

**GENERAL CERTIFICATE OF SECONDARY EDUCATION
TWENTY FIRST CENTURY SCIENCE
ADDITIONAL APPLIED SCIENCE A**

Agriculture and Food
(Foundation Tier)

A334/01

Candidates answer on the question paper
A calculator may be used for this paper

OCR Supplied Materials:
None

Other Materials Required:

- Pencil
- Ruler (cm/mm)

**Thursday 15 January 2009
Afternoon**

Duration: 45 minutes



Candidate Forename		Candidate Surname	
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Centre Number						Candidate Number			
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INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- Write your name clearly in capital letters, your Centre Number and Candidate Number in the boxes above.
- Use black ink. Pencil may be used for graphs and diagrams only.
- Read each question carefully and make sure that you know what you have to do before starting your answer.
- Answer **all** the questions.
- Do **not** write in the bar codes.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided, however additional paper may be used if necessary.

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

- The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.
- The total number of marks for this paper is **36**.
- This document consists of **12** pages. Any blank pages are indicated.

FOR EXAMINER'S USE		
Qu.	Max.	Mark
1	5	
2	10	
3	6	
4	9	
5	6	
TOTAL	36	

Answer **all** the questions.

- 1 There are not many cod fish in the North Sea.
This is because of “over fishing”.

- (a) Cod fish are now being farmed by keeping them in sea lochs.
They are fed on high protein pellet food.

What type of farming is being used?

Put a tick (\checkmark) in the box next to the **correct** answer.

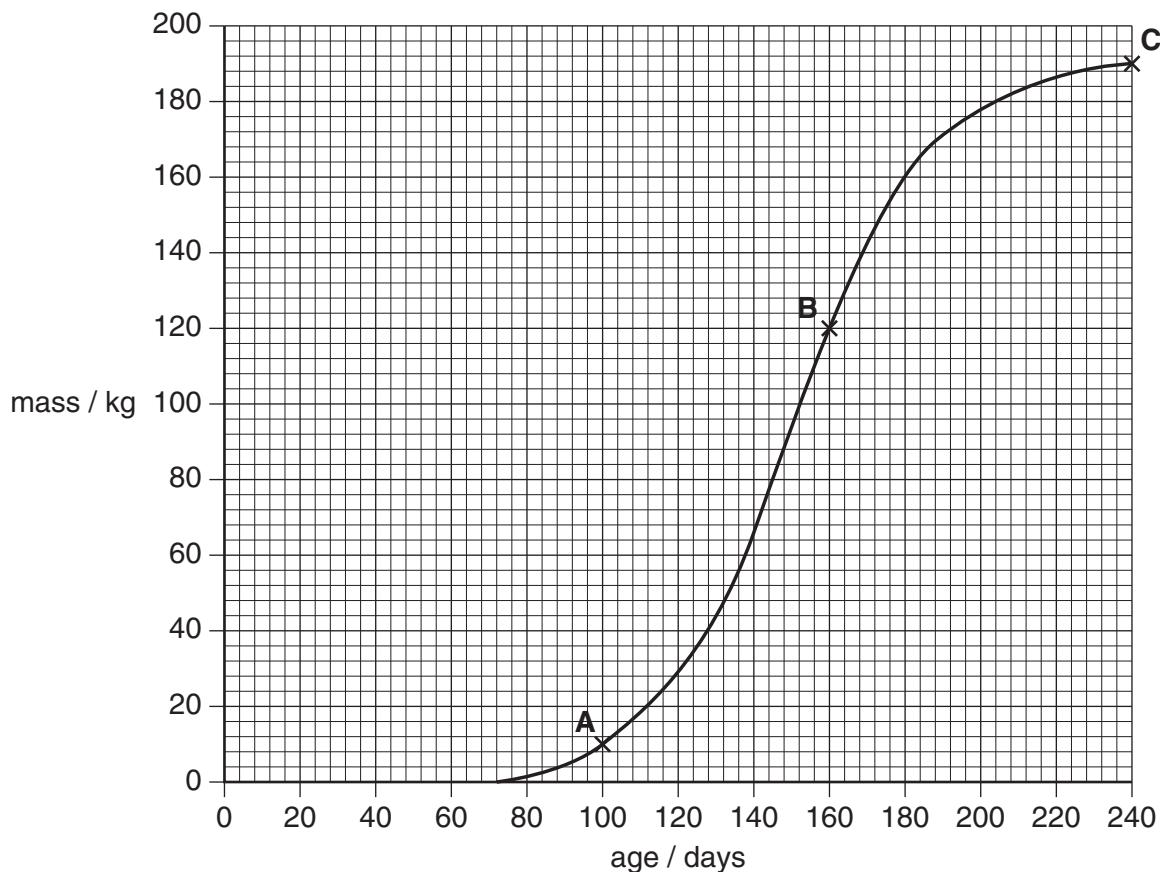
horticulture

intensive farming

hydroponics

[1]

- (b) The graph shows the growth rate of the cod.



