Student Bounty Com HONG KONG EXAMINATIONS AND ASSESSMENT AUTHORITY HONG KONG DIPLOMA OF SECONDARY EDUCATION EXAMINATION

COMBINED SCIENCE — BIOLOGY

(Sample Paper)

Time allowed: 1 hour 40 minutes This paper must be answered in English.

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. There are TWO sections, A and B, in this Paper. Section A carries 24 marks and Section B carries 56 marks. You are advised to finish Section A in about 25 minutes.
- 2. Section A consists of multiple-choice questions in this question book. Section B contains conventional questions printed separately in Question-Answer Book B.
- Answers to Section A should be marked on the Multiple-choice Answer Sheet while answers to Section B should be written in the spaces provided in Question-Answer Book B. The Answer Sheet for Section A and the Question-Answer Book for Section B must be handed in separately at the end of the examination.

SECTION A (MULTIPLE-CHOICE QUESTIONS)

INSTRUCTIONS FOR SECTION A

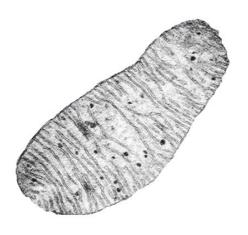
- Read carefully the instructions on the Answer Sheet. Stick a barcode label and insert the information required in the spaces provided.
- 2. When told to open this book, you should check that all the questions are there. Look for the words 'END OF **SECTION A'** after the last question.
- 3. All questions carry equal marks.
- ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS. You are advised to use an HB pencil to mark all the answers on the Answer 4. Sheet, so that wrong marks can be completely erased with a clean rubber.
- 5. You should mark only **ONE** answer for each question. If you mark more than one answer, you will receive NO MARKS for that question.
- No marks will be deducted for wrong answers. 6.

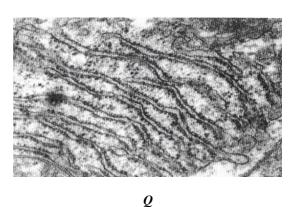
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There are 24 questions in this section.

The diagrams in this section are NOT necessarily drawn to scale.

Student Bounts, com Questions 1 and 2 refer to the electron micrographs and the table below. The electron micrographs Directions: show two sub-cellular structures, P and Q, of a eukaryotic cell, while the table shows the relative abundance of these two structures in four cell types in the human body:



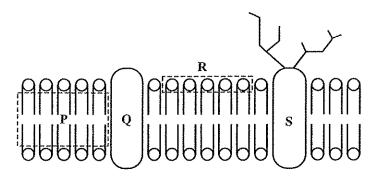


P

Cell type	Structure P	Structure Q
1	++++	+++
2	++++	+
3	+	+
4	_	_

Key: number of '+' represents the relative abundance of the structure '-' represents absence of the structure

- The relative abundance of structures P and Q in the epithelial cells of the air sacs of the lungs is most likely 1. to be similar to that of
 - A. cell type 1.
 - B. cell type 2.
 - cell type 3. C.
 - D. cell type 4.
- 2. Which of the following can be found in structure P?
 - ATP (1)
 - (2) enzymes
 - (3) glycogen
 - A. (1) only
 - (1) and (2) only B.
 - C. (2) and (3) only
 - D. (1), (2) and (3)



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Which labelled part would restrict the movement of ions across the membrane?

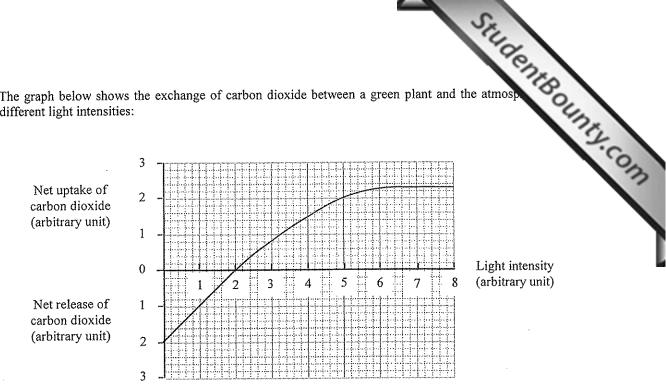
- A. P
- B. Q
- C. R
- D. S
- 4. The diagram below shows the lengths of three fresh potato cylinders before and after they were immersed in three sucrose solutions of different concentrations for one hour:

