# **RADLEY COLLEGE** Entrance Scholarships



## **MATHEMATICS I**

March 2007

Time allowed 1 hour

You may try the questions in any order.

No calculating aids may be used.

Show all working.

## 1. a) Work out exactly

i)	$42.8 \times 9.07$	(3 marks)
----	--------------------	-----------

b) Give the answers to the following as fractions in their simplest form

i)  $\frac{11}{18} - \frac{1}{6}$  (3 marks)

ii) 
$$4\frac{1}{5} \div 4\frac{2}{3}$$
 (3 marks)

iii) 
$$\left(2\frac{3}{5}+1\frac{1}{4}\right) \times 2\frac{6}{7}$$
 (4 marks)

## 2. Work out as simply as possible

a)  $638^2 - 362^2$  (4 marks)

b) 
$$(93 \times 59) - 59^2 - (59 \times 14)$$
 (4 marks)

c) 
$$(25 \times 69) - (31 \times 89) + (58 \times 31) + (69 \times 44)$$
 (4 marks)

d) 
$$\frac{(327 \times 298) + 298^2}{29.8 \times 25}$$
 (5 marks)

## 3. a) Multiply out and simplify

- i)  $(4x-2)^2$  (3 marks)
- ii)  $(3x y)(18x^2 + 6xy + 2y^2)$  (3 marks)

## b) Factorise fully

i)  $20x^2y + 24xy^2$  (3 marks)

ii) 
$$12x^2 - 27y^2$$
 (3 marks)

iii) 
$$x^2 - 9x + 20$$
 (3 marks)

c) Simplify

i) 
$$\frac{4x^2}{12x^3 + 16x}$$
 (3 marks)

ii) 
$$x^2 y^2 \div \left(\frac{x}{y^3}\right)$$
 (3 marks)

#### 4. Solve each of these equations for *x*

a) 5(3x-1) + 6(x-5) = 28 (3 marks)

b) 
$$\frac{4x-2}{3} - \frac{x+1}{4} = 11$$
 (4 marks)

c) 
$$(x+5)^2 - (x-3)(x+6) = 92$$
 (5 marks)

Rearrange the following formula to make *x* the subject

d) 
$$\frac{a}{x} = \frac{b}{x+c}$$
 (4 marks)

#### 5. Solve each of these pairs of equations for *x* and *y*

a) 4x - 5y = 19 3x + 2y = 43(6 marks) b)  $\frac{2}{3}x + \frac{2}{5}y = 22$  $\frac{3}{4}x - \frac{2}{3}y = 8$ (6 marks)

6. Solve each of these equations for *x* 

- a)  $x^2 + 2x 24 = 0$  (4 marks)
- b)  $2x^2 + 13x + 20 = 0$  (6 marks)
- c)  $\frac{18}{x+4} + \frac{14}{x+5} = 5$  (8 marks)

#### Total 100 marks