- (i) Use information in the graph to complete the table.

point on graph	age in days	mass in kg
A	100	10
B	160	
C	240	190

[1]

- (ii) When are the cod growing the fastest?

Put a  around the correct letter.

A

B

C

[1]

- (iii) Write down **two** factors that affect the growth rate of fish such as cod.

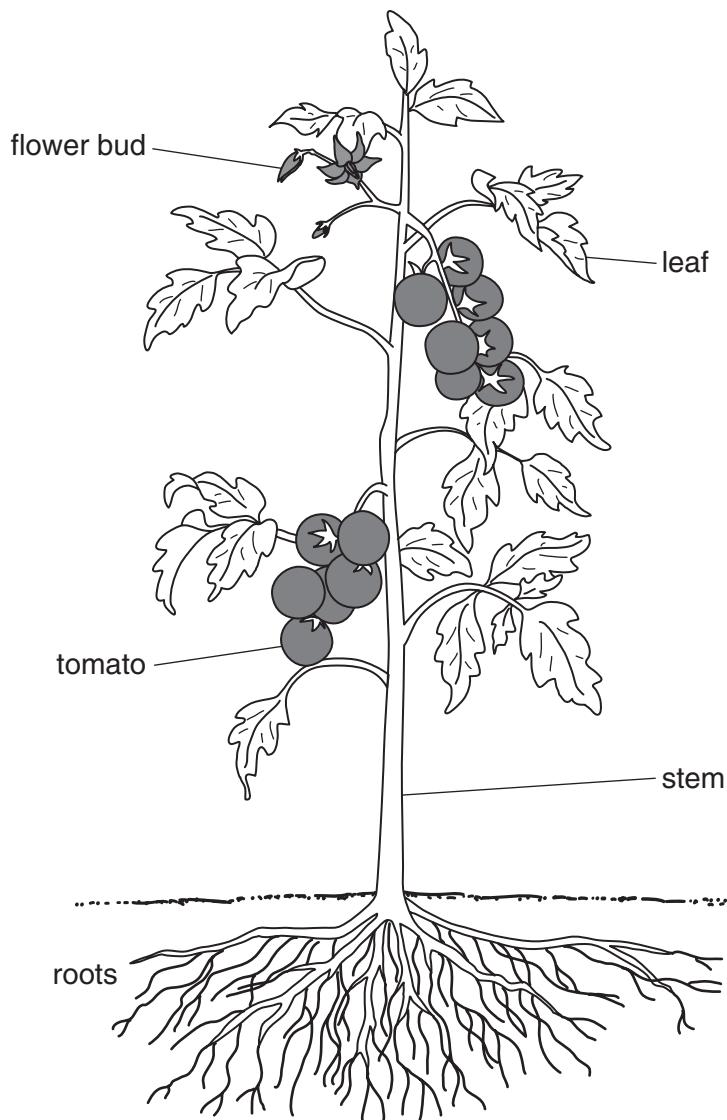
1

2 [2]

[Total: 5]

- 2 Lindsay wants to grow tomato plants from seeds.

(a) Look at the diagram of a tomato plant.



Put a (ring) around the part of the plant which contains seeds.

[1]

- (b) Lindsay buys a packet of tomato seeds.
The seeds are sealed inside a bag.
Why are the seeds sealed in a bag?

Put ticks (✓) in the boxes next to the **two** correct answers.

To stop them...

photosynthesising

being pollinated

being fertilised

germinating

rotting

[2]

- (c) The packet of seeds has a label that states,

"Guaranteed 98% germination rate".

Describe how Lindsay could test whether the germination rate was really 98%.

.....
.....
.....
.....

[3]

- (d) Lindsay can grow the tomato plants in different ways.

Draw a straight line from each **growing medium** to the correct **advantage** and to the correct **disadvantage** of use.

advantage

easy to control water
and oxygen levels

growing medium

garden soil

disadvantage

no support for growing
plants

contains correct
minerals

compost bought from a
Garden Centre

expensive to buy in
small sacks

free

using a hydroponics
system

contains many pests

[4]

[Total: 10]

- 3 Look at the information about the percentage of different types of farming in the UK.

type of farming	percentage%
poultry	4
horticulture	6
dairy	12
arable	23
cattle, sheep for meat	29
mixed farming	

- (a) The list includes all types of farming.

Calculate the percentage of mixed farming in the UK.
You must show your working.

% mixed farming = [2]

- (b) Suggest **one** advantage of having different types of farming on the same farm.

