

**GENERAL CERTIFICATE OF SECONDARY EDUCATION**  
**TWENTY FIRST CENTURY SCIENCE**  
**ADDITIONAL APPLIED SCIENCE A**  
Harnessing Chemicals (Foundation Tier)

**A335/01**

Candidates answer on the Question Paper  
A calculator may be used for this paper

**OCR Supplied Materials:**  
None

**Other Materials Required:**

- Pencil
- Ruler (cm/mm)

**Monday 18 January 2010**  
**Morning**

**Duration: 45 minutes**



Candidate Forename		Candidate Surname	
--------------------	--	-------------------	--

Centre Number						Candidate Number				
---------------	--	--	--	--	--	------------------	--	--	--	--

**INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES**

- Write your name clearly in capital letters, your Centre Number and Candidate Number in the boxes above.
- Use black ink. Pencil may be used for graphs and diagrams only.
- Read each question carefully and make sure that you know what you have to do before starting your answer.
- Answer **all** the questions.
- Do **not** write in the bar codes.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided, however additional paper may be used if necessary.

**INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES**

- The number of marks is given in brackets [ ] at the end of each question or part question.
- The total number of marks for this paper is **36**.
- This document consists of **12** pages. Any blank pages are indicated.

Answer **all** the questions.

1 Emma reads a book about metals and their reactions.

- (a) She finds the chemical symbols for some metals.  
Draw a straight line from each **metal** to its correct **chemical symbol**.

metal	chemical symbol
calcium	Na
magnesium	Mg
potassium	Ca
sodium	K

[3]

- (b) Emma reacts magnesium with hydrochloric acid.  
Complete the word equation for the reaction between magnesium and hydrochloric acid.



[2]

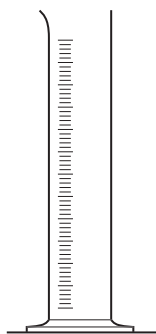
- (c) Emma uses 5 g of magnesium to react with her hydrochloric acid.  
She finds from a website that 100 g of magnesium costs £20.00.  
Calculate the cost of 5 g of magnesium.

Show your working.

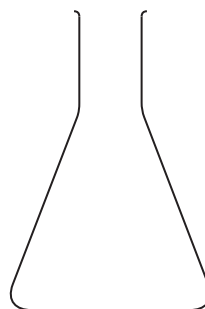
cost of 5 g of magnesium = ..... [2]

[Total: 7]

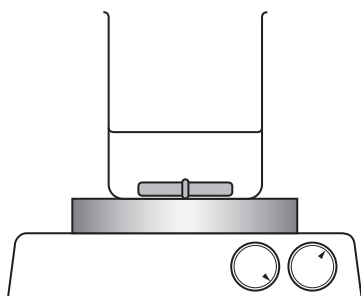
2 Chemists use the apparatus shown below.



A



B



C



D

(a) Name the apparatus **A**, **B**, **C** and **D**.  
Use words from the list.

**balance**

**graduated flask**

**burette**

**magnetic stirrer**

**conical flask**

**measuring cylinder**

**A** .....

**B** .....

**C** .....

**D** .....

[4]

(b) Which piece of apparatus would you use to **accurately** measure out small volumes of a liquid?

Put a **ring** around the correct answer.

**A**

**B**

**C**

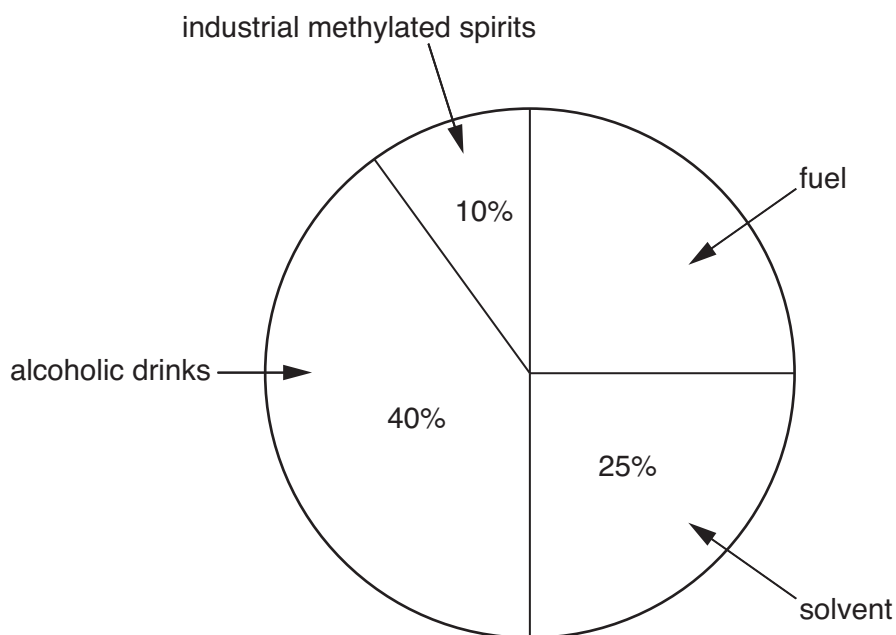
**D**

[1]

