



## **General Certificate of Secondary Education**

# **Spanish 4695** *Specification*

**46952H          Reading Higher Tier**

## **Mark Scheme**

*2010 examination - June series*

Mark schemes are prepared by the Principal Examiner and considered, together with the relevant questions, by a panel of subject teachers. This mark scheme includes any amendments made at the standardisation meeting attended by all examiners and is the scheme which was used by them in this examination. The standardisation meeting ensures that the mark scheme covers the candidates' responses to questions and that every examiner understands and applies it in the same correct way. As preparation for the standardisation meeting each examiner analyses a number of candidates' scripts: alternative answers not already covered by the mark scheme are discussed at the meeting and legislated for. If, after this meeting, examiners encounter unusual answers which have not been discussed at the meeting they are required to refer these to the Principal Examiner.

It must be stressed that a mark scheme is a working document, in many cases further developed and expanded on the basis of candidates' reactions to a particular paper. Assumptions about future mark schemes on the basis of one year's document should be avoided; whilst the guiding principles of assessment remain constant, details will change, depending on the content of a particular examination paper.

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## READING TESTS

### **Notes on the Marking Scheme**

#### *Non-verbal Answers*

Follow the mark scheme as set out.

#### *Verbal Answers*

1. The basic principle of assessment is that candidates should gain credit for what they know, understand and can do. The following guidance should be borne in mind when marking.
  - (a) Credit should be given for all answers which convey the key idea required intelligibly and without ambiguity. A separate assessment of spelling, punctuation and grammar is not required on these papers because of the nature of the answers. However, these aspects are an integral part of assessing communication and marks cannot be awarded where errors in spelling, punctuation or grammar lead to a failure to communicate the required information **without ambiguity**.
  - (b) Where a candidate has given alternatives or additional information in an answer, the following criteria should be applied:
    - if the alternative/addition does not contradict the key idea or make it ambiguous, **accept**;
    - if the alternative/addition contradicts the key idea or makes it ambiguous, **reject**.
  - (c) Where numbered lines are given within a question/section of a question, credit should be given for correct answers, no matter which line they appear on.
  - (d) Where a question has more than one **section**, a candidate may include as part of the answer to one section the information required to answer another section. For instance, the information required to answer section (b) might be given as part of the answer to section (a). In such cases, credit should be given for having answered section (b), provided that no incorrect answer has been given for that section in the correct place.
  - (e) Where a question or part of a question carries more than one mark, candidates are given credit for all the correct answers they give, even if they have given incorrect answers as well, except where any of the latter contradicts a correct answer that they have given.
2. .... / ..... means that these are acceptable alternative answers. (.....) means that this information is not needed for full marks.
3. In questions where candidates are asked to name, for example, three types of vegetable sold in the market, only the first three items they write down should be considered.
4. Accept
  - T/F/?
  - ✓/X/?
  - a mix and match approach using the above, where the response is clear and unambiguous (eg. T and ✓ are both used by the candidate).
5. In multiple choice questions where candidates must choose one letter or number, they should automatically get no mark awarded if they give more than one. If the rubric instructs them to write one letter or number in the box and they do so, but write a second letter or number outside the box too, then the answer in the box should be considered.
6. No mark scheme can cover all possible answers. When in doubt:
  - look for the key idea, where this is appropriate.
  - **NFP** = no further penalty

**Higher Tier**

<b>Question</b>	<b>Accept</b>	<b>Mark</b>	<b>Reject/Notes</b>
1a)	11 years / since she was 4	1	Eleven Since she was 11

<b>Question</b>	<b>Accept</b>	<b>Mark</b>	<b>Reject/Notes</b>
1b)	She doesn't have to share it / It's her own	1	She's the only person allowed in it She owns the room

<b>Question</b>	<b>Accept</b>	<b>Mark</b>	<b>Reject/Notes</b>
1c)	When (football) matches / games are on taking place When something is on at the stadium	1	'matches' on its own Anything specific other than a match e.g. parties/concerts/fiestas at the stadium