.....
..... [1]

- (c) Complete the sentences about types of farming.

Choose from,

eggs **garden** **plants** **milk** **sheep** **wheat**

Dairy farming produces

Arable farming produces

Poultry farming produces

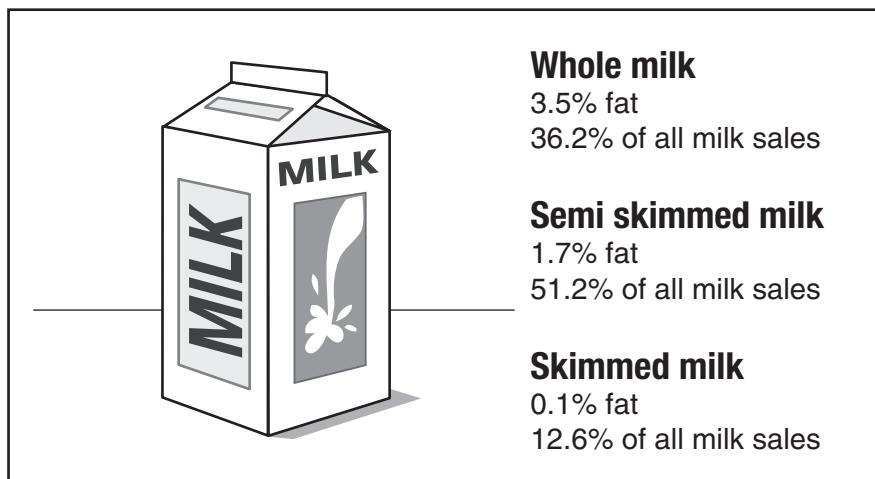
[3]

[Total: 6]

- 4 Cows produce milk.

- (a) Look at the information about different types of milk.

Skimmed and semi-skimmed milk have different amounts of cream removed.



Semi-skimmed milk has the highest sales.

Suggest reasons why.

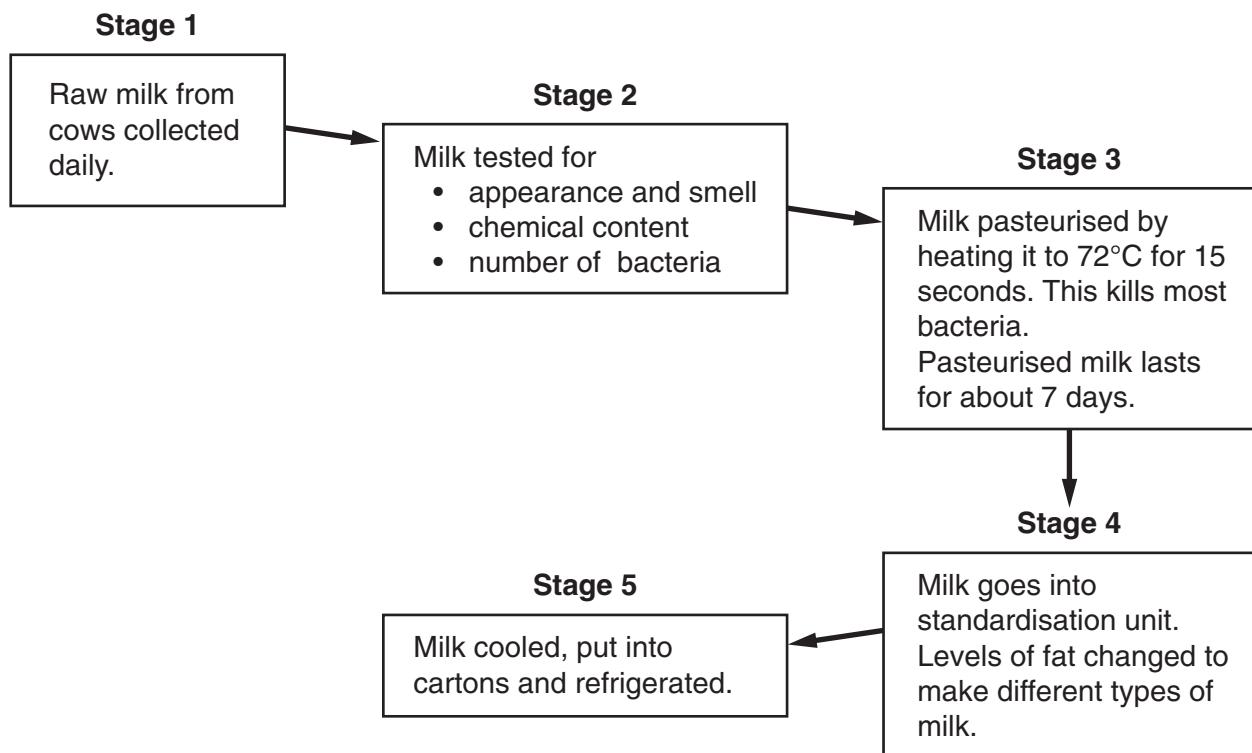
.....

