

■ A211/01

GENERAL CERTIFICATE OF SECONDARY EDUCATION TWENTY FIRST CENTURY SCIENCE SCIENCE A

UNIT 1: Modules B1 C1 P1 (Foundation Tier)

TUESDAY 15 JANUARY 2008

Afternoon Time: 40 minutes

Candidates answer on the question paper. **Additional materials (enclosed):**

None

Calculators may be used. **Additional materials:** Pencil

Ruler (cm/mm)



Candidate Forename				Candidate Surname			
Centre Number				Candidate Number			

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- Write your name in capital letters, your Centre Number and Candidate Number in the boxes above.
- Use blue or black ink. Pencil may be used for graphs and diagrams only.
- Read each question carefully and make sure that you know what you have to do before starting your answer.
- Answer all the questions.
- Do **not** write in the bar codes.
- Do not write outside the box bordering each page.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

- The number of marks for each question is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.
- The total number of marks for this paper is 42.

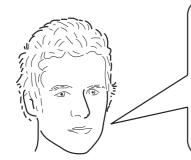
FOR EXAMINER'S USE				
Qu.	Max	Mark		
1	6			
2	8			
3	6			
4	8			
5	8			
6	6			
TOTAL	42			

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Answer **all** the questions.

1 Sam has been watching a TV programme about the Earth.

He is trying to explain it to his friend Jo, but he has forgotten some of the information in the programme.



Sam

The Earth is made of several layers.

The very middle of the Earth is called the mantle.

The outside layer of the Earth is called the crust.

The outside layer of the Earth is made of tectonic plates.

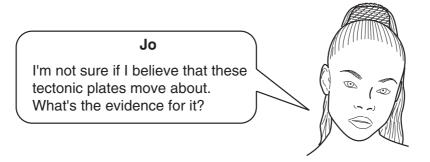
These tectonic plates move about.

(a) Sam makes a number of statements of fact. Some of them are mistakes.

Write **T** in the box next to each **true** statement and **F** in the box next to each **false** one.

	T (true) or F (false)	
The Earth is made of several layers.		
The very middle of the Earth is called the mantle.		
The outside layer of the Earth is called the crust.		
The outside layer of the Earth is made of tectonic plates.		[4]

(b) Jo needs to be convinced of these ideas.

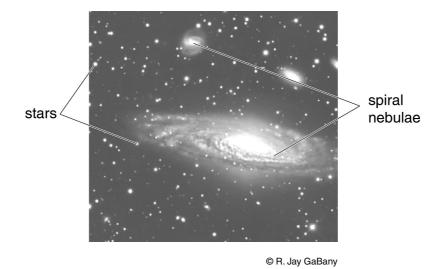


Here are some scientific statements about the Earth.

Put ticks (\checkmark) in the boxes next to the **three** statements which give Jo evidence that the tectonic plates move about.

Coal and oil are fossil fuels.		
The centre of the Earth is mostly iron.		
Mountains often occur where tectonic plates meet.		
Seafloor spreading happens in the middle of many oceans.		
Volcanoes and earthquakes happen near the edges of tectonic plates.		[2]
	[Tot	tal: 6]

2 When astronomers look at the night sky through telescopes, they see many stars and spiral nebulae.



In 1920, astronomers did not know what 'spiral nebulae' were, nor how far away they were. There was a great debate between two astronomers.



Harlow Shapley

Our Milky Way is the only galaxy there is: it's the whole Universe. It is huge: 300 000 light years across.

Spiral nebulae are clouds of gas and dust inside the Milky Way.

Our Sun is far from the centre of the Milky Way.

Heber Curtis

You're wrong about the size of the Milky Way - it's ten times smaller than that.

Our Sun is very near the centre of the Milky Way.

These spiral nebulae are galaxies just like our Milky Way. They are much further away from us than the edge of the Milky Way galaxy.



(a) The statements below are made by one or both of these astronomers.

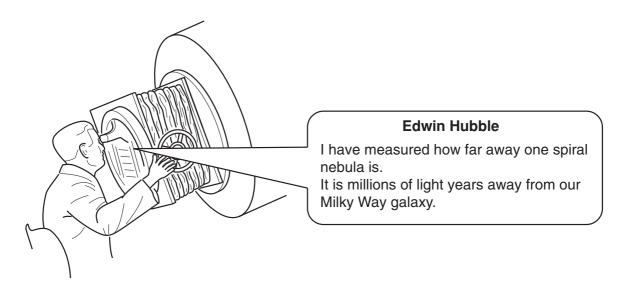
Who made each statement?