	Solution X	Solution Y	Solution Z
Before immersion			
After immersion			

When arranged from the lowest to the highest water potential, the sequence of the three solutions would be

- A. X, Z, Y.
- B. Y, X, Z.
- C. Y, Z, X.
- D. Z, Y, X.
- 5. Which of the following are made up of proteins?
 - (1) finger nails
 - (2) chromosomes
 - (3) amylase
 - A. (1) and (2) only
 - B. (1) and (3) only
 - C. (2) and (3) only
 - D. (1), (2) and (3)

The graph below shows the exchange of carbon dioxide between a green plant and the atmosp 6. different light intensities:



Which of the following can be deduced from the graph?

- At 1 unit of light intensity, only respiration occurs. (1)
- At 2 units of light intensity, no net photosynthesis occurs. (2)
- At 7 units of light intensity, the rate of photosynthesis is higher than the rate of respiration. (3)
 - (1) and (2) only A.
 - (1) and (3) only B,
 - (2) and (3) only C.
 - D. (1), (2) and (3)

Directions:

Questions 7 and 8 refer to an investigation to study the effect of diet on the performance. Three groups of athletes were each fed on a different diet for three days. The concent glycogen in their leg muscles was then measured. The athletes then exercised on a cycling ma at maximum level until they were exhausted. The results of the investigation are shown in the chart below:

Time to exhaustion (minute)

150

Normal diet

100

High fat diet

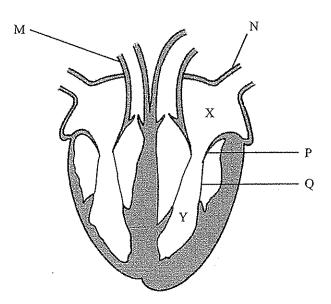
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1 2 3 4

- Concentration of glycogen in muscle at the start of the exercise (g per 100 g of muscle)
- 7. In order to make a valid comparison of the investigation results, the amount of proteins, vitamins and minerals in the diets have to be the same. Apart from these substances, what other parameter of the diets has to be identical?
 - A. mass of the food intake
 - B. water content of the diet
 - C. energy content of the diet
 - D. proportion of dietary fibre in the diet
- 8. With reference to the bar chart, what conclusion can be drawn from the results of the investigation?
 - A. A high-fat diet has a higher energy content than a high-carbohydrate diet.
 - B. The amount of fat stored in the leg muscles is smaller than the amount of glycogen stored.
 - C. The leg muscles undergo anaerobic respiration more readily when the athletes have a high-fat
 - D. The more the glycogen stored, the longer the athlete can carry out vigorous exercise.
- 9. Which of the following secretions contain digestive enzymes and are alkaline?
 - A. bile and saliva
 - B. saliva and gastric juice
 - C. bile and pancreatic juice
 - D. pancreatic juice and intestinal juice

Directions: Questions 10 and 11 refer to the diagram below, which shows a section of the heart:



Blood vessel N

10. Which of the following comparisons of blood vessels M and N is correct?

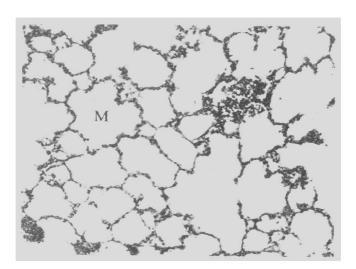
A.	thicker wall	thinner wall
B.	carbon dioxide present	carbon dioxide absent
C.	lower blood pressure	higher blood pressure
D.	lower urea content	higher urea content

11. Which of the following causes the closure of structure P?

Blood vessel M

- A. increase in tension of structure Q
- B. decrease in tension of structure Q
- C. decrease in pressure of chamber \hat{X}
- D. increase in pressure of chamber Y

Directions: Questions 12 to 14 refers to the photomicrograph below which shows a section of the hum

