



Rewarding Learning

**General Certificate of Secondary Education
2015–2016**

Science: Single Award

Unit 2 (Chemistry)

Foundation Tier

[GSS21]

THURSDAY 25 FEBRUARY 2016, MORNING

**MARK
SCHEME**

General Marking Instructions

Introduction

Mark schemes are published to assist teachers and students in their preparation for examinations. Through the mark schemes teachers and students will be able to see what examiners are looking for in response to questions and exactly where the marks have been awarded. The publishing of the mark schemes may help to show that examiners are not concerned about finding out what a student does not know but rather with rewarding students for what they do know.

The Purpose of Mark Schemes


Examination papers are set and revised by teams of examiners and revisers appointed by the Council. The teams of examiners and revisers include experienced teachers who are familiar with the level and standards expected of students in schools and colleges.

The job of the examiners is to set the questions and the mark schemes; and the job of the revisers is to review the questions and mark schemes commenting on a large range of issues about which they must be satisfied before the question papers and mark schemes are finalised.

The questions and the mark schemes are developed in association with each other so that the issues of differentiation and positive achievement can be addressed right from the start. Mark schemes, therefore, are regarded as part of an integral process which begins with the setting of questions and ends with the marking of the examination.

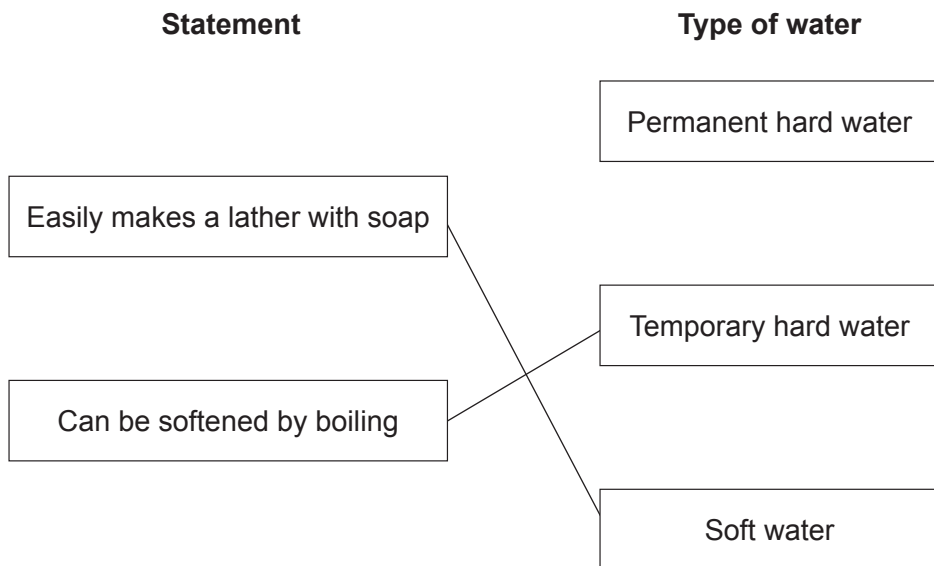
The main purpose of the mark scheme is to provide a uniform basis for the marking process so that all the markers are following exactly the same instructions and making the same judgements in so far as this is possible. Before marking begins a standardising meeting is held where all the markers are briefed using the mark scheme and samples of the students' work in the form of scripts. Consideration is also given at this stage to any comments on the operational papers received from teachers and their organisations. During this meeting, and up to and including the end of the marking, there is provision for amendments to be made to the mark scheme. What is published represents this final form of the mark scheme.

It is important to recognise that in some cases there may well be other correct responses which are equally acceptable to those published: the mark scheme can only cover those responses which emerged in the examination. There may also be instances where certain judgements may have to be left to the experience of the examiner, for example, where there is no absolute correct response – all teachers will be familiar with making such judgements.

