# MARKSCHEME 

## May 2014

## CLASSICAL GREEK

## Standard Level

## Paper 2

This markscheme is confidential and for the exclusive use of examiners in this examination session.

It is the property of the International Baccalaureate and must not be reproduced or distributed to any other person without the authorization of the IB Assessment Centre.

## Genre: Epic

1. (a) Award [1 mark] each up to [3 marks] for any reference to the Cyclopes's role in mythology such as their nature as giants; sons of Uranus and Gaia; being locked in Tartarus by Uranus and then by Cronus; being freed by Cronus and then by Zeus; their role in helping Zeus in fighting the Titans, etc.
(b) Odysseus has just invoked Zeus [1 mark] in his quality of protector (or avenger) [1 mark] of strangers (or suppliants) [1 mark].
 he is cunning (lines 279-280) [1 mark]; he is like a lion nurtured in the mountains ( $\omega \varsigma \tau \varepsilon \lambda \varepsilon ́ \omega v$ ő $\rho \varepsilon \sigma i ́ \tau \rho о \varphi о \varsigma) ~[1 ~ m a r k] . ~$

 [1 mark].
(e) Mark only for length of syllables. Award [1 mark] per line if all correct; no mark otherwise.
2. (a) Odysseus's companions [1 mark]. Award [1 mark] each up to [3 marks] for any details, such as: they were reproaching Odysseus for drawing Poliphemus's attention by calling him and telling him his real name. The Cyclops reacted by throwing a huge rock at them.
(b) It is a ritual gift [1 mark] offered to guests when they are leaving [1 mark]. Other points on their merits.
(c) Consequences: revealing his position to the Cyclops [1 mark]; exposing himself to the Cyclops's curse [1 mark]; or similar comments on their merits. Reasons: out of rage [1 mark]; as a hero, Odysseus wants to make his name known [1 mark].
(d) Award [1 mark] each up to [2 marks] for any of: ò $\lambda i \not \gamma o s(s m a l l) ; ~ o v ̉ \tau \iota \delta \alpha o ̀ s ~(o f ~ n o ~ a c c o u n t, ~$ worthless); ӓкıкия (powerless, feeble).
(e) Award [3 marks] for a correct answer, or for an answer with no more than one minor error (tense, number, etc); [ 2 marks] for answers with two or three minor errors or one major error; [1 mark] for answers with two major errors (or the equivalent). Otherwise, award no mark.

## Genre: Historiography

3. (a) Award [3 marks] for a correct answer, or for an answer with no more than one minor error (tense, number, etc); [ 2 marks] for answers with two or three minor errors or one major error; [1 mark] for answers with two major errors (or the equivalent). Otherwise, award no mark.
(b) He ascends to the citadel [1 mark]; visits it [1 mark] and enquires about all the events that happened there [1 mark]; sacrifices a thousand cattle to the Athena of Ilium [1 mark].
(c) Priests (of Mazda/Zoroaster) [1 mark]; their responsibilities include performance of rites/sacrifices [1 mark] and interpretation of dreams [1 mark]. Do not accept vague references to "magic".
(d) Award [1 mark] each up to [2 marks] for any correct detail such as: on the Asiatic side of the Hellespont/Dardanelles; in Mysia; in the Troas; in northwestern Turkey; on the strait connecting the Aegean sea to the Sea of Marmara.
(e) Award [1 mark] each up to [3 marks] for any correct details such as: it lies on a hill; is made of white stone; it has been built in advance; for this very purpose; by the people of Abydos; at the king's command.
4. (a) Artabanus/the uncle of Xerxes [1 mark]. Award [1 mark] each up to [3 marks] for any correct reference to the situation such as: Xerxes' dreams; Xerxes weeping on the shores of the Hellespont; Artabanus telling him of two possible kinds of dangers, etc.
(b) Award [3 marks] for a correct answer, or for an answer with no more than one minor error (tense, number, etc); [2 marks] for answers with two or three minor errors or one major error; [1 mark] for answers with two major errors (or the equivalent). Otherwise, award no mark.


