Surname

Centre Number Candidate Number

Other Names



GCSE

4473/01



S16-4473-01

### ADDITIONAL SCIENCE/PHYSICS

## PHYSICS 2 FOUNDATION TIER

P.M. WEDNESDAY, 25 May 2016

1 hour

For Examiner's use only					
Question	Maximum Mark	Mark Awarded			
1.	5				
2.	8				
3.	7				
4.	7				
5.	9				
6.	11				
7.	13				
Total	60				

#### ADDITIONAL MATERIALS

In addition to this paper you may require a calculator and a ruler.

#### INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Use black ink or black ball-point pen. Do not use gel pen or correction fluid.

Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the spaces at the top of this page. Answer **all** questions.

Write your answers in the spaces provided in this booklet.

If you run out of space, use the continuation page at the back of the booklet, taking care to number the question(s) correctly.

#### INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

The number of marks is given in brackets at the end of each question or part-question.

You are reminded of the necessity for good English and orderly presentation in your answers.

A list of equations is printed on page 2. In calculations you should show all your working.

You are reminded that assessment will take into account the quality of written communication (QWC) used in your answer to question 7(a).



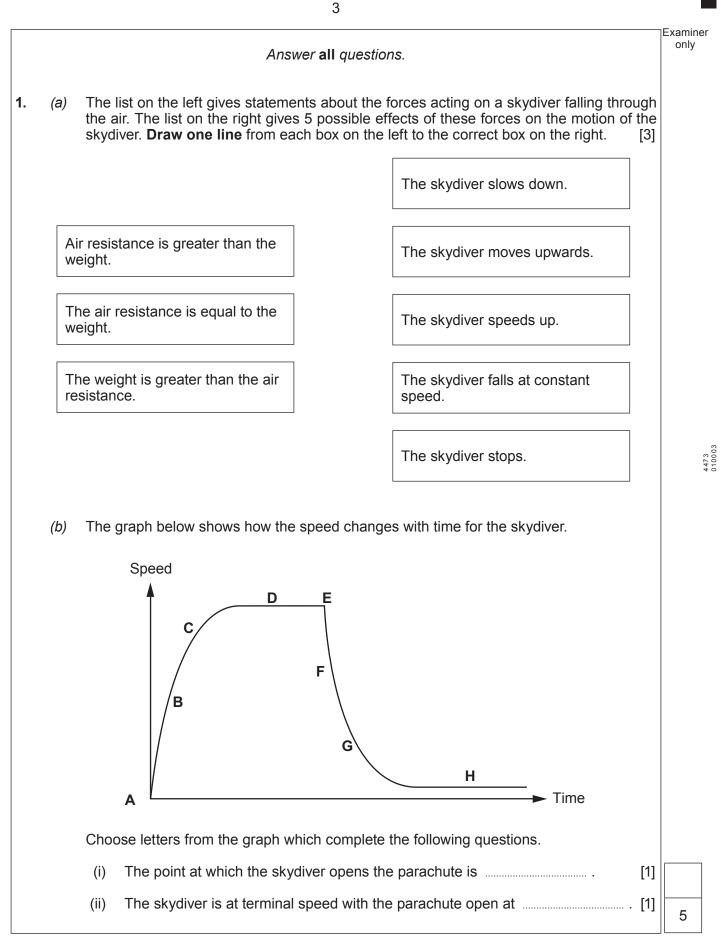
### Equations

power = voltage × current	P = VI
current = voltage resistance	$I = \frac{V}{R}$
speed = $\frac{\text{distance}}{\text{time}}$	
acceleration [or deceleration] = $\frac{\text{change in velocity}}{\text{time}}$	$a = \frac{\Delta v}{t}$
acceleration = gradient of a velocity-time graph	
momentum = mass × velocity	p = mv
resultant force = mass × acceleration	F = ma
force = $\frac{\text{change in momentum}}{\text{time}}$	$F = \frac{\Delta p}{t}$
work = force × distance	W = Fd

