General Certificate of Secondary Education 2014–2015

Science: Single Award

Unit 2 (Chemistry) Foundation Tier

[GSS21] WEDNESDAY 25 FEBRUARY 2015, MORNING

TIME

1 hour.

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Write your Centre Number and Candidate Number in the spaces provided at the top of this page. Write your answers in the spaces provided in this question paper. Answer **all eleven** questions.

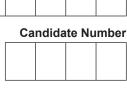
INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

The total mark for this paper is 60. Quality of written communication will be assessed in Question **11**. Figures in brackets printed down the right-hand side of pages indicate the marks awarded to each question or part question. A Data Leaflet, which includes a Periodic Table of the Elements, is included for your use.

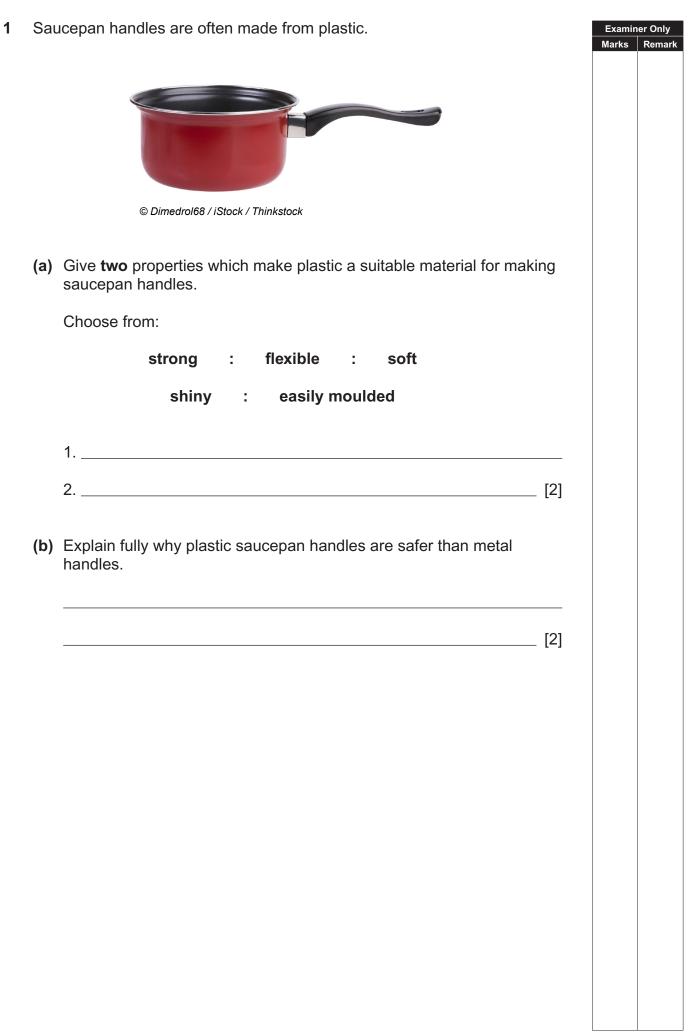
For Examiner's use only		
Question Number	Marks	
1		
2		
3		
4		
5		
6		
7		
8		
9		
10		
11		
Total Marks		







Centre Number



2 Some substances are dangerous and have **symbols** on their containers. Examiner Only Marks Remark - symbol © Cordelia Molloy / Science Photo Library (a) What name is given to these symbols? Circle the correct answer. security universal safety hazard [1] (b) Give one reason why symbols are better than words. _____ [1] (c) In the box below draw the symbol you would expect to see on a bottle of toxic weed killer. [1] [Turn over

(a) The Earth's crust is made up of many different kinds of solid rock. 3 Examiner Only Marks Remark Four of these are named below including some information on how to identify them. Test the rock with acid Fizzing No fizzing Rock has round Rock has large Rock has Rock has white grains white crystals large crystals tiny crystals limestone marble granite basalt Using **only** the information above, answer the following questions. (i) Describe the appearance of limestone. _____ [1] (ii) Give one difference between basalt and granite. _____ [1] (b) (i) Which type of rock is basalt? _ [1] (ii) Marble is an example of a metamorphic rock. Name one other metamorphic rock. _ [1]

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(Questions continue overleaf)

4	tennis b also use	aterials can be used in tennis balls a balls bounce higher and golf balls fly ed in the making of trousers and soc ler in summer.	straighter	. Nanotechnology is	Examiner Only Marks Remark
	we live suggest	ts think that nanotechnology has th if used in medicine and construction t that much more work and time is n particles before they are widely use	materials	. However they establish the dangers	
	• •	at is the value of one nanometre ? < (✓) the correct answer in the table	below.		
		Value	Tick]	
		1000 m		-	
		1 m		_	
		0.001 m			
		0.00000001 m			
				[1]	
	(b) (i)	From the information provided, giv nanomaterials in golf balls.	e the adva	antage of using	
				[]	
	(ii)	Give one use of nanomaterials in r	nedicine.		
				[1]	
	(iii)	Why are scientists concerned about	ut the use	of nanomaterials?	
				[1]	

(c) Shown below is a baby's bottle made from plastic.



