

A334/01

GENERAL CERTIFICATE OF SECONDARY EDUCATION TWENTY FIRST CENTURY SCIENCE ADDITIONAL APPLIED SCIENCE A

Agriculture and Food (Foundation Tier)

TUESDAY 17 JUNE 2008

Morning Time: 45 minutes

Candidates answer on the question paper. **Additional materials (enclosed):**

None

Calculators may be used.

Additional materials: Pencil

Ruler (cm/mm)



Candidate Forename				Candidate Surname			
Centre Number				Candidate Number			

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- Write your name in capital letters, your Centre Number and Candidate Number in the boxes above.
- Use blue or black ink. Pencil may be used for graphs and diagrams only.
- Read each question carefully and make sure that you know what you have to do before starting your answer.
- Answer all the questions.
- Do **not** write in the bar codes.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

- The number of marks for each question is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.
- The total number of marks for this paper is 36.

FOR EXAMINER'S USE			
Qu.	Max	Mark	
1	3		
2	6		
3	10		
4	7		
5	10		
TOTAL	36		

This	document	consists of	10	printed	pages	and 2	blank	pages

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Answer all the questions.

1 Products from organisms can be separated into two types.

They can be:

- gathered harvests
- · whole organism harvests.

Look at the cartoon about products from cows.



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WE MUST BE OUT OF OUR MINDS!

(a) Complete the table about products from cows.

Put a tick (\checkmark) in the correct box for each product. The first row has been done for you.

product	gathered harvest	whole organism harvest
butter	✓	
cheese		
handbag		
milk		
shoes		

ſ	2	1
L	_	J

(b)	Write down one other product from cows.	
		[1

[Total: 3]

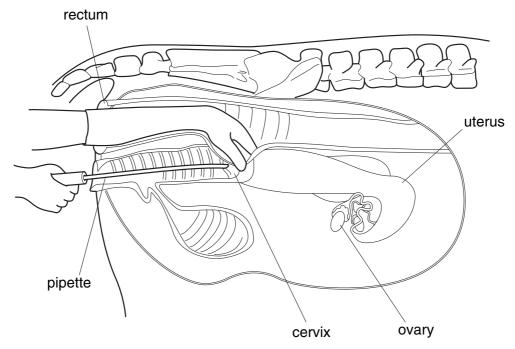
2	Giles	is	а	dairy	farmer.

He uses selective breeding to improve the milk yield of his cows.

He chooses a cow and a bull with useful characteristics.

(a)	(i)	Write down one useful characteristic that the cow should have.
		[1]
	(ii)	Write down one useful characteristic that the bull must have.
		[1]

(b) Giles uses artificial insemination to fertilise the cows.



(i)	Describe the process of artificial insemination.
	Use information in the diagram to help you.
	[3]
(ii)	Write down one advantage of artificial insemination.
	[1]
	[Total: 6]

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3 When strawberry plants are grown in **fields**, the fruit is only available for 6 weeks.

Many strawberry growers in the UK use polytunnels.

When strawberry plants are grown in **polytunnels**, the fruit is available for 26 weeks.



(a)	How	\prime much longer is the fruit available from polytunnels than	from growing in fields?	
			answer weeks	[1]
(b)	The	strawberry crop yield can vary from year to year.		
	Sug	gest a suitable method of measuring the strawberry crop	o yield.	
				. [1]
(c)	The	environmental conditions inside the polytunnel can be o	controlled.	
	(i)	Write down two environmental conditions that can be c	ontrolled.	
		1		
		2		. [2]
	(ii)	Strawberry plants make their food by photosynthesis.		
		Complete the word equation for photosynthesis.		
V	vater	+ carbon dioxide → +		[2]
	(iii)	Water and carbon dioxide are needed to produce a goo	od strawberry crop.	
		What else will the strawberry plants need to grow?		
		1		
				[0]

(u)	The polyturiners are made with plastic sheets.
	Write down two disadvantages of using polytunnels.
	1
	2[2]
	[Total: 10]

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4	Mannie grows vegetables in her garden.

She makes compost to improve the soil.

She puts waste such as dead plants, weeds, leaves and grass cuttings into a compost bin.

She mixes up the compost every few weeks.



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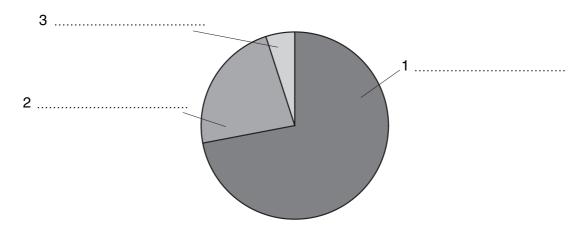
	© H. Herbert / OCR
(a)	Microorganisms change the waste into compost.
	Name one type of microorganism.
	[1]
(b)	Complete the sentences describing the production of compost.
	Choose words from this list.
	Each word may be used once, more than once or not at all.
	aerobic
	alcohol
	anaerobic
	carbon dioxide
	oxygen
	water
	Microorganisms change the waste to compost using the process of respiration.
	This process is shown by the word equation,
	glucose + oxygen → water +
	This type of respiration is called respiration.
	Mannie mixes up the compost to let in

(c)	Using compost is an example of sustainable agriculture.				
	Look at the following statements about sustainable agriculture.				
	Put ticks (🗸) in the boxes next to three correct statements about sustainable agriculture.				
	Sustainable agriculture				
	reduces the need for synthetic fertilisers.				
	increases the need for synthetic fertilisers.				
	is only used for animal farming.				
	reduces water quality in rivers.				
	improves water quality in rivers.				
	reduces use of pesticides.				
	increases use of pesticides.		[3]		
			[Total: 7]		

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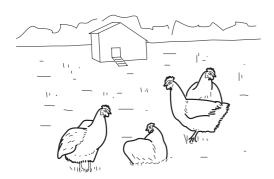
- 5 Chickens produce eggs. They can be farmed in three different ways:
 - cages
 - barn
 - free range.
 - (a) The percentage of eggs produced by the UK is:
 - 72% by a cage system
 - 5% by a barn system
 - 23% by a free range system.

Complete the labels on the pie chart to show this information.



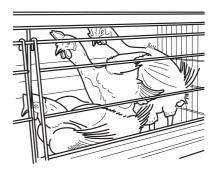
(b) Mannie and Sami are egg farmers.

Mannie uses a free range system.



Mannie's hens are kept in a field have plenty of space to move around behave normally have a varied diet Sami uses a cage system.

[1]



Sami's hens are kept in cages have a limited area to move around are in a controlled environment have a less varied diet

	(i)	Some people think that free range hens have better care than hens kept in	cages.			
		State and explain one advantage and one disadvantage of free range egg	farming.			
		Use ideas about animal welfare in your answer.				
		advantage				
		explanation				
		disadvantage				
		explanation				
			[4]			
	(ii)	Mannie's free range eggs cost more than Sami's cage eggs.				
		Suggest why.				
			[2]			
(c)) Mannie and Sami put the Lion Quality mark on their hens' eggs.					
		Lion Quality				
	Wha	at does this mark tell you?				
(d)	The	British Egg Marketing Board is an organisation that supports egg farmers.	[1]			
	Exp	plain how they do this.				
			[2]			
			[Total: 10]			

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