(d) Award [1 mark] up to [3 marks] for any correct detail such as: the further he advances; the more hostile the land will become; as his land becomes bigger and bigger; it will cause famine. Quotation of the Greek text is not required.
(e) Be diffident/take into account all the possible circumstances beforehand [1 mark]; but be bold once in action [1 mark].

## Genre: Tragedy

5. (a) She honours those who revere her power [1 mark], but overthrows those who act proudly towards her [1 mark].
(b) Mark only for length of syllables. Award [1 mark] per line if all correct; no mark otherwise.
(c) Award [1 mark] each up to [3 marks] for any supported answer such as: he says that she is the worst of divinities ( $\lambda \dot{\gamma} \gamma \varepsilon \iota ~ к \alpha к i ́ \sigma \tau \eta \nu ~ \delta \alpha \mu o ́ v \omega v ~ \pi \varepsilon \varphi \cup к \varepsilon ́ v \alpha ı) ; ~ h e ~ r e f u s e s ~ t h e ~ m a r r i a g e-b e d ~$ ( $\alpha v \alpha i ́ v \varepsilon \tau \alpha 1 ~ \delta \grave{\varepsilon} \lambda \varepsilon ́ \kappa \tau \rho \alpha$ ); will not have anything to do with marriage (коט̉ $\psi \alpha v ́ \varepsilon ı ~ \gamma \alpha ́ \mu \omega v) ; ~$ he exclusively worships Artemis (Фоíßov $\delta$ ' $\dot{\alpha} \delta \varepsilon \lambda \varphi \eta ̀ v ~ ’ A \rho \tau \varepsilon \mu \nu v ~ . . . ~ \tau ı \mu \tilde{q})$.
(d) Dramatic irony [1 mark]: the audience knows [1 mark] what awaits the protagonist [1 mark], while he does not know [1 mark]. Other acceptable answers include: word position ( $\tau \mu \omega \rho \eta ́ \sigma o \mu \alpha \imath)$; sense of urgency ( $\left.\dot{\varepsilon} v \tau \tilde{n} \delta^{\prime} \dot{\eta} \mu \dot{\varepsilon} \rho \alpha\right)$ ); premeditation ( $\pi \dot{\alpha}^{\lambda} \lambda \alpha ı \pi \rho о \kappa o ́ \psi \alpha \sigma^{\prime}$ ); etc.
(e) Pittheus [1 mark], Theseus's grandfather (or Hippolytus's great-grandfather)/raised Hippolytus [1 mark]; Pandion [1 mark], legendary king of Athens [1 mark].
6. (a) Suggestion: accept her love-sickness (since it was sent by the gods) [1 mark] and use incantations or charms to cure it [1 mark]. Grounds for rejection: that her words are wellspoken [1 mark] but disgraceful [1 mark].
(b) Award [3 marks] for a correct answer, or for an answer with no more than one minor error (tense, number, etc); [2 marks] for answers with two or three minor errors or one major error; [1 mark] for answers with two major errors (or the equivalent). Otherwise, award no mark.
(c) She fears the nurse could reveal the truth to Hippolytus [1 mark]; she wants to know about the precise nature of the remedy but the nurse refuses to answer her [1 mark]; she fears the nurse is deceiving her [1 mark].
(d) Marine, ie born from the sea [1 mark] and Cypris, ie from Cyprus [1 mark]. It refers to Aphrodite [1 mark].
(e) At first she doesn't seem to accept the nurse's advice [1 mark]; but in the end, allows her implicitly to carry on her plan [1 mark].