Put a tick (\checkmark) in the correct box for each statement.

	Shapley	Curtis	both Shapley and Curtis
The Milky Way is the only galaxy.			
Spiral nebulae are part of the Milky Way.			
The Milky Way has our Sun close to its centre.			
The Milky Way is thousands of light years in size.			

[4]

(b) Another astronomer made more accurate measurements on stars and spiral nebulae.



Who could use this new evidence to support his argument?

Put a tick (\checkmark) in the **one** correct box to show which theory about spiral nebulae is supported by Hubble's measurement.

Shapley	
Curtis	
both Shapley and Curtis	[1]

(c)	Edwin Hubble also mea	asured the movement (of objects in the night sk	¢y.	
	Use the words from this	s list to complete the se	ntence below.		
		away from	us		
		galaxies			
		moons			
		planets			
		together	•		
		towards u	IS		
(d)	are moving	that distant methods, astronomers		[[2] se
	Put a ring around the	number of years ago th	nat the Universe began.		
	4000 million	5000 million	10 000 million	14000 million [[Total:	[1] 8]

3 (a) It is possible to screen embryos grown outside the womb. This is done to find out what genes they have.

Embryos can then be selected before they are implanted into the mother's womb.

The stages of this process are described below.

They are in the wrong order.

- A One cell is taken from each embryo.
- **B** The fertilised eggs grow into embryos.
- **C** Sperm from the father are added to the eggs.
- **D** Doctors test for genes present in the embryos.
- **E** Some of the mother's eggs are removed from the ovaries.
- **F** Embryos without faulty genes are put into the mother's womb.

Fill in the boxes to show the right order. Two have been done for you.

Ε			F	
	l			l

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[3]

(b) This article appeared on a website.

Watchdog backs more embryo checks

There are new guidelines for tests on embryos.

Couples with family histories of breast cancer can now have their embryos tested.

Breast cancer does not usually affect people until they are over thirty.

Individuals with the genes linked to breast cancer have about an 80% chance of developing breast cancer.

Testing will not be allowed for conditions like asthma which can be treated with medicine.

Testing will not be allowed for schizophrenia which is not caused by a single gene.

Adapted from BBC News at http://news.bbc.co.uk, 10 May 2006

(i) There are two major changes to the tests on embryos which should be allowed.
Put ticks (✓) in the boxes next to the two tests which will be allowed by the new guidelines.

tests for genes causing asthma	
tests for genes that increase the chance of cancer	
tests for conditions caused by many genes, e.g. schizophrenia	
tests for genes which do not usually affect individuals until they reach the age of thirty	

[1]

((ii)	The	article	sav	/S
٨	ш	, ,,,,	ai lioio	Ou	, .

'Individuals with the genes linked to breast cancer have about an 80% chance of developing breast cancer.'

Read the explanations of this statement.

Put a tick (✓) in the box next to the **best** explanation.

20% of women with breast cancer genes will get breast cancer.	
80% of women with breast cancer genes will get breast cancer.	
Every woman with breast cancer genes will get breast cancer.	[1]

(iii) Schizophrenia is probably caused by a combination of several inherited genes and environmental factors.

Who is most likely to suffer from schizophrenia?

Choose from the following people.

individual	genes present	environmental factors present
Andy	yes	yes
Briony	no	yes
Chloe	yes	no
David	no	no

answer[1	ľ]	
----------	---	---	--

[Total: 6]

4 Read the newspaper article below.

Three sisters unite for surrogate birth

Laura, who is infertile, has a baby boy thanks to her two sisters.

Her sister Rebecca had an operation to remove an egg.

This was fertilised using sperm from Laura's husband, Simon.

The embryo was implanted into another of Laura's sisters, Hannah.

Hannah became pregnant and gave birth to a healthy boy, Jake.

