

Centre Number				
71				
Cano	didate Number			

General Certificate of Secondary Education 2012–2013

# Science: Single Award

Unit 3 (Physics)

Higher Tier

[GSS32]

# THURSDAY 23 MAY 2013, MORNING

	~
	GSS32

TIME

1 hour 15 minutes.

#### INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Write your Centre Number and Candidate Number in the spaces provided at the top of this page.

Write your answers in the spaces provided in this question paper. Answer **all ten** questions.

### INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

The total mark for this paper is 75. Figures in brackets printed down the right-hand side of pages indicate the marks awarded to each question or part question. Quality of written communication will be assessed in questions **5** and **10(a)**.

_
_

For Examiner's use only		
Question Number	Marks	
1		
2		
3		
4		
5		
6		
7		
8		
9		
10		
Total Marks		

**BLANK PAGE** 

1 The table below shows how the percentage of children wearing seat belts in a car has changed from 1995 to 2012.

	Year				
Age group	1995	2000	2005	2010	2012
Under 1 year	96	97	98	98	100
1—4	65	82	92	96	97
5–9	49	68	82	94	94
10–13	47	65	82	93	95
All children	59	74	86	93	96

© Crown copyright – DOENI and NISRA

(a) State two trends that can be seen in this data.

1			
2			
			101
			_ [2]

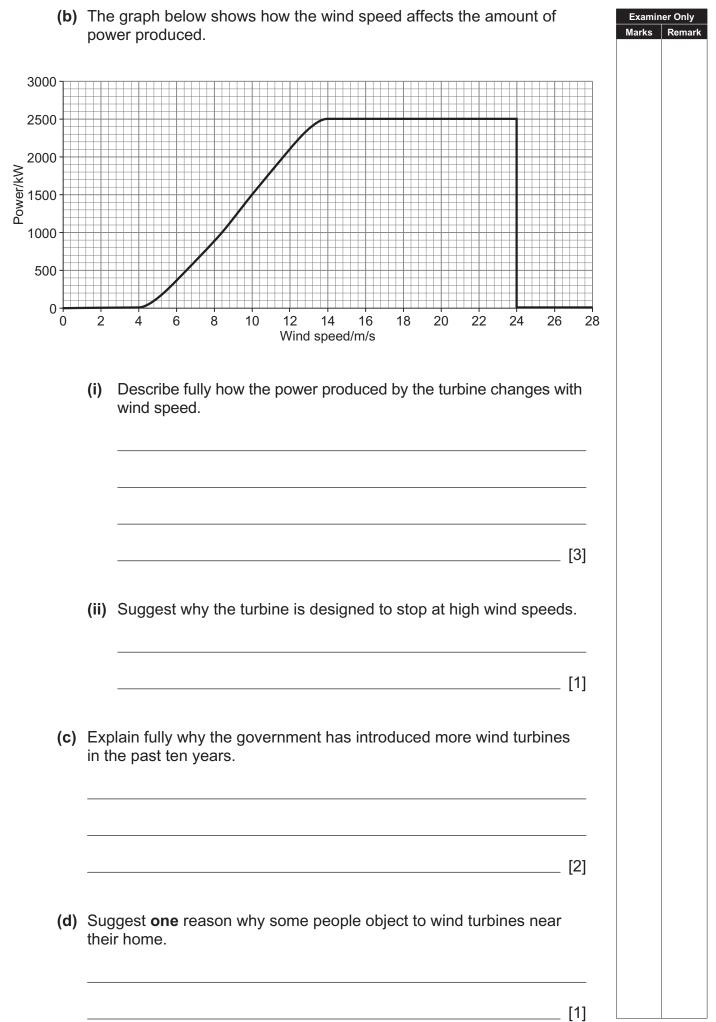
(b) The government are still advertising the need for children to wear seat belts. Use the information in the table to suggest why this is necessary.