## Genre: Comedy

7. (a) His debts [1 markj; the unfair match with his wife [1 mark]; and his son's passion for horses [1 mark].
(b) Award [1 mark] each up to [4 marks] for any relevant remark supported by the Greek text: the relationship between Strepsiades and his wife should be highlighted by details such as: irony about his "excellent wife" ( $\tau \mathfrak{\eta} ~ \gamma \cup v \alpha ı \kappa i ̀ ~ \tau \alpha ̉ \gamma \alpha \theta \tilde{\eta})$; quarreling ( $\grave{\lambda}$ oı $\delta$ opov́ $\mu \varepsilon \theta \alpha$ ); social differences about choice of name (ï $\pi \pi 0 v$ vs. $\Phi \varepsilon \iota \delta \omega v i ́ \delta \eta v$, lit. "thrifty son"); or origins (noble М $\varepsilon \gamma \alpha \kappa \lambda \varepsilon ́ \eta \varsigma$ vs. the rocky district of $\Phi \varepsilon \lambda \lambda \varepsilon ́ \omega \varsigma)$.
(c) Modelled on medical terms ǐкโє $\rho \circ \varsigma$ (icterus/jaundice) or v̌ $\delta \varepsilon \rho \circ \varsigma$ (dropsy) [1 mark]; compound of ïл $\pi \mathrm{o}$ ¢ plus $\check{c} \rho \omega \varsigma$ [1 mark].
(d) Award [3 marks] for a correct answer, or for an answer with no more than one minor error (tense, number, etc); [2 marks] for answers with two or three minor errors or one major error; [1 mark] for answers with two major errors (or the equivalent). Otherwise, award no mark.
(e) Award [1 mark] each up to [3 marks] for any such relevant remark such as: he tries to be very sweet towards him ( $\eta \delta \iota \sigma \tau$ ’); calling him with affectionate names ( $\Phi \varepsilon \iota \delta ı \pi \pi i \delta \eta ~ \Phi \varepsilon \iota \delta ı \pi \pi i \delta \iota o v$ ); in order to persuade him ( $\alpha v \alpha \pi \varepsilon i \sigma \omega$ : he is instrumental to his plan). Quotation of the Greek text is not required.
8. (a) Award [1 mark] each up to [4 marks] for each example. Answers might highlight the following points: sanguine temperament with use of colourful/coarse language ( $\dot{\varepsilon} \pi v \gamma \dot{\gamma} \dot{\mu} \eta \nu \tau \grave{\alpha}$ $\sigma \pi \lambda \alpha ́ \gamma \chi v \alpha$ ); boasting ( $\eta \tau \tau \omega v \ldots$... $\dot{\varepsilon} \lambda \lambda \dot{\eta} \theta \eta \nu$ ); contempt of "deep thinkers" ( $\dot{\varepsilon} v$ тoĩ

 of the Greek text is not required.
(b) Award [3 marks] for a correct answer, or for an answer with no more than one minor error (tense, number, etc); [ 2 marks] for answers with two or three minor errors or one major error; [1 mark] for answers with two major errors (or the equivalent). Otherwise, award no mark.
(c) Wasting time chatting or discussing [1 mark] in the public/market place [1 mark].
(d) Award [1 mark] each up to [4 marks] for any remark such as: cold baths were traditionally associated with rigorous education; the Spartans did not allow youngsters to take warm baths;
 good to take warm baths; warm baths were very popular among the young Athenians ( $\pi \lambda \tilde{\eta} \rho \varepsilon \varsigma$ tò $\beta \alpha \lambda \alpha \nu \varepsilon$ ̃ov $\pi 0 เ \varepsilon \tilde{)}$.
(e) Award [1 mark] each up to [2 marks] for any of the following: take cold baths; attend palaestras; be modest ( $\sigma \omega \varphi \rho$ oveiv).