[Total: 5]

3 Ethanol has many different uses.

(a) Sam finds this chart that shows some of the uses of ethanol.



Use the chart to find the percentage (%) used as fuel.

..... % [1]

(b) Ethanol has the chemical formula  $C_2H_5OH$ .

(i) How many **different elements** are there in the chemical formula of ethanol?

..... [1]

(ii) What is the total number of **atoms** in the chemical formula of ethanol?

..... [1]

(c) Ethanol is an organic compound. Organic compounds contain carbon and come from living or non-living sources.

Write down the chemical name of **another** organic compound.

..... [1]

- (d) Ethanol is commonly made by the fermentation of sugar cane.  
This is a sustainable process.

Put a tick (✓) in the box next to the answer that **best** explains this as a sustainable process.

It produces little waste.

It makes use of renewable resources.

It makes a cheap product.

[1]

- (e) Use words from this list to complete the sentences about ethanol.

**a metal      a carboxylic acid      an ester      distilling      filtering      refluxing**

Ethanol can be turned into ..... This is done

by ..... it for some time with .....

[3]

[Total: 8]

- 4 (a) Ammonia is an alkaline gas.  
It dissolves in water to give a solution.

What will be the **pH** of this solution?

Put a **ring** around the correct answer.

**less than 7**                      **7**                      **greater than 7**

[1]

- (b) Ammonia is manufactured on a large scale.

- (i) What word is used to describe chemicals manufactured on a large scale?

Put a **ring** around the correct word.

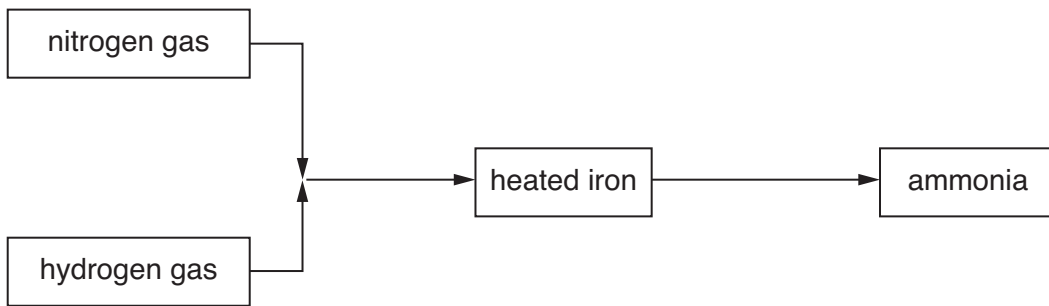
**bulk**                      **fine**                      **laboratory**                      **speciality**

[1]

- (ii) Write down the name of **another** chemical that is manufactured on a large scale.

..... [1]

- (c) Ammonia is made by passing nitrogen gas and hydrogen gas over heated iron.



- (i) The iron is a catalyst for the reaction.  
Explain what is meant by the term **catalyst**.

.....  
.....  
..... [2]

- (ii) Nitrogen for this reaction is extracted from the air.  
Explain the advantage of using nitrogen from the air to manufacture ammonia.

.....  
.....  
..... [2]

(iii) The reaction is exothermic.  
What is meant by the term **exothermic**?

..... [1]

(d) Use a word from the list to complete the sentence about nitrogen.

**artificial**

**inorganic**

**organic**

Nitrogen is an ..... chemical.

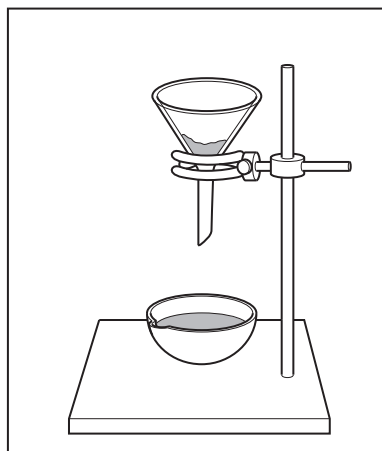
[1]

[Total: 9]

- 5 (a) Amina follows a standard procedure to make magnesium sulfate crystals from magnesium oxide.