© DimaP / iStock / Thinkstock

The plastic changes colour from blue to red when hot liquids are added.

What type of smart material is this plastic?

Circle the correct answer.

thermochromic	pho
	pilo

otochromic electrochromic

[1]

Examiner Only Marks Remark

(a) The diagram below shows a fingerprint taken by the police from a 5 Examiner Only Marks Remark crime scene. © Science Source / Science Photo Library (i) Name the type of fingerprint pattern shown above. _____ [1] (ii) The police have three suspects whose fingerprints are shown below. Α С B © Science Source / Science Photo Library Which suspect (A, B or C) was at the crime scene? Suspect _____ [1] (b) Explain fully how a fingerprint can be taken from a white surface. [3]

(c) Flame tests can also be used to solve crime. Complete the table below about results of a flame test.

Metal ion	Flame colour
potassium	lilac
	blue-green
sodium	

[2]

Examiner Only Marks Remark 6 In May 2010, an earthquake near the city of Santiago in Chile destroyed most of the buildings and killed hundreds of people. The earthquake did not come as a surprise to scientists who had predicted it a week earlier.

	E

© Ria Novosti / Science Photo Library

Examiner Only

Marks Remark

The table below shows how the Richter scale is used to compare the size of earthquakes.

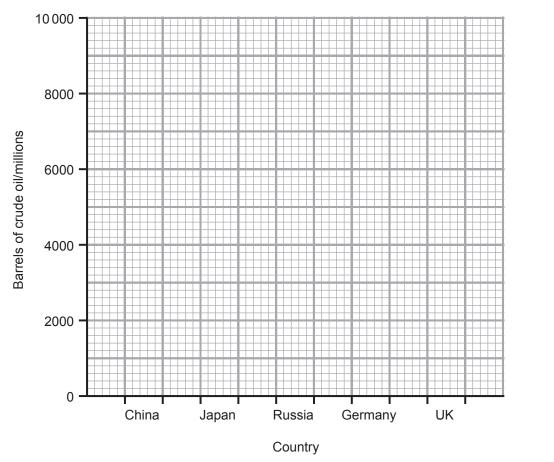
Richter scale value	Effect of earthquake
Less than 2	People do not feel the earthquake
2–3.9	People feel the earthquake but it rarely causes damage to buildings
4-4.9	People feel the earthquake and it causes minor damage to buildings
5–5.9	Shaking of the ground and major damage to some buildings
6–7.9	Violent shaking of the ground and many buildings destroyed
8–10	Very violent shaking of the ground and most buildings destroyed

	e the information provided and your knowledge to answer the following stions.	Examin Marks	Rem
1)	Suggest a Richter scale value for the earthquake that happened near Santiago in Chile.		
	[1]		
)	Suggest one reason why governments and people often ignore scientists' predictions of an earthquake.		
	[1]		
)	Earthquakes less than 2 on the Richter scale are a common occurrence in the UK. Suggest why people in the UK are unconcerned by these earthquakes.		
	[1]		

7 The table below gives information about the population of five countries and how much crude oil they use per day.

Country	Barrels of crude oil/ millions	Population/ millions
China	9800	1350
Japan	4400	180
Russia	3200	165
Germany	2400	82
UK	1600	61

(a) Draw a **bar chart** on the grid below to show how many barrels of crude oil are used by each country.





Examiner Only

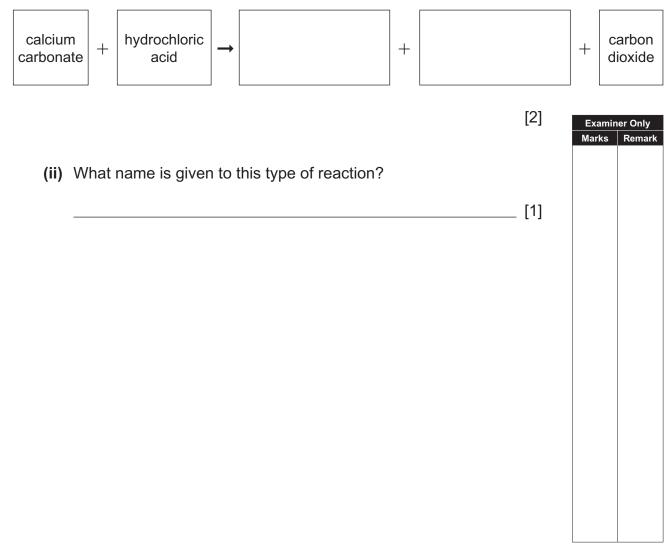
Marks Remark

b)	France has a population of 70 million people. Predict how many barrels of crude oil France would use per day.		xaminer On arks Rem
	million	n [1]	
c)	Petrol can be obtained from crude oil by an industrial process. Name this process.		
		_ [2]	