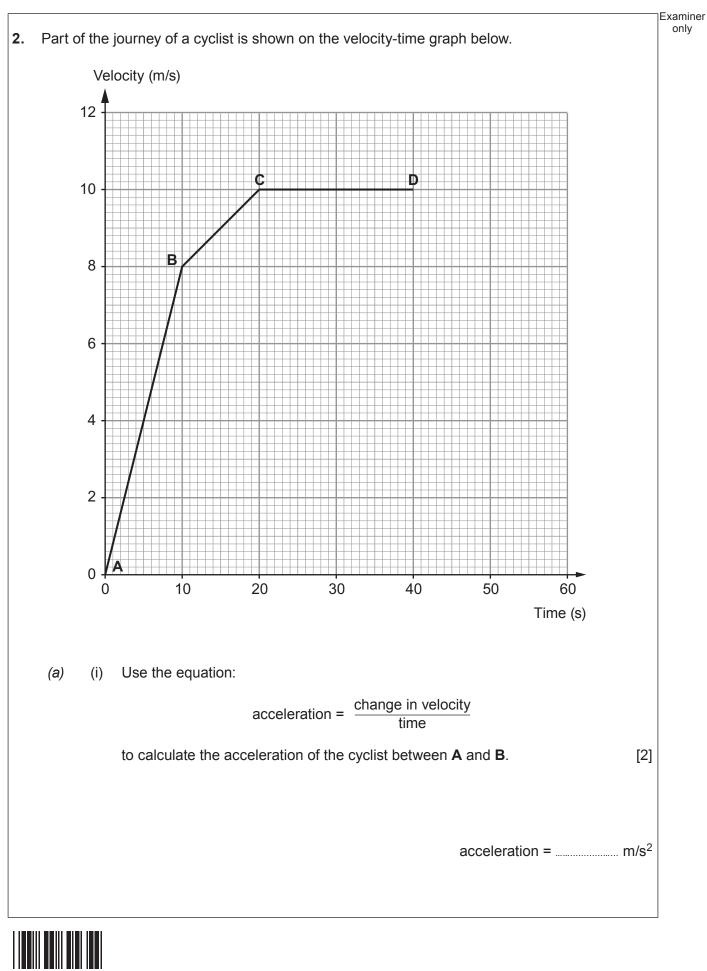
### SI multipliers

Prefix	Multipli	er
m	10 <sup>-3</sup>	1 1000
k	10 <sup>3</sup>	1000
М	10 <sup>6</sup>	1000000









(ii) Explain how the acceleration between B and C is different from A to B. [2]
(iii) Use the equation:
distance = speed × time
to calculate the distance the cyclist travels between C and D. [2]
distance = \_\_\_\_\_ m
(b) After 40 s the cyclist decelerates steadily to rest in 15 s. Use this information to complete the graph. [2]

5

8

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			REA		NTS		PR	ODUC.	TS		
			$^{2}_{1}$ H	+	$^{3}_{1}H$	$\rightarrow$	<sup>4</sup> <sub>2</sub> He	+	${}_{0}^{1}n$	I	
(a)			nts have to Earth is o							e place and co S.	ontrolling this [2]
	(i)	The r	eactants a	are ma	ade to (	collide v	/ith high e	energie	es by r	making the ga	IS
	(ii)	The p	problem th	iis cau	ises is						
(b)	Unde	erline th	ne correct	word	in the	brackets	s in each	senter	nce be	low.	[3]
	(i)	The r	eactants a	are iso	otopes	of ( <b>hydr</b>	ogen / h	elium	/ neut	trons).	
	(ii)	The r	eactants l	nave t	he sam	ie numb	ers of (n	eutron	s / pr	otons / nucle	eons).
	(iii)	This r	eaction is	an e	xample	of a ( <b>fu</b>	sion / fis	sion /	chair	ı) reaction.	
(C)	Give	<b>two</b> re	asons wł	ny this	reactio	on is like	ly to be i	mporta	ant in t	he future.	[2]
	I.										
	·····										
	II.										
	•••••										