## Genre：Philosophy

9．（a）At the Heliaia（law court）［1 markj；he is speaking to the jury，composed of Athenian citizens ［1 mark］；he is charged with unjust behaviour（ $\dot{\alpha} \delta$ ©кغ $)$ ）or wasting his time investigating earthly and heavenly things（ $\pi \varepsilon \rho \iota \varepsilon \rho \gamma \alpha ́ \zeta \varepsilon \tau \alpha \downarrow ~ \zeta \eta \tau \omega ̃ \nu \tau \alpha ́ ~ \tau \varepsilon$ v́ $\pi$ ò $\gamma \tilde{\eta} \varsigma \kappa \alpha i ̀ ~ o u ̉ \rho \alpha ́ v i \alpha)$ or being a sophist（ $\tau$ òv $\eta \tau \tau \omega ~ \lambda o ́ \gamma o v ~ к \rho \varepsilon i ́ \tau \tau \omega ~ \pi о เ ต ̃ v) ~[1 ~ m a r k] . ~$.
（b）Award［1 mark］each up to［4 marks］for any appropriate remark such as：they have given a satirical portrayal；like the one given by Aristophanes；of somebody concerned with theoretical research（ $\zeta \eta \tau \varpi ̃ v ~ \tau \alpha ́ ~ \tau \varepsilon ~ ט ́ \pi o ̀ ~ \gamma \tilde{\eta} \varsigma ~ \kappa \alpha i ̀ ~ o v ̉ \rho \alpha ́ v i \alpha) ~ o r ~ s o p h i s t i c ~ a r g u m e n t s ~(\tau o ̀ v ~ \eta ̋ \tau \tau \omega ~$ $\lambda o ́ \gamma o v$ к $\rho \varepsilon i ́ \tau \tau \omega ~ \pi о \iota \tilde{\omega} v)$ ；or engaged in improbable activities such as air－walking（ $\dot{\alpha} \varepsilon \rho \circ \beta \alpha \tau \varepsilon i v)$ or just talking nonsense（ $\varphi \lambda v \alpha \rho i ́ \alpha v ~ \varphi \lambda v \alpha \rho o v ̃ v \tau \alpha)$ ．
（c）Their accusation is just slander（ $\left.\delta 1 \alpha \beta \frac{\partial \eta}{\eta} \ldots \delta \varepsilon \dot{\varepsilon} \beta \alpha \lambda \lambda o v \ldots \delta i \alpha \beta \dot{\alpha} \lambda \lambda o v \tau \varepsilon \varsigma\right)$［1 mark］；it is more


（d）Award［1 mark］each up to［2 marks］for examples such as：repetition，anaphora，polyptoton，
 ой $\tau \mu \varepsilon ́ \gamma \alpha$ ой $\tau \varepsilon \mu \kappa \rho o ̀ v ; ~ ŋ ̀ ~ \mu \kappa \kappa \rho o ̀ v ~ \eta ̄ ~ \mu \varepsilon ́ \gamma \alpha, ~ e t c . ~$
（e）Award［3 marks］for a correct answer，or for an answer with no more than one minor error （tense，number，etc）；［2 marks］for answers with two or three minor errors or one major error； ［1 mark］for answers with two major errors（or the equivalent）．Otherwise，award no mark．

10．（a）His style of speech is prophetic（ $\chi \rho \eta \sigma \mu \varphi \delta \tilde{\eta} \sigma \alpha ı$ ）［1 mark］or oracular（ $\mu \alpha v \tau \varepsilon v \sigma \alpha ́ \mu \varepsilon v o \varsigma)$ ［1 mark］．He can speak in this manner because he is going to die soon［1 mark］．
（b）Award［1 mark］each up to［3 marks］for any point such as：they will incur a punishment； which will be far more grievous than Socrates＇s punishment of death．They will be forced to give an account；their accusers will be harsher and（inasmuch）younger；they will be much more vexed／annoyed．
（c）Somebody reproaching them（oveıסi弓siv）［1 mark］because of their（wrong）way of living （ő兀ı ov̉火 ỏp $\theta \tilde{\omega} \varsigma ~ \zeta \tilde{\eta} \tau \varepsilon$ ）［1 mark］．
（d）Award［3 marks］for a correct answer，or for an answer with no more than one minor error （tense，number，etc）；［ 2 marks］for answers with two or three minor errors or one major error； ［1 mark］for answers with two major errors（or the equivalent）．Otherwise，award no mark．
（e）The Eleven（magistrates）［1 mark］attend to the practicalities of the sentence （prison，execution，etc）［1 mark］．Socrates has just been sentenced to death［1 mark］and will soon be led to the prison［1 mark］．