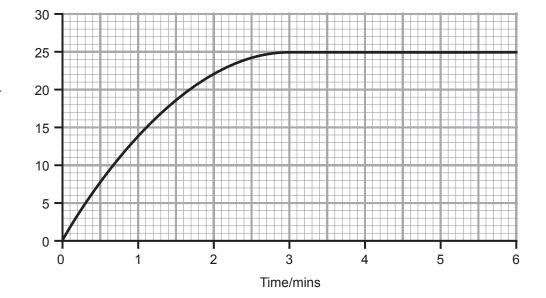
8 (a) Stomach ache can be caused by too much hydrochloric acid in the stomach. Indigestion tablets can be used to reduce the amount of acid in the stomach as they contain calcium carbonate.



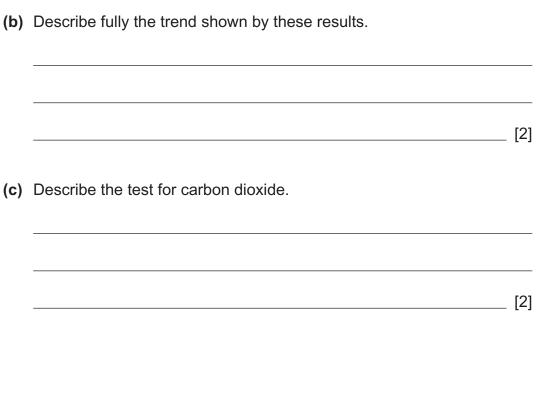
(i) Complete the word equation for this reaction.



Some hydrochloric acid is added to excess calcium carbonate. The graph below shows how the volume of carbon dioxide produced changes with time.



(b) Describe fully the trend shown by these results.



Examiner Only

Marks Remar

In 1869 the scientist pictured below put the sixty known elements into a Examiner Only Marks Remark Periodic Table. © Ria Novosti / Science Photo Library (a) Name the scientist pictured above. _ [1] (b) Name the unreactive group of elements not included in his table because they had not been discovered by 1869. _ [1] (c) Sodium is in Group 1 of the modern Periodic Table. (i) Complete the table below to show the number of each different particle in a sodium atom. You may find your Data Leaflet helpful. Number of Number of Number of electrons protons neutrons sodium (Na) [3]

9

	(ii)	Complete the diagram below to show the electronic structure sodium atom.	of a	Examin Marks	er Only Remark
		sodium atom			
			[1]		
(d)		en sodium is added to water there is a violent reaction during ch it moves on the water surface.			
	(i)	Give two other observations during this reaction.			
		1			
		2	_ [2]		
	(11)	Name the alkaline solution formed during this reaction.			
			_ [1]		
(e)		assium and sodium are both in Group 1 of the Periodic Table. e two reasons why these metals are in the same Group.			
	1				
	2		_ [2]		

10 (a) Some students investigated the hardness of water in four towns Examiner Only (W, X, Y and Z). The following method was used for each town. Marks Remark **1.** Measure 25 cm^3 of water and add to a conical flask. 2. Add 1 cm³ of soap solution and shake well. 3. Repeat step 2 until a permanent lather forms. 4. Record the volume of soap solution used. 5. Boil another 25 cm^3 of water and repeat steps 1 to 4. The results are shown below. Volume of soap solution/cm³ Town before boiling after boiling W 26 1 Х 6 6 Υ 24 17 Ζ 1 1 (i) Name a piece of apparatus the students could have used to measure 1 cm³ of soap solution. _____ [1] (ii) Suggest one way in which the reliability of the results could have been improved. _____ [1] (b) What can you conclude about the hardness of the water from Town Y? Explain your answer. _____ [2] (c) Apart from using more soap, give one disadvantage of using hard water. _____ [1]

11	A student adds a piece of magnesium metal to a solution of copper su Describe the reaction between magnesium and copper sulfate solution		Examine Marks	r Only Remark
	Your answer should include:			
	 the name of this type of reaction an explanation of why this reaction happened three observations that could be made during this reaction 			
	In this question you will be assessed on your written communica skills including the use of specialist scientific terms.	tion		
		[6]		
	THIS IS THE END OF THE QUESTION PAPER			

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