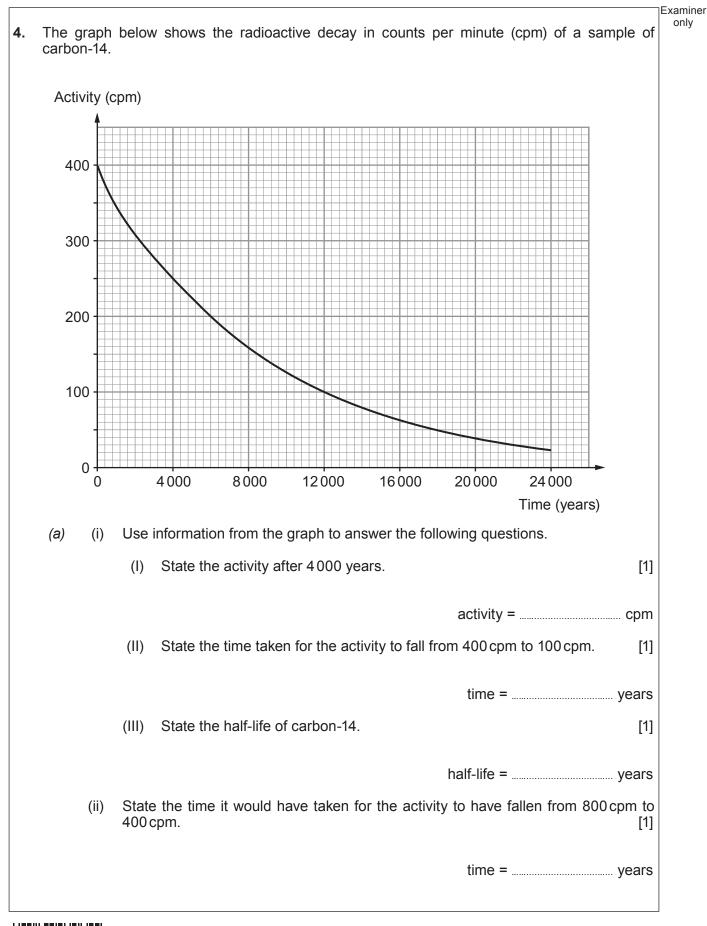


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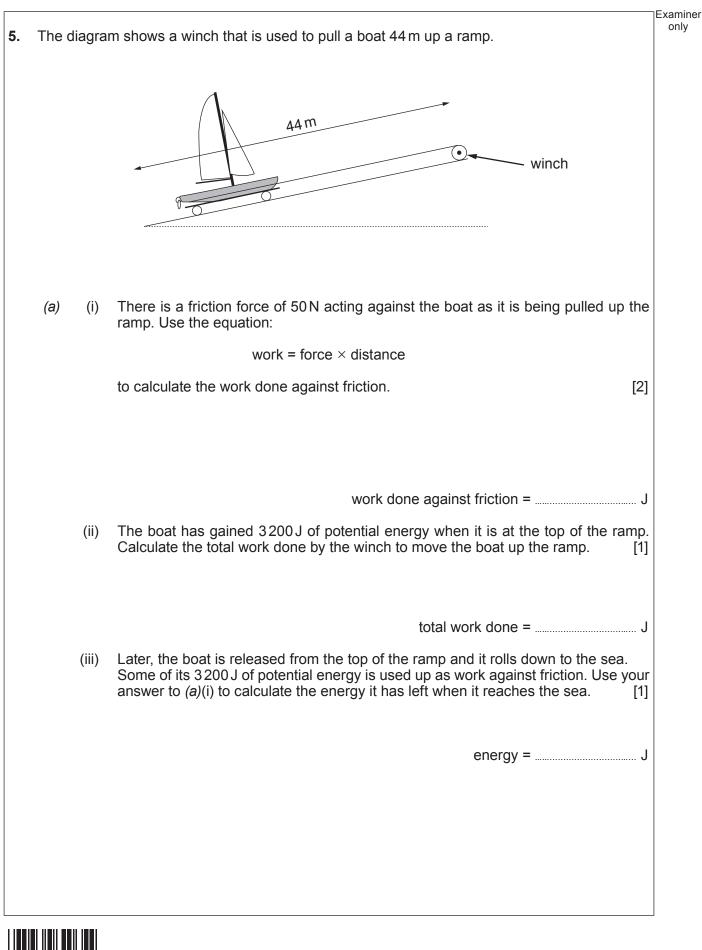
(b) The nuclear symbol for carbon-14 is  ${}_{6}^{14}$ C. **Complete** the following table for the nucleus of carbon-14. [3]

Nucleon number	
Number of protons in its nucleus	
Number of neutrons in its nucleus	



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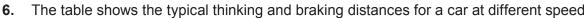




Examiner only The boat of mass 80 kg hits the sea at a speed of 5 m/s and slows down to 1 m/s. (b) (i) Use the equation: momentum = mass × velocity to calculate the change in momentum of the boat. [2] change in momentum = ...... kg m/s (ii) Use the equation: force = <u>change in momentum</u> time to calculate the force applied by the sea to slow the boat in 2s. [2] force = ..... N (iii) State the value of the force applied by the boat on the sea as it slows down. [1] force = ..... N 9



	Speed in miles per hour (mph)	Thinking distance (m)	Braking distance (m)	
	20	6	6	
	30	9	14	
	40	12	24	
	50		38	
	60	18	56	
	70	21	75	
	(iii) Explain why the	stor thinking distance changes as t	pping distance = he speed increases.	I [2
(b)	The data in the table a compare if the driver	applies to an alert driver on a dr s tired.	y day. Describe how the da	ita woul [2