.....

.....

[2]

(b) Look at the information about how milk is processed.



- (i) In **Stage 2** the milk is tested.
Why is the milk tested?

Put ticks (✓) in the boxes next to the **two** correct answers.

so that everyone can buy it

to ensure food quality

to make sure it is safe to drink

to control its price

to make the cow healthy

[2]

- (ii) In **Stage 2**, which of the three tests is a **qualitative** test?

..... [1]

- (iii) In **Stage 3**, milk is pasteurised.

Suggest why pasteurised milk only lasts about 7 days.

.....
.....
.....

[2]

- (iv) In **Stage 5**, the milk is cooled.

Explain why.

.....
.....
.....

[2]

[Total: 9]

- 5 (a) DEFRA is an organisation that regulates agriculture.

- (i) Write down the name of **one other** organisation that regulates agriculture.

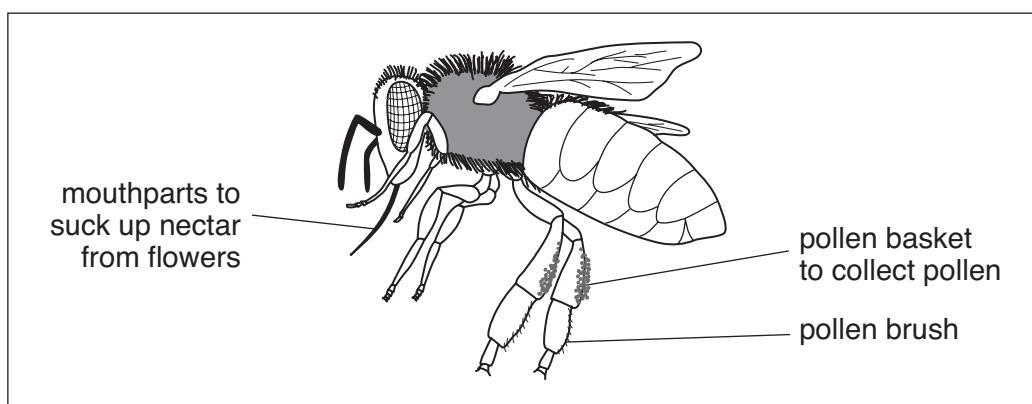
..... [1]

- (ii) Write down the name of **one** organisation that supports the food industry.

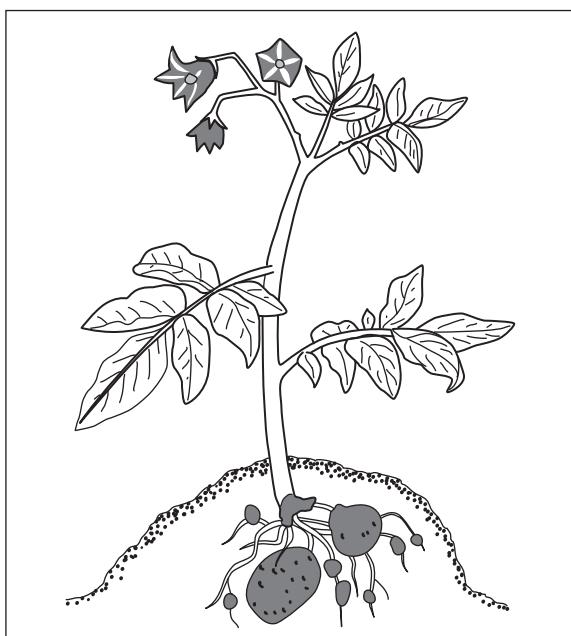
..... [1]

- (b) DEFRA has recently delayed the planting of a GM potato crop.
The field chosen for the GM crop was near fields used to grow borage.
Borage is a useful crop plant.

Look at the information linking a potato crop, bees and borage.



**Bees collect pollen and nectar.
They make honey in bee hives.**



potato crop



borage plant

- (i) Why is it important for the borage plants to be pollinated?

.....
.....

[1]

- (ii) The owners of the bee hives had refused to put their hives in the borage fields.

Suggest why.

.....
.....

[1]

- (iii) The borage crop is used to make oil.

An average borage oil crop is about 0.5 tonnes / hectare.

The oil is sold for £2000 a tonne.

A borage farmer has three fields, each of 6 hectares in size.

What would his total average borage crop be worth?

You must show your working.

value of total borage crop [2]

[Total: 6]

END OF QUESTION PAPER

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