



**General Certificate of Secondary Education
June 2011**

Urdu

46452H

(Specification 4645)

Unit 2: Reading (Higher)

Mark Scheme

Mark schemes are prepared by the Principal Examiner and considered, together with the relevant questions, by a panel of subject teachers. This mark scheme includes any amendments made at the standardisation events which all examiners participate in and is the scheme which was used by them in this examination. The standardisation process ensures that the mark scheme covers the candidates' responses to questions and that every examiner understands and applies it in the same correct way. As preparation for standardisation each examiner analyses a number of candidates' scripts: alternative answers not already covered by the mark scheme are discussed and legislated for. If, after the standardisation process, examiners encounter unusual answers which have not been raised they are required to refer these to the Principal Examiner.

It must be stressed that a mark scheme is a working document, in many cases further developed and expanded on the basis of candidates' reactions to a particular paper. Assumptions about future mark schemes on the basis of one year's document should be avoided; whilst the guiding principles of assessment remain constant, details will change, depending on the content of a particular examination paper.

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READING TESTS

Notes on the Marking Scheme

Non-verbal Answers

Follow the mark scheme as set out.

Verbal Answers

1. The basic principle of assessment is that candidates should gain credit for what they know, understand and can do. The following guidance should be borne in mind when marking.
 - (a) Credit should be given for all answers which convey the key idea required intelligibly and without ambiguity. A separate assessment of spelling, punctuation and grammar is not required on these papers because of the nature of the answers. However, these aspects are an integral part of assessing communication and marks cannot be awarded where errors in spelling, punctuation or grammar lead to a failure to communicate the required information **without ambiguity**.
 - (b) Where a candidate has given alternatives or additional information in an answer, the following criteria should be applied:
 - if the alternative/addition does not contradict the key idea or make it ambiguous, **accept**;
 - if the alternative/addition contradicts the key idea or makes it ambiguous, **reject**.
 - (c) Where numbered lines are given within a question/section of a question, credit should be given for correct answers, no matter which line they appear on.
 - (d) Where a question has more than one **section**, a candidate may include as part of the answer to one section the information required to answer another section. For instance, the information required to answer section (b) might be given as part of the answer to section (a). In such cases, credit should be given for having answered section (b), provided that no incorrect answer has been given for that section in the correct place.
 - (e) Where a question or part of a question carries more than one mark, candidates are given credit for all the correct answers they give, even if they have given incorrect answers as well, except where any of the latter contradicts a correct answer that they have given.
2. / means that these are acceptable alternative answers. (.....) means that this information is not needed for full marks.
3. In questions where candidates are asked to name, for example, three types of vegetable sold in the market, only the first three items they write down should be considered.
4. Accept
 - T/F/?
 - ✓/X/?
 - a mix and match approach using the above, where the response is clear and unambiguous (eg. T and ✓ are both used by the candidate).

5. In multiple choice questions where candidates must choose one letter or number, they should automatically get no mark awarded if they give more than one. If the rubric instructs them to write one letter or number in the box and they do so, but write a second letter or number outside the box too, then the answer in the box should be considered.
6. No mark scheme can cover all possible answers. When in doubt:
 - look for the key idea, where this is appropriate.
 - **NFP** = no further penalty **t.c.** = tout court
7. Where a candidate has crossed out an answer and what was underneath remains legible then it should be assessed. Where part of an answer is crossed out then only what remains should be considered.
8. Where a candidate spells the answer in such a way that it is a word in the target language, no credit can be awarded.
9. If a candidate offers two different responses in English or in the target language eg dog (cat) or dog (chat) where the answer is dog, no credit can be awarded.

GCSE Urdu Reading CMI+**Higher Tier**

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject / Notes
1 (a)	I	1	

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject / Notes
1 (b)	E	1	

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject / Notes
1 (c)	B	1	

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject / Notes
1 (d)	F	1	

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject / Notes
1 (e)	G	1	

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject / Notes
1 (f)	K	1	

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject / Notes
1 (g)	D	1	

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject / Notes
2 (a)	Any one from: Father works in a mill / factory / textile factory / industry and mother is a nurse / works in a hospital	1	Clothing shop Textile

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject / Notes
2 (b)	Because she is the smallest / youngest member of the family	1	

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject / Notes
2 (c)	Because of hot weather / heat / high temperature	1	Flood / summer holidays

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject / Notes
2 (d)	He looks after his (disabled) grandmother	1	

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject / Notes
3 (a)	F	1	

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject / Notes
3 (b)	T	1	

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject / Notes
3 (c)	?	1	

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject / Notes
4	Any four from: A C E F H	4	

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject / Notes
5 (a)	F	1	

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject / Notes
5 (b)	T	1	

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject / Notes
5 (c)	T	1	

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject / Notes
5 (d)	T	1	

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject / Notes
5 (e)	T	1	

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject / Notes
6 (a)	A	1	

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject / Notes
6 (b)	C	1	

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject / Notes
6 (c)	B	1	

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject / Notes
6 (d)	E	1	

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject / Notes
7 (a)	To build residential houses / flats / homes on park land	1	

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject / Notes
7 (b)	Any two from: Only park in the area / more traffic / pollution / Accident / children and parents come to play / adults come to relax	2	

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject / Notes
7 (c)	In any order: 1. To repair old houses (1) 2. To build a sports centre (1)	2	

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject / Notes
7 (d)	Take legal action / take council to court	1	Protest / Government

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject / Notes
8 (a)	To get a job in foreign countries / abroad / other countries / different countries	1	Visit

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject / Notes
8 (b)	Any one from: Poster / banners / notices / Prize competition / challenge	1	Language competition

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject / Notes
8 (c)	They need to write a topic / essay / poem / song (in their mother tongue)	1	

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject / Notes
9 (a)	In any order: 1. Natural love for the place of birth (1) 2. Childhood friends and relatives living in the area (1)	2	

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject / Notes
9 (b)	People from different races and colours live in this area	1	

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject / Notes
9 (c)	One from: Respect each other / help each other in difficult times	1	

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject / Notes
9 (d)	In any order: 1. Many places of worship 2. People take part in their religious and cultural festivals	2	

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject / Notes
9 (e)	Because of many restaurants in the area	1	

Question	Accept	Marks	Reject / Notes
9 (f)	In any order: Deal with parking problem A park for children to play	2	

Total paper marks - 45

Convert raw or scaled marks into marks on the Uniform Mark Scale (UMS) by using the link below.

UMS conversion calculator www.aqa.org.uk/umsconversion.