(a) Complete the sentences using words from this list.

calcium

DNA

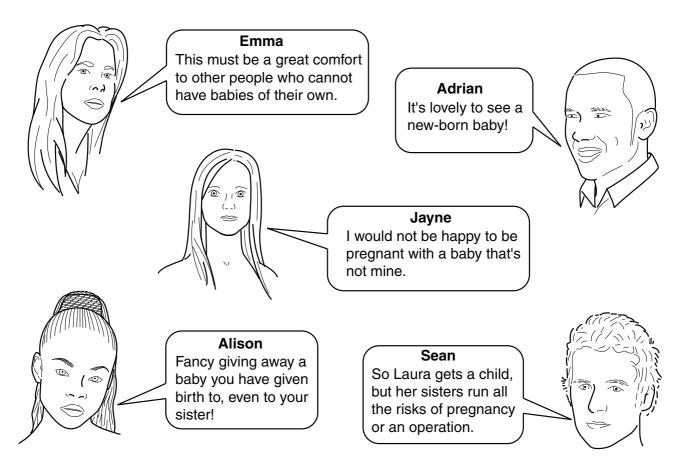
many copies

one copy

two copies

	The egg cell from Rebecca and the sperm cell from Simon each contained	ed	
	of each chromosome.		
	The fertilised egg cell contains of each chron	nosome.	
	Each chromosome is made of a chemical called		[3]
(b)	Jake is a boy. His sex is determined by his sex chromosomes. Write down the sex chromosomes Jake must have inherited.		
	answer		[1]
(c)	Which statement best explains who Jake is most like?		
	Put a tick (✓) in the correct box.		
	Rebecca, because she donated the egg.		
	Hannah, because she was pregnant with Jake for 9 months.		
	Rebecca, because all of Jake's genes came from her.		
	Hannah, because half of Jake's genes came from her.		[1]

(d) Five people have different views about this story.



Which people help to explain why this type of treatment does not happen often?

Put a tick (\checkmark) in the box next to **each** correct name.

Adrian		
Emma		
Jayne		
Sean		
Alison		[3]

[Total: 8]

5 In the UK, older cars must have an MOT test every year to check that they are working properly.

One part of the test is to check that the amount of each pollutant gas in the exhaust emissions is within legal limits.

Liz tests a car exhaust. These are the results from the test.

		Limits	Actual value	
0	engine speed	2500-3000 rpm	2829 rpm	
0	carbon monoxide	less than 0.3%	0.03%	
	hydrocarbons	less than 200	28 ppm	
		ppm		
$\overline{}$				

(a) Complete the sentences by choosing words from this list.

Each word may be used once, more than once or not at all.

	above	below	fail	pass		
	The actual value of carbon	monoxide is		the legal li	mit.	
	The actual value of hydroca	urbons is		the legal limit.		
	The car should	the	e test.			[2]
(b)	The hydrocarbons in the ex	haust gases con	ne from unburnt	petrol.		
	Complete the sentences to engine.	show what hap	pens to petrol v	when it burns no	ormally in the	car
	Use words from this list.					
	Each word may be used on	ce, more than or	nce or not at all.			
	carbon dioxide	carbon monox	ride	oxygen	water	
	When petrol burns,					
	• carbon atoms in the p	etrol react with o	xygen to form			
			and			
	• hydrogen atoms in the	e petrol react with	າ		to	
	form					[2]

(c) Liz uses an electronic sensor to take five measurements of the percentage of carbon monoxide in the car exhaust.

These are her results.

