

# **GCSE**

Science: Double Award B (1536)

Separate Sciences: Biology B (1529), Chemistry B (1539), Physics B (1549)

Summer 2005

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Mark Scheme (Results)

2P/5667 2P/5647 5P/5668 5P/5648

#### USING THE MARK SCHEME

- 1. This mark scheme gives you;
- \* an idea of the type of response expected
- \* how individual marks are to be awarded
- \* the total mark for each question
- \* examples of responses that should not receive credit.
- 2. ; separates points for the award of each mark.
- 3. / means that the responses are alternatives and either answer should receive full credit.
- 4. ( ) means that a phrase/word is not essential for the award of the mark but helps the examiner to get the sense of the expected answer.
- 5. Phrases/words in bold indicate that the meaning of the phrase/word is essential to the answer.
- 6. OWTTE (or words to that effect) and eq (equivalent) indicate that valid alternative answers (which have not been specified) are acceptable.
- 7. 'Ignore' means that this answer is not worth a mark but does not negate an additional correct response.
- 8. 'Reject' means that the answer is wrong and negates any additional correct response for that specific mark.
- 9. ORA (or reverse argument) indicates that the complete reverse is also valid for the award of marks.
- 10. ecf (error carried forward) means that a wrong answer given in an earlier part of a question is used correctly in answer to a later part of the same question.

#### MARKING

- 1. You must give a tick (in red) for every mark awarded. The tick must be placed on the script close to the answer. The total mark awarded for a question should be written in the box at the end of the question.
- 2. The total marks for a question should then transferred to the front of the script.
- 3. Suggestion/explanation questions should be marked correct even when the suggestion is contained within the explanation.
- 4. Do not award marks for repetition of the stem of the question.
- 5. Make sure that the answer makes sense. Do not give credit for correct words/phrases which are put together in a meaningless manner. Answers must be in the correct scientific context.

### **AMPLIFICATION**

- 1. In calculations, full credit must be given for a <u>bald</u>, correct answer. If a numerical answer is incorrect, look at the working and award marks according to the mark scheme.
- 2. Consequential marking should be used in calculations. This is where a candidate's working is correct but is based upon a previous error. When consequential marks have been awarded write "ecf" next to the ticks.
- 3. If candidates use the mole in calculations they must be awarded full marks for a correct answer even though the term may not be on the syllabus at their level.
- 4. If candidates use chemical formulae instead of chemical names, credit can only be given if the formulae are correct.

### QUALITY OF WRITTEN COMMUNICATION

Students will be assessed on their ability to:

- present relevant information in a form that suits its purpose
- ensure that spelling, punctuation and grammar are accurate, so that the meaning is clear
- use of a suitable structure and style of writing.
- use √c or Xc to show if the communication mark is given or not.

## Mark Scheme

If there are two question numbers, the first refers to the Foundation tier paper and the second to the Higher tier paper.

•	1

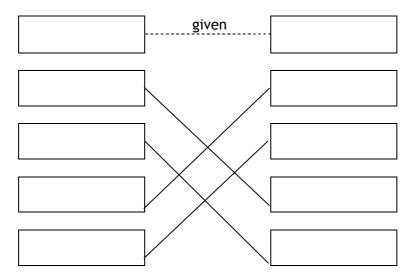
conductors	insulators
iron	Nylon (given)
copper	glass
	rubber

same item in both columns scores zero ignore extra words allow Fe,FE,fE etc.

1 mark for each correct answer

Total 4 marks

2



1 mark for each correct line;;;; (any two lines to or from a box score 0 for that box)

Total 4 marks

a) total/complete internal; (TIR/totally internally reflected = 1 1 reflection; (bald reflected = 0) 1
b) straight (by eye) from A to opposite wall of fibre; 1 (must touch, must not emerge) reasonable attempt at reflection law at A and maximum of 2 extra 1 reflections;

# Total 4 marks

4	a)	i)	35 (m/s);	(ignore all units) 1
	,	ii)	25 (m/s);	(ignore all units) 1
	b)		line has steeper gradient;	(curve OK if all above A)
				(vertical =0) 1
			line is horizontal above A;	1
			Total 4 marks	

5/1	a)		(idea of) time for half of undecayed nuclei/atoms to decay OR (idea of time) for radioactivity/count rate halved;	1
			(reject mass changes)	
	b)		1000÷2 [any other value (in range 500-1000)÷2]; (check graph)	
			50 (47-53) (min); (ignore unit)	2
			(or alternative calculation for 2 marks)	
			[Reject 100/2 =50 for both marks]	
	c)	i)	2 (Bq); (ignore units)	1
		ii)	any two from:	
			contamination idea; e.g.still waste there/soil contaminated opinion/perception of risk/worry/fright;	
			radioactivity can be harmful/dangerous/cause cancer/mutations;	
			2 Bq (or ecf from ci)/only 2 half lives/remains radioactive for long time;	2
			Total 6 mar	'ks
6/2	a)	i)	arrow shown C→D on coil;	1
		ii)	arrow shown vertically upwards near CD;	1
	b)		QWC mark for ensuring spelling, punctuation and grammar are accurate,	
			so that the meaning is clear;	
			reverse the magnets/OWTTE;	
			reverse the polarity of the battery/OWTTE;	2
			(accept reverse current/flow of charge)	3
	۵)		(ignore references to force)	
	c)		(P=I.V); eqn (accept P = amps x volts but not P=A.V unless A is defined)	
			P=0.5 x 6; substitution	
			=3 W; ans with unit accept J/s	3
			(3 with any unit =2)	
			Total 8 mar	rks
			Total o mai	
3	a)		Any three from:	
			particles (atoms/molecules);	
			moving;	
			hit/collide with sides of container; (accept bounce for hit)	
			(ignore particles colliding with each other)	
			many collisions;	
			change of momentum idea/force;	3
	b)		$P_2 = \frac{P_1 V_1}{V_2}$ ; rearrangement	
			$\frac{5 \times 10^5 \times 200}{960}$ ; substitution (5x10 <sup>5</sup> x200 = P <sub>2</sub> x960 scores 1)	
			104 167 answer (1.042 5 or 1.042 5 scores 2)	2
			104 167 answer (1.042_5 or 1.042 5 scores 2) 104 170	3
			104 170	
			104 200	
			100 000	
			any of these in standard	
			form (Pa) (ignore unit)	
			is (i a) (ighore anic)	

Total 6 marks

4	a)		KE due to motion/velocity, / ½ accelerating an object; GPE due to position/height/mgh/equi	·	2
	b)	i)	GPE = mgh;	accept alternative method	
			= 500 x 10 x 3; = 15 000 (J);	(ignore unit)	3
		ii)	energy lost as heat or sound;	energy form	•
		ŕ	in the wires/motor/bearings/rope;		2
				Total 7 mark	S
5	a) b)		f = v / λ or in words; Any two from: high (frequency) means shorter wavel		1 1
		or on diagram; more diffraction for low frequency width/ORA; (diagrams must show same aperture correct diffraction for two marks)	because wavelength similar to door e size, different wavelengths, and	1	

TOTAL FOR PAPER 30 MARKS