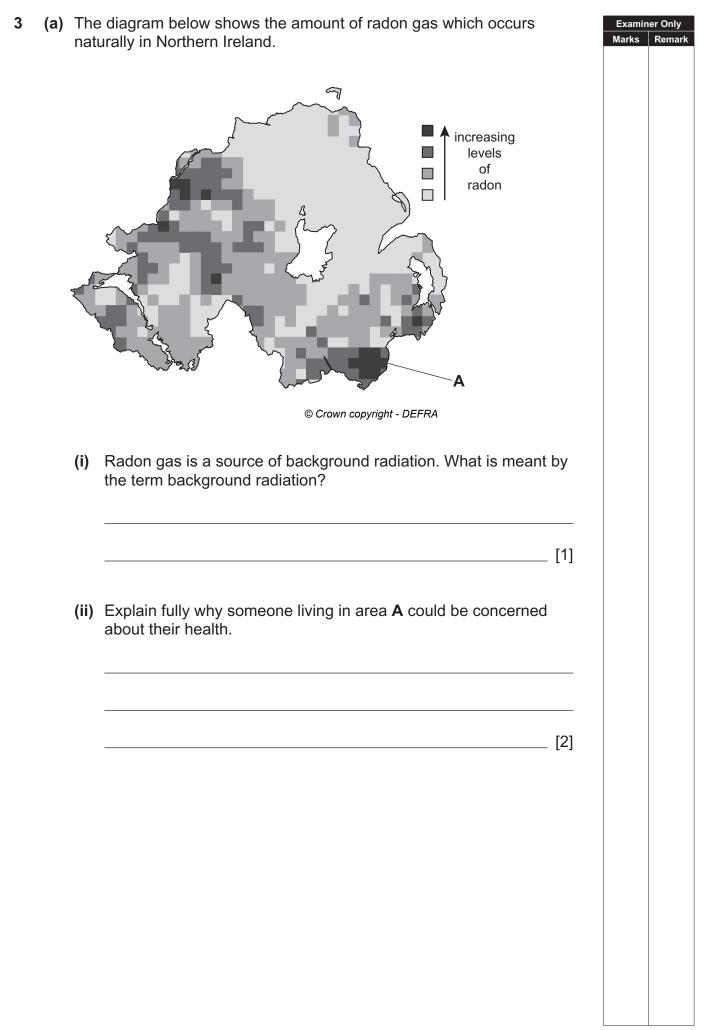
\_\_\_\_\_ [1]

Examiner Only

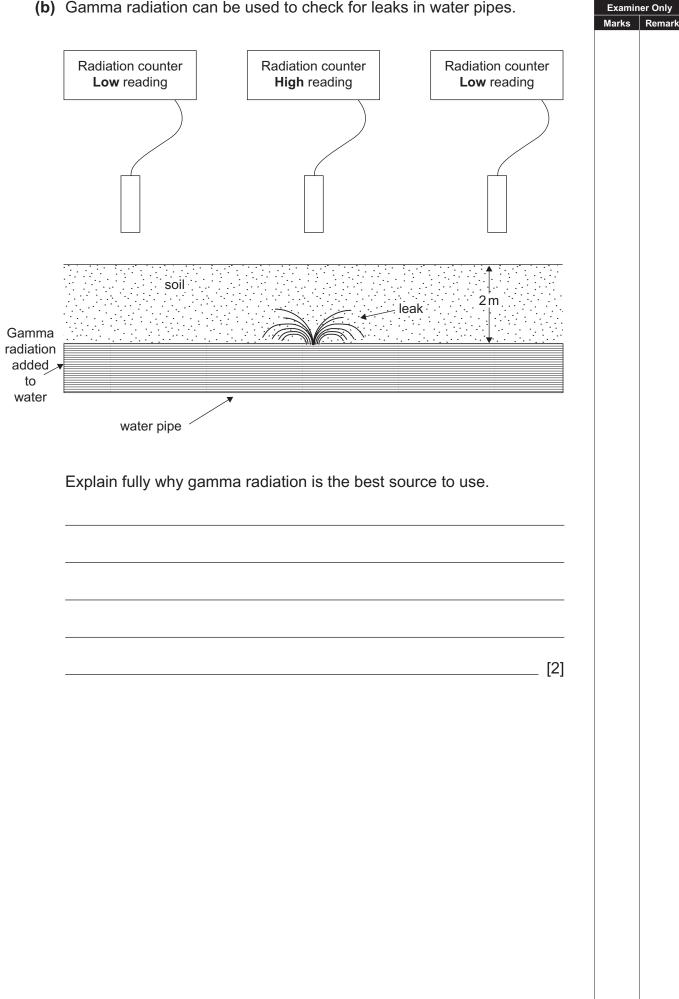
Marks Remark

The diagram below shows a cross-section through a wind turbine. When Examiner Only the blade spins a current is produced. Marks Remark generator body magnet electrical output coil of wires © CCEA GCSE Single Award in Science Foundation Tier by A McFarland, C Murphy & J Napier, published by Hodder Education 2009 (a) Suggest the effect on the amount of current produced if: 1. a weaker magnet is used. more coils of wire are used. 2. [2]





(b) Gamma radiation can be used to check for leaks in water pipes.



