

Tuesday 2 June 2015 – Afternoon

GCSE LEISURE AND TOURISM

B183/01 Working in the Leisure and Tourism Industries

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

OCR supplied materials:

None

Other materials required:

None

Duration: 1 hour 30 minutes



Candidate forename				Candidate surname			
Centre number				Candidate nu	ımber		

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes above. Please write clearly and in capital letters.
- Use black ink. HB pencil may be used for graphs and diagrams only.
- Answer all the questions.
- Read each question carefully. Make sure you know what you have to do before starting your answer.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided. Additional paper may be used if necessary but you must clearly show your candidate number, centre number and question number(s).
- Do not write in the bar codes.

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

- The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.
- The total number of marks for this paper is **80**.
- The quality of written communication will be taken into account in marking your answer to the question marked with an asterisk (*).
- This document consists of 20 pages. Any blank pages are indicated.



Refer to Fig. 1, which is some information about a ski instructor.

Ski Instructor Profile

Name: Jackson Hewitt

Age: 24

Qualifications: New Zealand Ski Instructors Association (NZSIA) Level 1 and Level 2 Ski Instructor and Canada Ski Instructor Association (CSIA) Level 3 Ski Instructor.

Based: Edmonton. Canada.

07.00

Get up and look out of the window to check if there has been any snow overnight.

07.05

Check local weather reports to find out what temperatures are forecast and what kind of visibility is expected. Restock the supplies in the first aid kit, if necessary, and check other safety equipment in my backpack.

08.00

Take the first ski lift of the day onto the mountain and enjoy a few practice runs before other skiers arrive.

09.00

Attend professional development training. All ski instructors at the ski centre are encouraged to develop their own level of skiing ability and to gain higher level qualifications. I am working towards my CSIA Level 4.

10.00

Lessons begin. Instructors are given a customer or a group of customers to instruct. As a more experienced instructor, I get lots of advanced skiers in my groups, who need to improve their technique on the ski slopes.

12.00

Lunchtime.

13.00

Afternoon sessions begin. I often take out the same group as in the morning but also sometimes work with youngsters on their freestyle spins and flips.

16.00

Lessons finish. I use the next hour or so to catch up on any paperwork, before joining some of the other ski instructors for an evening meal and a game of pool.

(a) (i) Ide	entify two qualifications which a ski instructor might gain.
1	
2	
	[2]
(ii) Th	ne work of a ski instructor is seasonal.
E	xplain, using an appropriate example, what is meant by the term 'seasonal employment'
	[2]

(b)	Using examples from Fig. 1, explain two duties of a ski instructor.
	1
	2
	[6]

(c)	Discuss the likel instructor.	y health and	d safety	aspects	of the	working	conditions	for an	outdoor	ski
										[6]

- 2 You were working as a children's representative at a large, international summer camp in Switzerland and have recently gained promotion to the position of team leader. The camp has a number of staff vacancies for the coming season, and you have been asked to help in the recruitment process for a new children's representative.
 - (a)* Produce a job advertisement for the position of children's representative.

The advertisement should be about 150 words long and should include the following details:

- essential personal qualities
- a brief description of the duties
- experience required.

There is no need to include logos or other illustrations.
[6]

(b)	Leisure and tourism organisations which employ children's representatives must follow child protection procedures.
	Explain two ways in which leisure and tourism organisations can ensure the well-being of children while in the care of a children's representative.
	1
	2
	[4]

(c) The organisation you work for also runs summer camps in a number of different countries,

Discus	ss the im	portance	to a child	dren's re	presenta	ative of u	nderstand	ling differ	ent attitu
		cultures w							
			•••••			•••••			
			•••••			•••••			

9 BLANK PAGE

Question 3 begins on page 10 PLEASE DO NOT WRITE ON THIS PAGE

- 3 You are working as a conference organiser and have received the following booking request by email from Mr George Newton at an organisation called BTCP. The email is given in Fig. 2 below.
 - (a) (i) Use the information from Fig. 2, an email, to complete the booking form in Fig. 3, opposite.

[12]