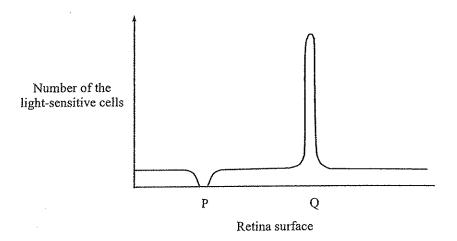


- 12. Which of the following features allow structures M to adapt to their function?
 - (1) folded surface
 - (2) thin and ciliated wall
 - (3) rich supply of blood capillaries
 - A. (1) and (2) only
 - B. (1) and (3) only
 - C. (2) and (3) only
 - D. (1), (2) and (3)
- 13. The air in structure M consists mostly of
 - A. nitrogen.
 - B. oxygen.
 - C. water vapour.
 - D. carbon dioxide.
- 14. What is the long-term effect of cigarette smoking on structure M?
 - A. The size of structure M decreases.
 - B. The number of structure M decreases.
 - C. The wall of structure M becomes more folded.
 - D. The lumen of structure M becomes filled with blood.

people suffering from diabetes B. people with smoking habits C.

D. people with weight problems

Student Bounty.com Questions 16 and 17 refer to the diagram below which shows the distribution of a type of light-Directions: sensitive cells on the surface of the retina:



Which of the following correctly identifies the type of light-sensitive cells and region Q? 16.

	Type of light-sensitive cells	Region Q
A.	rods	blind spot
B.	rods	yellow spot
C.	cones	blind spot
D.	cones	yellow spot

- Which of the following will occur when light is focussed on region P? 17.
 - no image will be formed
 - no vision will be generated В.
 - only black and white vision will be generated C.
 - colour vision will be generated D.
- What is the role of the cerebrum and cerebellum when a person is swimming? 18.

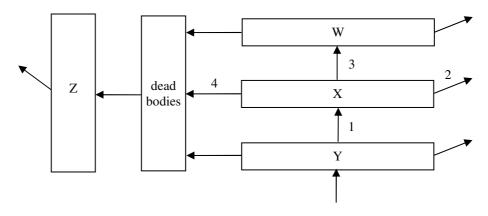
	Cerebrum	Cerevellum
A. B. C.	controls muscle contraction controls muscle contraction coordinates muscular actions	coordinates muscular actions regulates heart beat controls muscle contraction
D.	regulates heart beat	coordinates muscular action

Canaballum

- A. succession occurring on an abandoned farmland
- B. succession after a volcanic eruption
- C. succession after deforestation
- D. succession after a flood

Directions:

Student Bounts, com Questions 20 to 22 refer to the diagram below, which shows the flow of energy in an ecosystem. W, X and Y represent different trophic levels and Z represents another group of organisms in the ecosystem.



Key: direction of energy flow

- 20. Organisms Z are
 - A. predators.
 - B. pathogens.
 - C. parasites.
 - D. decomposers.
- 21. Energy is lost from the ecosystem through process 2. What is this process?
 - A. excretion
 - B. respiration
 - C. transpiration
 - D. decomposition
- 22. With reference to trophic level X, the largest amount of energy flow occurs in
 - A. 1.
 - B. 2.
 - C. 3.
 - D.

- 23. The chance of giving birth to a boy to that of a girl is 1:1. This is because
 - (1) each egg is fertilized by one sperm only.
 - (2) the fertilization of eggs and sperms is random.
- SHILDENT BOUNTY.COM (3) sperms carrying different sex chromosomes are produced in equal proportions.
 - (2) only A.
 - B. (1) and (3) only
 - C. (2) and (3) only
 - D. (1), (2) and (3)
- 24. Which of the following diseases *cannot* be prevented by good personal hygiene?
 - A. cholera
 - haemophilia B.
 - C. tuberculosis
 - D. athlete's foot

END OF SECTION A

Go on to Question-Answer Book B for questions on Section B

B

HONG KONG EXAMINATIONS AND ASSESSMENT AUTHORITY
HONG KONG DIPLOMA OF SECONDARY EDUCATION EXAMINATION

COMBINED SCIENCE — BIOLOGY (Sample Paper)

SECTION B: Question-Answer Book B

This paper must be answered in English.

INSTRUCTIONS

- (1) Write your Candidate Number in the space provided on Page 1.
- (2) Stick barcode labels in the spaces provided on Pages 1, 3, 5 and 7.
- (3) Refer to the general instructions on the cover of the Question Book for Section A.
- (4) The section carries 56 marks. Answer **ALL** questions..
- (5) Write your answers in the spaces provided in this Question-Answer Book. Do not write in the margins. Answers written in the margins will not be marked.
- (6) Supplementary answer sheets will be provided on request. Write your Candidate Number, mark the question number box and stick a barcode label on each sheet. Tie them loosely but securely with a string INSIDE this Question-Answer Book.
- (7) Present your answers in paragraphs wherever appropriate.
- (8) The diagrams in this section are **NOT** necessarily drawn to scale.