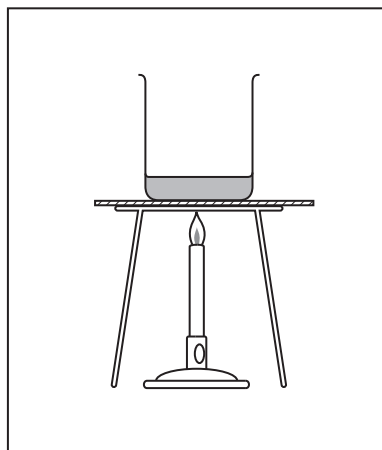
Amina uses the following steps.  
The steps are in the **wrong** order.

step A



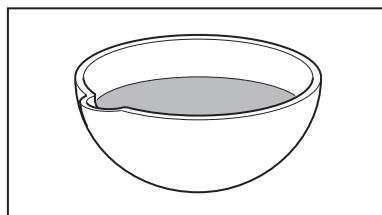
filter the mixture into an evaporating dish

step B



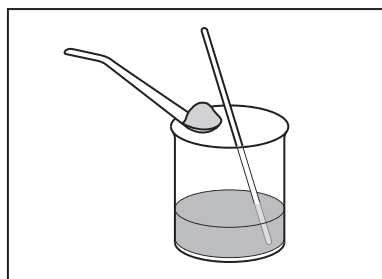
warm  $100\text{ cm}^3$  of dilute sulfuric acid

step C



leave to cool

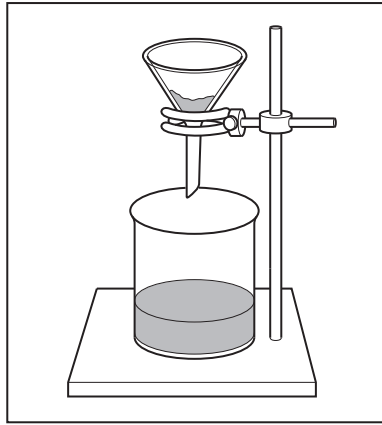
step D



stir and add magnesium oxide a bit at a time until it is in excess

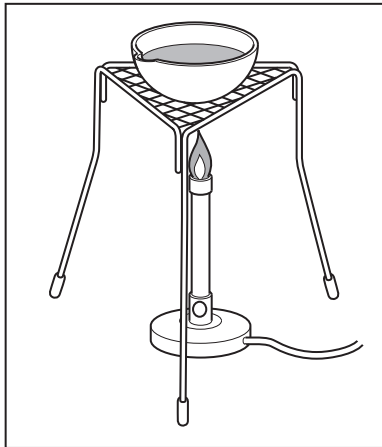


**step E**



remove small white crystals of magnesium sulfate by filtration

**step F**



gently heat, to evaporate some of the water, until crystals start to form

- (i) Write down the steps in the correct order. The first one has been done for you.

<b>B</b>					
----------	--	--	--	--	--

[4]

- (ii) Why is the sulfuric acid warmed in **step B**?

.....  
 ..... [1]

- (iii) Why is the mixture filtered in **step A**?

.....  
 ..... [1]

- (b) Amina wants to make larger crystals of magnesium sulfate.

How could the standard procedure be changed to do this?

.....  
 ..... [1]

[Total: 7]

**END OF QUESTION PAPER**

**10**  
**BLANK PAGE**

**PLEASE DO NOT WRITE ON THIS PAGE**

11  
BLANK PAGE

PLEASE DO NOT WRITE ON THIS PAGE

**PLEASE DO NOT WRITE ON THIS PAGE**



**Copyright Information**

OCR is committed to seeking permission to reproduce all third-party content that it uses in its assessment materials. OCR has attempted to identify and contact all copyright holders whose work is used in this paper. To avoid the issue of disclosure of answer-related information to candidates, all copyright acknowledgements are reproduced in the OCR Copyright Acknowledgements Booklet. This is produced for each series of examinations, is given to all schools that receive assessment material and is freely available to download from our public website ([www.ocr.org.uk](http://www.ocr.org.uk)) after the live examination series.

If OCR has unwittingly failed to correctly acknowledge or clear any third-party content in this assessment material, OCR will be happy to correct its mistake at the earliest possible opportunity.

For queries or further information please contact the Copyright Team, First Floor, 9 Hills Road, Cambridge CB2 1GE.

OCR is part of the Cambridge Assessment Group; Cambridge Assessment is the brand name of University of Cambridge Local Examinations Syndicate (UCLES), which is itself a department of the University of Cambridge.