

GCSE

Science A

General Certificate of Secondary Education

Unit A212/01: Unit 2: Modules B2, C2, P2 (Foundation Tier)

Mark Scheme for January 2013

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This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which marks were awarded by examiners. It does not indicate the details of the discussions which took place at an examiners' meeting before marking commenced.

All examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the published question papers and the report on the examination.

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Annotations

Used in the detailed Mark Scheme:

Annotation	Meaning	
/	alternative and acceptable answers for the same marking point	
(1)	separates marking points	
not/reject	answers which are not worthy of credit	
ignore	statements which are irrelevant - applies to neutral answers	
allow/accept	answers that can be accepted	
(words)	words which are not essential to gain credit	
<u>words</u>	underlined words must be present in answer to score a mark	
ecf	error carried forward	
AW/owtte	credit alternative wording / or words to that effect	
ORA	or reverse argument	

Available in scoris to annotate scripts:

?	indicate uncertainty or ambiguity
BOD	benefit of doubt
CON	contradiction
×	incorrect response
ECF	error carried forward
	draw attention to particular part of candidate's response
	draw attention to particular part of candidate's response
~~·	draw attention to particular part of candidate's response

NBOD	no benefit of doubt
R	reject
✓	correct response
35	draw attention to particular part of candidate's response
Λ	information omitted

Subject-specific Marking Instructions

- Accept any clear, unambiguous response (including mis-spellings of scientific terms if they are phonetically correct, but always check the a. guidance column for exclusions).
- Crossed out answers should be considered only if no other response has been made. When marking crossed out responses, accept correct answers which are clear and unambiguous.

e.g. for a one-mark question where ticks in the third <u>and</u> fourth boxes are required for the mark:

		*
		略
₹	✓	\checkmark
*	*	\checkmark
This would be worth 1 mark.	This would be worth 0 marks.	This would be worth 1 mark.

c. The list principle:

If a list of responses greater than the number requested is given, work through the list from the beginning. Award one mark for each correct response, ignore any neutral response, and deduct one mark for any incorrect response, e.g. one which has an error of science. If the number of incorrect responses is equal to or greater than the number of correct responses, no marks are awarded. A neutral response is correct but irrelevant to the question.

d. Marking method for tick-box questions:

If there is a set of boxes, some of which should be ticked and others left empty, then judge the entire set of boxes.

If there is at least one tick, ignore crosses and other markings. If there are no ticks, accept clear, unambiguous indications, e.g. shading or crosses. Credit should be given according to the instructions given in the guidance column for the question. If more boxes are ticked than there are correct answers, then deduct one mark for each additional tick. Candidates cannot score less than zero marks.

e.g. if a question requires candidates to identify cities in England:

Edinburgh	
Manchester	
Paris	
Southampton	

the second and fourth boxes should have ticks (or other clear indication of choice) and the first and third should be blank (or have indication of choice crossed out).

Edinburgh			✓			✓	✓	✓	✓	
Manchester	✓	×	✓	✓	✓				✓	
Paris				✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	
Southampton	✓	×		✓		✓	✓		✓	
Score:	2	2	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	NR

- e. For answers marked by levels of response:
 - i. Read through the whole answer from start to finish
 - ii. Decide the level that best fits the answer match the quality of the answer to the closest level descriptor
 - iii. To determine the mark within the level, consider the following:

Descriptor	Award mark			
A good match to the level descriptor	The higher mark in the level			
Just matches the level descriptor	The lower mark in the level			

iv. Use the L1, L2, L3 annotations in Scoris to show your decision; do not use ticks.

Quality of Written Communication skills assessed in 6-mark extended writing questions include:

- appropriate use of correct scientific terms
- spelling, punctuation and grammar
- developing a structured, persuasive argument
- selecting and using evidence to support an argument
- considering different sides of a debate in a balanced way
- logical sequencing.

Q	uesti	on	Answer	Marks	Guidance
1	(a)		New trees can be planted	2	
	(b)		The life cycle of a paper bag uses 0.3 MJ more energy than a poly(ethene) bag. 2.4 MJ of energy is used in the life cycle of a poly(ethene) bag. 1.7 MJ of energy is used in the life cycle of a paper bag.	2	all 3 correct = 2 marks 2 or 1 correct = 1 mark
	(c)		candidate is aware that there are fewer journeys / lorries used (with polythene bags than paper bags) (1) candidate is aware that there is less pollution (from the lorries / journeys etc.)(1)	2	ignore answers relating to sustainability of fuel / recycling / other environmental impacts allow implication that less fuel / energy used in transportation if type of bag not named, assume paper, as implied in the stem
	(d)		recycled, burned or thrown away? How much carbon dioxide is released (1)	2	
			Tota	I 8	