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Candidate Number							
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	Marker's Use Only	Examiner's Use Only			
	Marker No.	Examiner No.			
Question No.	Marks	Marks			
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3					
4					
5					
6					
7					
8					
9					
Total					

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Answers written in the margins will not be marked.

SECTION B

Answer ALL questions. Put your answers in the spaces provided.

1. For each of the biological processes listed in column 1, select *one* type of membrane transport mechanisms listed in column 2 that accounts for the process. Put the appropriate letter in the space provided. (2 marks)

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Haemolysis of red blood cells when placed in 0.1% sodium chloride solution

Uptake of oxygen into red blood cells

Column 2

- A. active transport
- B. diffusion
- C. osmosis
- D. phagocytosis

2. The photograph below shows a kind of dolphin that can be found in the coastal areas of Hong Kong:

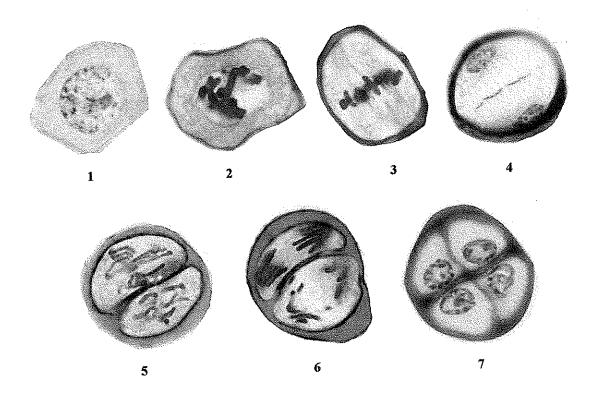


(a)	Based on two features of the dolphin observed in the photograph, state 1	how each feature
	enables it to adapt to this habitat.	(2 marks)

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	Please stick the ball	here
(b)	Please stick the ball. This dolphin is a protected species in Hong Kong. State how <i>two</i> human activities might pose threats to its survival in Hong Kong waters.	75.
	threats to its survival in Hong Kong waters. (2 marks)	
(c)	According to the modern classification systems, dolphin and goldfish belong to the same group but different sub-groups. State <i>one</i> structural difference between these two animals that forms the basis for classifying them into different sub-groups. (1 mark)	rked.
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3. The photomicrographs below show changes in a cell when it undergoes a certain type of cell division:



(a) State *two* processes occurring in stage 1 which prepare the cell for this type of cell division. (2 marks)

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	Explain the significance of the behaviour of chromosomes in stage 3 to the outcomes of this type of cell division.	ELIZ.
		3.0
(b)	Explain the significance of the behaviour of chromosomes in stage 3 to the outcomes of this type of cell division. (4 marks)	
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4.	During the course of history, scientists have developed different systems for classifying the diverse range of living organisms based on different criteria. The table below lists some of the different classification systems developed in the past centuries:

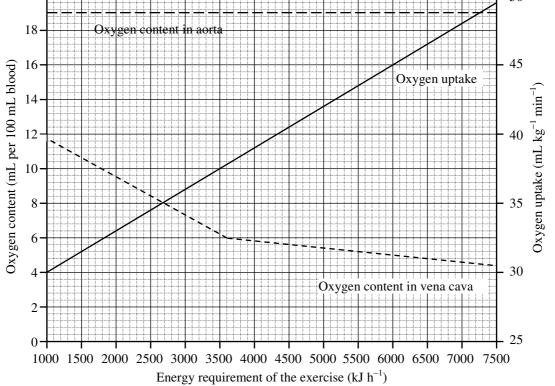
Scientist	Linnaeus	Chatton	Copeland	Whittaker	Woese et al.	Woese et al.
Year of proposal	1735	1937	1956	1969	1977	1990
System	2 kingdoms	2 empires	4 kingdoms	5 kingdoms	6 kingdoms	3 domains
	(not treated)	Prokaryota	Prokaryota	Prokaryota	Eubacteria	Bacteria
					Archaebacteria	Archaea
Carren			Protoctista	Protista	Protista	
Group	Vegetabilia	ia Eukaryota	Plantae	Fungi	Fungi	Eulrogyo
				Plantae	Plantae	Eukarya
	Animalia		Animalia	Animalia	Animalia	