Question	Accept	Mark	Reject/Notes
2	<u>In any order</u>		
	<u>Gave / got / prepared / made</u> her breakfast	1	Breakfast
	Invited her / took her (out) (to town) for dinner / tea / to eat / meal (They) went out for dinner	1	They went to town

Question	Accept	Mark	Reject/Notes
3(a)	F	1	

Question	Accept	Mark	Reject/Notes
3(b)	R	1	

Question	Accept	Mark	Reject/Notes
3(c)	R	1	

Question	Accept	Mark	Reject/Notes
3(d)	F + R	1	

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Question	Accept	Mark	Reject/Notes
4(a)	D	1	

Question	Accept	Mark	Reject/Notes
4(b)	C	1	

Question	Accept	Mark	Reject/Notes
4(c)	F	1	

Question	Accept	Mark	Reject/Notes
4(d)	A	1	

Question	Accept	Mark	Reject/Notes
5(a)	<u>In any order</u>		
	A	1	
	C	1	

Question	Accept	Mark	Reject/Notes
5(b)	<p><u>Any two of</u></p> <p>She/you can't get to know Ahmed by looking at a photo</p> <p>She/you can't get to know Ahmed through the Internet/computer</p> <p>She has <u>only</u> seen his/a photo</p> <p>It's impossible/difficult to have a relationship on the internet</p> <p>She is (too)/(very) young to have a boyfriend</p>	<p>1</p> <p>1</p>	She met him on the internet

Question	Accept	Mark	Reject/Notes
6(a)	It's where her parents got married / It's in the same church as where her parents got married	1	Where <u>Ana's</u> parents got married

Question	Accept	Mark	Reject/Notes
6(b)	A	1	

Question	Accept	Mark	Reject/Notes
6(c)	C	1	

Question	Accept	Mark	Reject/Notes
6(d)	Read (something)	1	Make a speech Read a speech

Question	Accept	Mark	Reject/Notes
7	P	1	

Question	Accept	Mark	Reject/Notes
8(a)	(Learning/teaching) Spanish	1	Spanish literature Learning a language

Question	Accept	Mark	Reject/Notes
8(b)	Foreign Students / Immigrants People who want to learn Spanish	1	Language students

Question	Accept	Mark	Reject/Notes
8(c)	Increase in number of /more students who <b>don't</b> (know how to) speak Spanish /	1	A lot of/more foreign students



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Question	Accept	Mark	Reject/Notes
9	C	1	

Question	Accept	Mark	Reject/Notes
10(a)	B	1	

Question	Accept	Mark	Reject/Notes
10(b)	D	1	

Question	Accept	Mark	Reject/Notes
10(c)	A	1	

Question	Accept	Mark	Reject/Notes
11(a)	Javier	1	

Question	Accept	Mark	Reject/Notes
11(b)	Fernando	1	

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Question	Accept	Mark	Reject/Notes
11(c)	Marta	1	

Question	Accept	Mark	Reject/Notes
12(a)	B	1	

Question	Accept	Mark	Reject/Notes
12(b)	C	1	

Question	Accept	Mark	Reject/Notes
12(c)	B	1	

Question	Accept	Mark	Reject/Notes
12(d)	C	1	

Question	Accept	Mark	Reject/Notes
13	B + It/Women improves /affect(s) /effect(s) the family health (both parts needed for the mark) Because they look after the family	1	B on its own. 'Women improve family's health' on its own

Question	Accept	Mark	Reject/Notes
14(a)	A	1	

Question	Accept	Mark	Reject/Notes
14(b)	C	1	

Question	Accept	Mark	Reject/Notes
14(c)	C	1	

Question	Accept	Mark	Reject/Notes
14(d)	B	1	

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Question	Accept	Mark	Reject/Notes
15	B	1	

Question	Accept	Mark	Reject/Notes
16(a)	D	1	

Question	Accept	Mark	Reject/Notes
16(b)	A	1	

Question	Accept	Mark	Reject/Notes
16(c)	C	1	

**Total = 45**