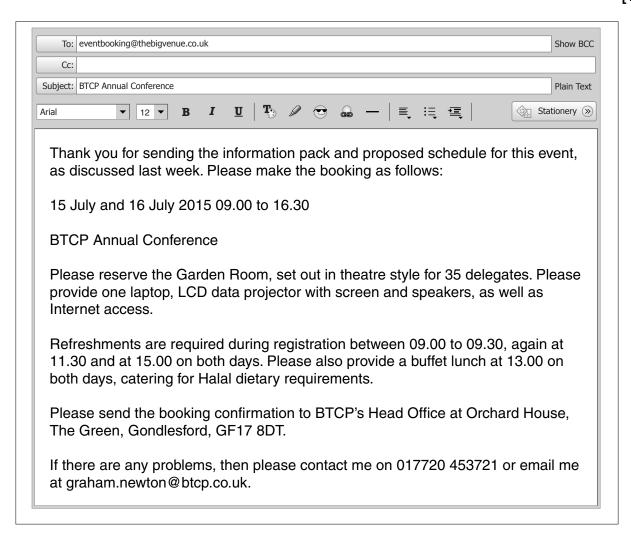


Fig. 2

The Big Venue Conference Centre Booking Form

Contact Details							
Contact name			Organisa	ation			
Address			Postcode	Э			
Tel			Email				
Room Hire							
Number of delegates			Date(s) required				
Room Layout							
Boardroom			Theatre	style			
Horseshoe			Other (p	lease			
Timetable for refreshment	nents						
Arrival time (am/pm)		Departure (am/pm)	e time				
Morning break		Lunch				Afternoon break	
Catering Arrangemen	ts (please tick, a	as appropr	iate)				
Menu type	Buffet		(Carvery	′		
Other dietary requirements (please specify)							
Audio Visual requirem	ents (please tic	k, as appro	opriate)				
Recording system			LCD data projector screen a speakers	, .nd			
Radio microphones			Laptop				
Loop system			35mm sl projector				
Flipchart			PA syste	m			
Additional information (please specify)							

Fig. 3

(ii)	Discuss reasons why it is important for conference organisers to use computerised reservation systems.
	lh in the second of the second

(b)	Exp	lain each of the following responsibilities of a conference organiser:
	•	liaising with clients and suppliers
	•	ensuring that efficient operating procedures are in place: for example, those for ar evacuation procedure.
		[6]

4 Refer to Fig. 4, a copy of a risk assessment used by a blue badge guide.

Risk Assessment Activity Date and time of activity People involved	Day Tour of Torquay 4 July 2015 09.00 to 15.30 10 adults and 1 guide
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1. Hazards	2. Level of risk: high, medium or low	3. Who might be affected?	4. Is the risk adequately controlled?	5. Further action
Coach travel	Low	All group	Use reputable coach company Ensure seat belts are worn	Head count on and off the coach
Bad weather	Low	All group	Alternative itinerary used	Use back up plan avoiding coastal activities
Boat trip	Medium	All group	 Harbour tour using reputable boat company Make sure life jackets worn 	Give information to group about risks involved
Museum visit	Low	All group	Allocate meeting point in case group gets split up	Meet at Gift Shop
Accident or illness	Low	All group	Emergency contact details held	Contact other blue badge colleagues in the town for assistance

Fig. 4

)	Refer to the risk assessment in Fig. 4. Assess the strengths of this particular assessment and make recommendations for its improvement.

i)	Explain two reasons why a blue badge guide produces risk assessments for each tour they conduct.
	1
	2
	[4]

As a blue badge guide, you must be familiar with First Aid procedures. Refer to Fig. 5(a), which is a list of the responsibilities of a First Aider and to Fig. 5(b) below, which shows the four key principles of Emergency First Aid.

- A. Fetch first aid equipment ✓
- B. Treat urgent injuries
- C. Telephone for emergency assistance
- D. Check for and remove any physical dangers
- E. Calmly identify the risks to yourself, the casualty and any bystanders
- F. Control and deal with bystanders
- G. Carry out an initial assessment of the casualty

Fig. 5(a)

(b) Under which of the following principles of Emergency First Aid does each statement in Fig. 5(a) belong? Write each statement letter in the correct box. One has already been completed for you.

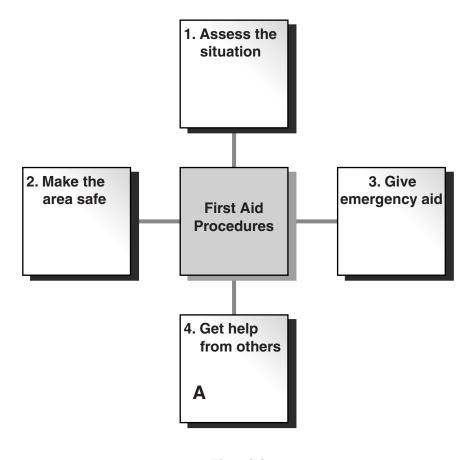


Fig. 5(b)

[6]

As a blue badge guide, you are required to plan itineraries for clients. Refer to Fig. 6(a), information about attractions in London, and Fig. 6(b) an itinerary template. Use the information from Fig. 6(a) to plan a full day itinerary for a tour of London.

What to see in London

Famous landmarks

- Regent's Park
- Oxford Street
- Piccadilly Circus
- Leicester Square
- Trafalgar Square and Nelson's Column
- Downing Street
- Houses of Parliament and Queen Elizabeth's Tower (Big Ben)

Paid visitor attractions

- Madame Tussaud's
- Planetarium
- London Eye
- Tower of London
- River Thames boat trip

Fig. 6(a)

(c) Use the information in Fig. 6(a) to plan a full day itinerary for a tour of London in Fig. 6(b).

Choose any **two** famous landmark attractions to visit in the morning and any **one** paid visitor attraction to visit in the afternoon. Allow some time during the day for lunch.

Start Time End Time Activity 08.45 16.00

Fig. 6(b)

[6]

END OF QUESTION PAPER

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