(a)		937, Chatton classified all living organisms into two empires. List <i>two</i> major difference ween these two empires.	ferences (2 marks)
(b)		mplete the key below, which serves to classify eukaryotic organisms into four king posed by Whittaker:	doms as (3 marks)
	1a 1b	Predominantly unicellular	
	2a		
	2b		
	3a		
	3b		

Please stick the ban there Suggest <i>two</i> reasons why the classification system of organisms keeps changing over time.
Suggest <i>two</i> reasons why the classification system of organisms keeps changing over time. (2 marks)
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oxygen uptake of a person performing exercise of different intensities. The intensity of exercise is expressed as the energy requirement of the exercise.

20
18
Oxygen content in aorta



Answers written in the margins will not be marked.

(a) The energy requirements for running and leisurely cycling are 3600 kJ h⁻¹ and 1800 kJ h⁻¹ respectively. Calculate the difference in the blood oxygen content between the aorta and the vena cava for each type of exercise. (2 marks)

Running	:
Cycling	:

(b) How does the difference in blood oxygen content between the two blood vessels change with the intensity of exercise? Account for this change. (4 marks)	s change with	ference in blood oxygen content between the two blood oxygen content between the two blood oxygen.	
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6.

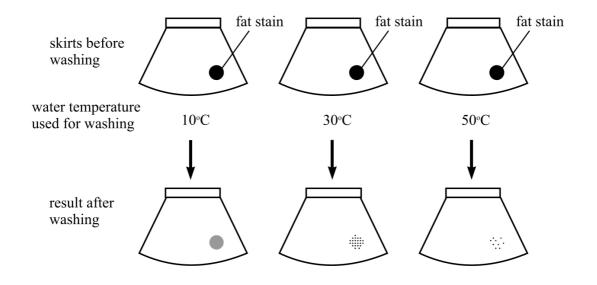
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Character	Anne	Jane
Body mass (at the age of 6)	20 kg	21 kg
Colour vision	normal	normal
Blood group	О	AB
IQ	110	105

(a)	State the type of twins they belong to. Explain how you arrive at your answer	r. (3 marks)

 (b) Deduce the blood group(s) of their parents. Explain your deduction. (Use the symbols I^A, I^B and i to represent the alleles for determining t groups.) 	(6 marks)
groups.)	he inheritance of blood
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7. A biological washing powder claims to contain the enzyme lipase which can help the removal of fat stains. To study the effectiveness of this biological washing powder, three identical skirts with identical fat stains were washed with the washing powder solutions of the same concentration but at different water temperatures. The investigation and its results are outlined below:

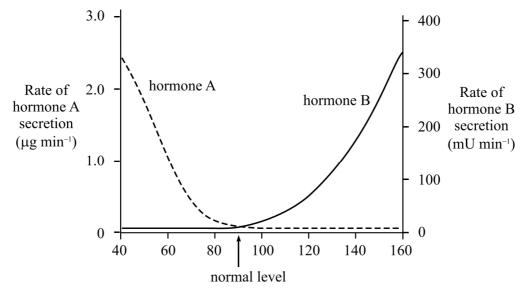


(N.B. The investigation was repeated at the three temperatures, but no washing powder was used. The fat stains on all three skirts remained unchanged.)

Answers written in the margins will not be marked.

(a)	what conclusion can be drawn from the results of this investigation?	(1 mark)

(non-biological) washing powder in removing	washing powder is more effective than ordinary fat stains. If you were the student, describe how but which washing powder is more effective.
you would carry out an investigation to find o	ut which washing powder is more effective. (5 marks)
	7



Blood glucose level (mg per 100 mL)

(a)	Which hormone will play an active role in the homeostatic control of blood glucose level
	when it drops from the normal level to 40 mg per 100 mL? Give evidence from the graph to
	support your answer. (3 marks)

(b) Name hormone A and state how this hormone contributes to the homeostatic control of blood glucose level. (3 marks)

Answers written in the margins will not be marked.

•	In terrestrial flowering plants, the structures for gas exchange are closely related to the system for water transport. Write an account of this relationship and comment on the significance of this relationship in terrestrial flowering plants. (9 marks)	1.3
	relationship in terrestrial flowering plants. (9 marks)	
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