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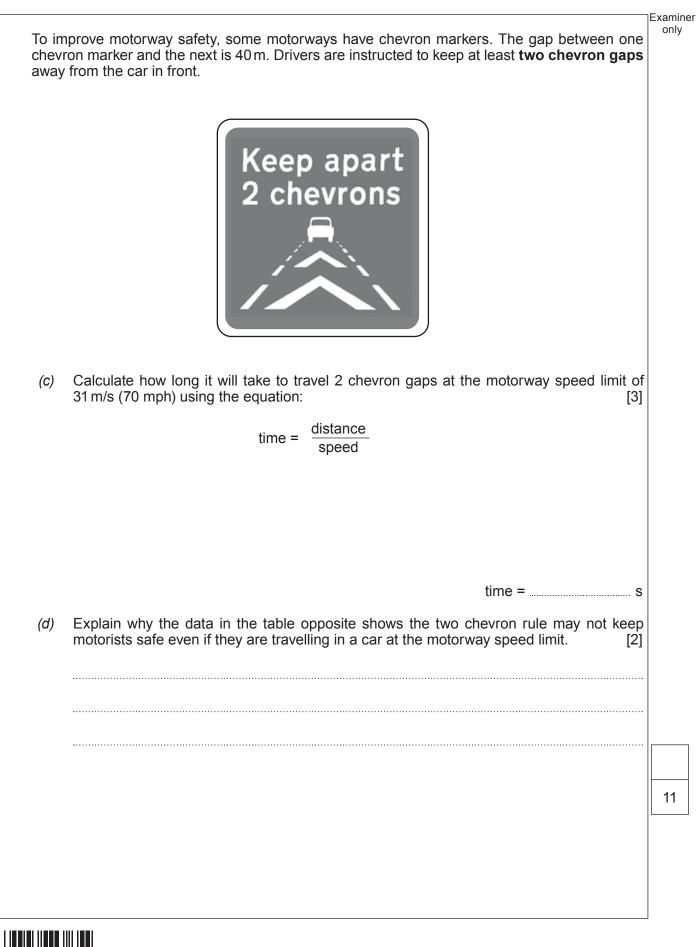


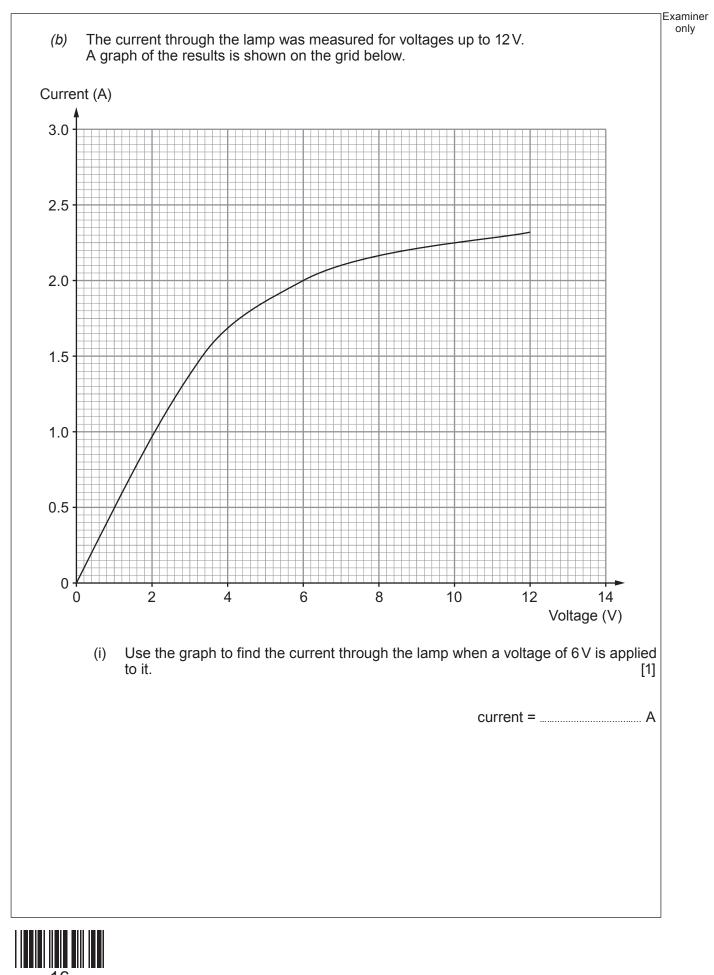
	diagram shows a lamp connected to a battery and a variable resistor.	Examir only
(a)	Describe how the circuit can be used to obtain a <b>series of measurements</b> to show how the current through the lamp varies with the voltage across it. [6 QWC] In your answer you should:	
	<ul> <li>include the names of the measuring instruments needed;</li> <li>add these instruments to the circuit diagram above;</li> <li>describe how a series of measurements is obtained.</li> </ul>	
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Examiner only ••••• ..... **TURN OVER FOR THE REST OF THE QUESTION** 15

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	17	
(ii)	Use the equation:	Examiner only
	resistance = $\frac{\text{voltage}}{\text{current}}$	
	to calculate the resistance of the lamp at 6 V. [2]	
	resistance =Ω	
(iii)	Use an equation from page 2 to calculate the power produced by the lamp at 6V. [2]	
	power = W	
(iv)	The lamp is replaced by a resistor which remains at constant temperature. At 10 V the resistor and lamp have the same resistance. <b>Add a line</b> to the graph to show how the current through the resistor varies with voltage. [2]	
		13
	END OF PAPER	



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Question number	Additional page, if required. Write the question number(s) in the left-hand margin.	Examiner only



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