	Questi	on	Answer	Marks	Guidance
2	(a)	(i)	To find out if the results are repeatable. (1)	1	
		(ii)	any two from: outlier / anomaly / 34 far outside other values / 34 is an outlier (1); outlier discarded (1); lowest and highest of other values (1);	2	allow "most of the values are in this range" answers such as "ignore / discard 34" get 2 marks
		(iii)	50 (1)	1	
	(b)		molecule (1); sliding over each other (1);	2	1 mark for each correct answer
			Total	6	

C	uesti	on	Answer	Marks	Guidance
3	(a)	(i)	radio (waves) (1)	1	
		(ii)	light (1)	1	
		(iii)	any two from:	1	BOTH must be correct for 1 mark
			radio (waves);		
			microwaves;		
			infrared;		
			light		
	(b)		emits reflects absorbs	2	all correct = 2 marks one or two correct = 1 mark
			Total	5	

C	Question Answer M		Marks	Guidance						
4	(a)	(i)							2	all correct = 2 marks
			В	F	Α	D	С	Е		
										(B)FAxxx or (B)xxDCE gets 1 mark
		(ii)	flooding (1)					2	allow descriptions of flooding e.g. covers fields, goes into
		(,		• /					_	cities
				consequer						ignore tsunamis, coastal erosion, dangerous
			economy	damage (etc. (1)	to intrastr	ucture), p	robiems to	or		
				(1)						marks are independent
	(b)	(i)		Jolene					1	both required for 1 mark
										accept any clear and unambiguous response
				Lawrence			✓			3
				Peter						
				Amelia			✓			
		(ii)							1	accept any clear and unambiguous response
				Jolene						
				Lawrence						
				Peter						
				Amelia			✓			
		(iii)							1	accept any clear and unambiguous response
		(''')		Jolene					'	accept any clear and unambiguous response
				Lawrence			<u>√</u>			
				Peter						
				Amelia						
								Total	7	

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
5	benefit: idea of looking good, feeling good, vitamin (D) production;	2	max 1 mark for benefit, 1 mark for risk accept 'get a tan' for benefit mark
	risk: identification / recognition of risk		identification e.g. skin cancer, sun burn recognition of risk might be eg they do not feel that (skin) cancer / sun burn will affect them / they are not worried about sunburn / (skin) cancer /they think sun cream will protect them
	Total	2	

Question	Answer		Marks	Guidance
6	Antibiotics do not work against viruses.	(1)	2	
	Flu is caused by viruses.	(1) Total	2	

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Question		on	Answer	Marks	Guidance		
7	(a)	(i)	1972 and lower than (1)	1	both needed for the mark		
		(ii)	any two reasonable suggestions, e.g.: fewer people smoke; (improvement in) diet; (men take more) exercise; (men drink) less alcohol;	2	max 2 reasons must be plausible to the candidate – we are not after precise historical knowledge accept any reasonable ideas ideas must be different "men do more sport and take more exercise" = 1 mark only ignore general statements about healthy lifestyle – "they would be more healthy", "more fitness", "cleaner lifestyle" direction of change not needed eg "change in diet" but if direction given, it must be correct medical arguments must be about lifestyle, eg "more men are vaccinated" not 'more doctors' or better healthcare treat food as different from alcohol "they do different jobs" – not enough unless more detail given		
	(b)		1 (1) and 3 (1)	2	either order		
			Total	5			

C	Questi	on	n Answer			Guidance
8	(a)		dead disease- causing micro- organisms (1) antibodie present to real infect white blood cells make antibodies against micro organisms	efore	2	one mark for each correct line any other lines between sections = 0 marks for that section allow bottom box (small number of disease causing microorganisms) as an alternative to middle box for first mark, to account for attenuated microorganism use
	(b)		safety effectiveness safety and only only effectiveness Healthywith the illness	(1) (1)	2	one mark for each correct line more than one tick in any line = 0 marks
	(c)	(i)	The micro organisms are not killed by antibodies.		1	more than one box ticked = 0 marks

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Question	Answer		Marks	Guidance
(ii)	any two from:		2	ignore ref. to stronger antibiotic / larger doses
	always finish a course of antibiotics (1);			
	, ,			accept AW eg stop taking too many
	only take antibiotics when necessary (1);			antibiotics / do not use for a cold / do not use
				all the time / only give when sure needed
	regularly change the antibiotic being used (in the population) (1);			accept use a different antibiotic / don't give
				them the same one twice
	use combination of antibiotics (1);			
	develop new antibiotics (1);			
		Total	7	

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