

General Certificate of Secondary Education

Urdu 3646Specification

3646/L Listening

Mark Scheme

2008 examination - June series

Mark schemes are prepared by the Principal Examiner and considered, together with the relevant questions, by a panel of subject teachers. This mark scheme includes any amendments made at the standardisation meeting attended by all examiners and is the scheme which was used by them in this examination. The standardisation meeting ensures that the mark scheme covers the candidates' responses to questions and that every examiner understands and applies it in the same correct way. As preparation for the standardisation meeting each examiner analyses a number of candidates' scripts: alternative answers not already covered by the mark scheme are discussed at the meeting and legislated for. If, after this meeting, examiners encounter unusual answers which have not been discussed at the meeting they are required to refer these to the Principal Examiner.

It must be stressed that a mark scheme is a working document, in many cases further developed and expanded on the basis of candidates' reactions to a particular paper. Assumptions about future mark schemes on the basis of one year's document should be avoided; whilst the guiding principles of assessment remain constant, details will change, depending on the content of a particular examination paper.

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Set and published by the Assessment and Qualifications Alliance.

LISTENING TESTS

Notes on the Marking Scheme

Non-verbal Answers

Follow the mark scheme as set out.

Verbal Answers (English or Target Language)

- 1. The basic principle of assessment is that candidates should gain credit for what they know, understand and can do. The following guidance should be borne in mind when marking.
 - (a) Credit should be given for all answers which convey the key idea required intelligibly and without ambiguity. This applies whether the answer is in English or in the target language. A separate assessment of spelling, punctuation and grammar is not required on these papers because of the nature of the answers. However, these aspects are an integral part of assessing communication and marks cannot be awarded where errors in spelling, punctuation or grammar lead to a failure to communicate the required information without ambiguity.
 - (b) Where a candidate has given alternatives or additional information in answer, the following criteria should be applied:
 - if the alternative/addition does not contradict the key idea or make it ambiguous, accept;
 - if the alternative/addition contradicts the key idea or makes it ambiguous, **reject**.
 - (c) Where numbered lines are given within a question/section of a question, credit should be given for correct answers, no matter which line they appear on.
 - (d) Where a question has more than one **section**, a candidate may include as part of the answer to one section the information required to answer another section. For instance, the information required to answer section (b) might be given as part of the answer to section (a). In such cases, credit should be given for having answered section (b), provided that no incorrect answer has been given for that section in the correct place.
 - (e) Where a question or part of a question carries more than one mark, candidates are given credit for all the correct answers they give, even if they have given incorrect answers as well, except where any of the latter contradicts a correct answer that they have given.
- 2./.... means that these are acceptable alternative answers. (.....) means that this information is not needed for full marks.
- 3. In questions where candidates are asked to name, for example, three types of vegetable sold in the market, only the first three items they write down should be considered.
- 4. In multiple choice questions where candidates must choose <u>one</u> letter or number, they should automatically get no mark awarded if they give more than one. If the rubric instructs them to write one letter or number in the box and they do so, but write a second letter or number outside the box too, then the answer in the box should be considered.
- 5. No mark scheme can cover all possible answers. When in doubt:
 - look for the key idea, where this is appropriate.
 - NFP = no further penalty

Foundation Tier

Section A – Questions and Answers in English

Question	Accept	Mark	Reject
1	(16) Sixteen	1	
2	In a village/countryside	1	Country (on it's own)/farm
3 a	A farmer	1	
b	In a factory/mill	1	
4	Three (3)	1	
5	A cow and chickens/hens/poultry	2	Birds and turkeys

Section B

Question	Accept	Mark	Reject
6 (i)	B (A post office)	1	
(ii)	A (Turn left)	1	
7 (i)	B (Flooded house)	1	
(ii)	C (A kitchen)	1	
8 (i)	A (Bedroom and Bathroom)	1	
(ii)	B (One week)	1	
9 (i)	A (Maths)	1	
(ii)	B (Quarter past one)	1	
10	B and C (In any order)	2	
11 (i)	B (Fish and rice)	1	
(ii)	C (Lemon tea)	1	
12	A and D (In any order)	2	

Question	Ассер	t	Mark	Reject
13 (i)	B (Art)		1	
(ii)	C (Secondary school)		1	
14	Karachi = C	Lahore = E	2	
	Quetta = G	Islamabad = B	2	
15	Ghalaza = B	Rafi = H	2	
	Rabia = E	Aleem = G	2	
16 (i)	С		1	
(ii)	A		1	
(iii)	В		1	
(iv)	С		1	
		Total Marks	35	

Higher Tier

Section A

Question	Accept	Mark	Reject
1 (i)	В	1	
(ii)	С	1	
2	Karachi = C Lahore = E	Ξ 2	
	Quetta = G Islamabad	= B 2	
3	Ghazala = B Rafi = H	2	
	Rabia = E Aleem = G	3 2	
4 (i)	С	1	
(ii)	A	1	
(III)	В	1	
(iv)	С	1	
5 (i)	B (25 Kilo)	1	
(ii)	A (Cash)	1	
6 (i)	С	1	
(ii)	В	1	
(iii)	گھر سجاتے ہیں۔ گر کی ساجاوت رسجاوء ر آرائش	1	غ _ خ _ سجوت
7 (i)	B (Singer)	1	
(ii)	E (Air hostess)	1	
(iii)	F (Artist)	1	

Question	Accept	Mark	Reject
8 (i)	В	1	
(ii)	ہوی کی وفات کے بعد۔ ملکا کے مرنے رگزرنے رامت کال کے بعد۔	1	
(iii)	В	1	
9 (i)	D (Religion)	1	
(ii)	F (Health)	1	
(iii)	C (Film Industry)	1	
(iv)	A (Tourism)	1	
10 (i)	ا کتادینے والا۔ تنگ رعاجز آگیا۔ کام پیندنہیں آیا۔ کام ایتھا ردلچیپ نہیں تھا۔ منیجر غصہ کرتا۔ ڈاٹنا تھار بدد ماغ رگ تھا۔ خراب رئر اسلوک کیا۔	2	مُشكل _ بور_أ كَنَّ
(ii)	محنت والارتھکا دینے والا کام ۔مینت والارتکادیۓ والا کام مددکرنے رخیال رکھنے والے لوگ۔مدت اور حیال رکنے والے	2	کیال رحیل رمد دار

Section B

Question	Accept	Mark	Reject
11 (a)	He is feeling depressed and worried because he got himself into debt/borrowed a lot of money. He is stressed out/under too much tension.	1	He is quiet/he is not talking/sad (on its own).
(b)	He is irresponsible/he is a bit of a show off/he does not think ahead/flashy/not far sighted. Written opinion with a reason.	1	To look good (on it's own)/arrogant
(c)	You should have things only when you can afford/you should not spend more than you earn/don't spend beyond your means/only spend what you have/look at your money before making a decision	1	Think before taking any action
12 (a)	1: Parents should take interest in their children's education.	1	Work (on its own)
	2: They should encourage them	1	
	3: and provide guidance	1	
(b)	She does not think that socio-economic conditions are important/education is not for rich people only or from a good background.	1	She disagrees with the second point.
	Total Marks	40	