliant / elastic; maintain long term tensile strength; must be biocompatible; uniform volume production; withstand repeated sterilization; available in a variety of sizes; [2 max] Award [1] for a difference and [2] for explaining the difference. stability; weave is dimensionally stable; knitting is not dimensionally stable; porosity; weave has low permeability; knitting is very porous; flexibility; low for weave: high for knitting; strength; weave has a high bursting strength / good fatigue resistance; knitting is less strong; [3 max] **G2.** Award [1] for the identification of a development and [1] for its description. lowered rejection rates; incubation of cells on the prosthesis to avoid rejection; computer modelling; computer models used to optimize design and simulate fabrication; multi dimensional walls; thicker walls at the ends to make attachment easier; [2 max] **G3.** Award [1] for a reason and [1] for an expansion of the reason. Impervious / porosity; Most metals are non-porous; Biocompatibility; Most metals are biocompatible;

G4. Award [1] for each point in an explanation [6 max].

Pro Osteon is developed from coral into hydroxyapatite; the same material as bone with a similar pore structure; material provides a matrix; new bone tissue can grow in the matrix; material functions as bone temporarily; material can be sharp;

[6]

## **Option H** — Electronic products

**H1.** (a) Award [1] for a statement of a use and [1] for a point in an outline.

Reacting to light;

closing curtains when the light gets bright;

turning lights off;

at sunrise, switching lights off;

any e.g. where an action is taken by a motor as a result of increasing light conditions

[2 max]

(b) Award [1] for identifying the component as a diode and [2] for two points in an explanation.

diode;

protects the relay;

allows electricity to flow in only one direction;

[3]

**H2.** Award [1] for each point in a description.

amplify a low/small input voltage;

can be inverting or non-inverting;

can compare two input voltages;

[2 max]

**H3.** Award [1] for an indication in the diagram of closed loop and [1] for an indication of open loop.

Diagram must indicate the following:

closed loop will have a complete circuit;

open loop will have opportunity for variable input at some place in the circuit;

[2]

**H4.** Award [1] each for naming two impacts [2 max] and [2] each for a discussion of the impacts [4 max].

Mobility;

Products are small so easier to carry;

People are not encumbered with products and so are more mobile;

Convenience;

Easy to carry products;

More convenient to carry them all the time;

Communication;

Communication products (phone, music) easy to carry;

People inclined to communicate more;