		AVAILABLE MARKS								
1	(a) Flammable	[1]								
	(b) Greater visual impact/eyecatching/internationally understood/easier to understand/can't read	[1]								
										
	(c) Toxic symbol	[1]								
© Crown Copyright										
2	(a) (i) 1–3	[1]								
	(ii) 7	[1]								
	(b) Vinegar	[1]								
3	(a)									
	<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="width: 20%;">Layer</th> <th>Name</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">A</td> <td style="text-align: center;">crust</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">B</td> <td style="text-align: center;">core</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">C</td> <td style="text-align: center;">mantle</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Layer	Name	A	crust	B	core	C	mantle	[3]
Layer	Name									
A	crust									
B	core									
C	mantle									
	(b) Metamorphic	[1]								
4	(a) Waterproof/light/easily shaped/hard/durable [1] correct explanation [1] If no property given award correct explanation	[2]								
	(b) Absorbs water/not waterproof [1] garden furniture is often left outside/it may rain/it may rot [1]	[2]								
	(c) 27 500 – allow 2 marks without calculation (137 000 + 110 500 = 247 500 [1])	[2]								
	(d) (i) Cotton	[1]								
	(ii) Polyester [1] polyester has a (poor) ability to absorb water and is very light [1] If Nylon and strong/light (award 1 mark)	[2]								
		3								

- 5 (a) (i) B E A D
any two in the correct order [1] [2]
- (ii) To form a lather [1]
- (iii) Stronger bones/teeth/prevents heart disease [1]

(b)



[2]

- (c) Calcium/magnesium hydrogencarbonate [1] 7

- 6 (a) (i) Al [1]
- (ii) Na [1]
- (iii) Ar [1]

- (b) X below Na (where potassium should be) [1]

(c)

Statement	Tick
It is a halogen	
It belongs to the same Period as oxygen	✓
It is a compound	

[1]

5

AVAILABLE
MARKS

			AVAILABLE MARKS	
7	(a) (i)	All points plotted correctly [1] correct line of best fit [1] (not back to point 0,0) (mark line of best fit independently)	[2]	5
	(ii)	As the percentage of gold increases the number of carats increases or opposite, not they both increase.	[1]	
	(iii)	58–59% or correct from graph	[1]	
	(b)	2.8.3	[1]	
8	(a) (i)	Carbon dioxide/CO ₂	[1]	
	(ii)	Thermal decomposition	[1]	
	(b)	Reaction had not started/temperature was not high enough/ not enough carbon dioxide produced	[1]	
9	(c)	Any two from: The reaction was finished [1] all the sodium hydrogencarbonate had reacted/only a small amount of sodium hydrogencarbonate was used [1] no more carbon dioxide/gas produced [1]	[2]	5
	9 Indicative Content:			
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • add aluminium powder/talc • sprinkle powder over print/dust/brush • brush off any excess powder • lift print with (clear) tape/cellotape • place onto card/glass/any colour of card • whorl print shown above/labelled on diagram • fingerprints are unique/everyone has their own • place criminal at crime scene/use a database 				

Band	Response	Mark
A	Candidates must use appropriate specialist terms throughout using 7 or 8 of the points above, in a logical sequence. They use good spelling, punctuation and grammar and the form and style are of a high standard.	[5]–[6]
B	Candidates use some appropriate specialist terms using 4, 5 or 6 of the points above, in a logical sequence. They use satisfactory spelling, punctuation and grammar and the form and style are of a satisfactory standard.	[3]–[4]
C	Candidates describe the lifting of a fingerprint method using 1, 2 or 3 of the above points. However, these are not presented in a logical sequence. They use limited spelling, punctuation and grammar and have made limited use of specialist terms. The form and style are of a limited standard.	[1]–[2]
D	Not worthy of credit.	[0]

6

10 (a)

Solution Metal	Copper sulfate	Zinc sulfate	Magnesium sulfate
Copper		X	X
Zinc	✓		X
Magnesium	✓	✓	

half mark for each correct answer, rounded down

[2]

(b) Magnesium sulfate [1]

zinc [1] (either order)

[2]

(c) Displacement

[1]

5

11 (a) **Fractional** distillation

[1]

(b) Refinery gas/naphtha/lubricating oil/tar (bitumen)

[1]

(c) 4800/4.8 [1] 1000 [1]

[2]

(d) Demand for jet fuel is increasing [1]

production of jet fuel is decreasing [1]

[2]

(e) Any **two** from:

- the current values are estimates/guesses
- difficult to predict what will happen in the future/may be fewer planes
- more oil discovered
- other alternative answer, e.g. alternative fuels used/new fuel

[2]

8

Total

60

AVAILABLE MARKS