test	percentage of carbon monoxide (%)
1	0.12
2	0.03
3	0.04
4	0.03
5	0.02

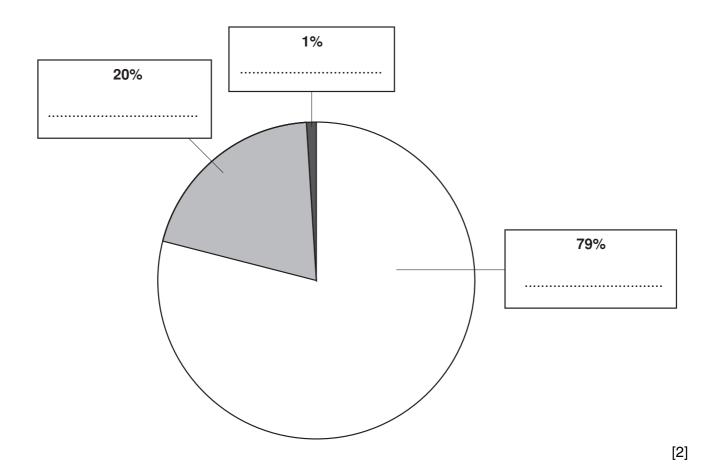
(i)	Liz treats test 1 as an outlier .	
	Why does she do this?	
	Put a tick (\checkmark) in the box next to the best answer.	
	The first test is just a rough trial.	
	This result is higher than the mean of the other results.	
	This result lies well outside the range of the other results.	
	This result is not a best estimate.	[1]
(ii)	Complete the sentence about the true value of the percentage of carbon monoxide.	
	The true value lies in the range	[1]
(iii)	Why does Liz repeat the test five times?	
	Put ticks (\checkmark) in the two boxes next to true reasons for repeating the test.	
	She is looking for a correlation.	
	The electronic sensor may not work reliably.	
	The data is more accurate.	
	It is important to control other factors when measuring.	
	The percentage of carbon monoxide in the exhaust may vary.	[2]
	[Tota	ıl: 81

- 6 Air in cities contains pollutants that affect the air quality.
 - (a) The pie chart shows the amounts of the three main gases in clean air.

Label the pie chart.

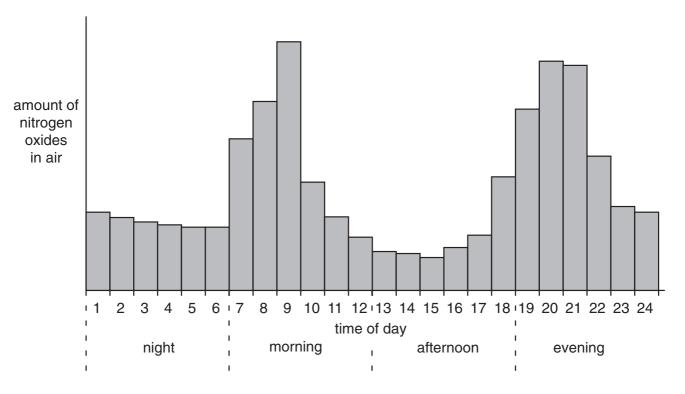
Choose words from this list.

argon carbon dioxide nitrogen oxygen sulfur



(b) Some of the gases that affect air quality are nitrogen oxides.

This graph shows how the amount of nitrogen oxides in air changes over a typical day in a city.



Which of the following conclusions can be made from the graph?

Put ticks (✓) in the **two** correct boxes.

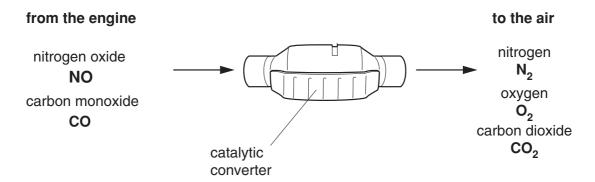
The amount of nitrogen oxides is highest every day at 4 in the morning.	
The highest amounts of nitrogen oxides usually occur in the morning and evening.	
Nitrogen oxides are produced by motor vehicles.	
The amount of nitrogen oxides in the air usually decreases overnight.	

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[2]

(c) One way of reducing the amount of nitrogen oxides in the air is by using catalytic converters in cars.

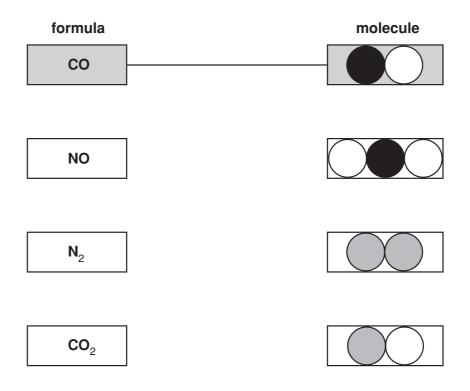
This diagram shows what gases go in and out of a catalytic converter.



The boxes below show the formulae and molecules of some of the gases that go in or out of the converter.

Draw a straight line from each formula to the correct molecule.

One has been done for you.



[2]

[Total: 6]

END OF QUESTION PAPER

Acknowledgements:

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