	Energy saving bulb	Filament bulb	LED spotlight	
	© CCEA			
ower input/W	11	© CCEA 60	© CCEA	
ost to run for 1000 ours	£1.87	£10.20	£1.19	
verage life/hours	10000	1000	20 000	
Cost to buy	£3.50	£0.90	£10.00	
) Which bulb, includ 1000 hours?	ing the cost to b	uy, would be t	he cheapest to ru	_ [1] n for _ [1]
1000 hours? The energy saving efficiency of 0.6. W	bulb uses 11 J /hat is its light e	of energy per	second and has a	n for _ [1]
1000 hours? The energy saving efficiency of 0.6. W Use the equat	bulb uses 11 J /hat is its light e ion:	of energy per nergy output p	second and has a per second?	n for _ [1]
1000 hours? The energy saving efficiency of 0.6. W Use the equat	bulb uses 11 J /hat is its light e	of energy per nergy output p	second and has a per second?	n for _ [1]
<ul> <li>The energy saving efficiency of 0.6. W Use the equat</li> </ul>	bulb uses 11 J /hat is its light e ion: ergy output = e	of energy per nergy output p	second and has a per second?	n for _ [1]
1000 hours? The energy saving efficiency of 0.6. W Use the equat	bulb uses 11 J /hat is its light e ion: ergy output = e	of energy per nergy output p	second and has a per second?	n for _ [1]
1000 hours? The energy saving efficiency of 0.6. W Use the equat	bulb uses 11 J /hat is its light e ion: ergy output = e	of energy per nergy output p	second and has a per second?	n for _ [1]
1000 hours? The energy saving efficiency of 0.6. W Use the equat	bulb uses 11 J /hat is its light e ion: ergy output = e	of energy per nergy output p	second and has a per second?	n for _ [1]

(d)	Calculate how much energy this bulb wastes per second.	Examiner Only
		Marks Remark
	Answer J [1]	
(e)	The efficiency of a filament bulb is much less than the efficiency of an	
	energy saving bulb. Explain fully why the government has	
	recommended that the use of filament bulbs should be stopped.	
	[1]	

Long sight is a common eye defect. Explain fully the cause, the effect and 5 Examiner Only the correction of long sight. Your answer should refer to the parts of the Marks Remark eye involved and the passage of light through the eye. In this question you will be assessed on your written communication skills including the use of specialist scientific terms. \_\_\_\_\_[6]

## **BLANK PAGE**

(Questions continue overleaf)

- (a) The photograph below shows asteroid 243 Ida. It is 56 kilometres in 6 length.

Source: NASA / Galileo Image Library

If an asteroid like the one shown above hit the Earth, describe fully how this could affect life on Earth.

\_\_\_\_\_ [3]

(b) The table below shows data on the asteroids most likely to hit Earth.

Name of asteroid	Possible impact year	Chance of hitting Earth/%	Impact velocity km/s	Estimated diameter m
2012 TY52	2014–2020	0.0003	14.13	180
2012 QD8	2042–2050	0.0007	20.77	18
2012 TC4	2020–2110	0.0049	6.51	16
2012 SY49	2031–2084	0.0013	15.66	23
2011 AG5	2040–2047	0.2000	9.55	140



)	Explain fully why scientists are <b>not</b> very concerned about impact fron the asteroids shown in the table opposite.	1	Examine Marks	er Only Rema
		_		
		_		
		_		
		_		
		2]		
`	Newson de al carte valiel de activita de la la carte litra la id. El avida			
)	Name the asteroid that is least likely to hit Earth.			
	[	1]		



(a) Explain fully how microwave rays heat food.

(b) Microwaves have a wavelength of 0.15 m and travel at a speed of  $3.0 \times 10^8$  m/s.

Use the equation:

frequency =  $\frac{\text{speed}}{\text{wavelength}}$ 

to calculate the frequency of these waves.

(Show your working out.)

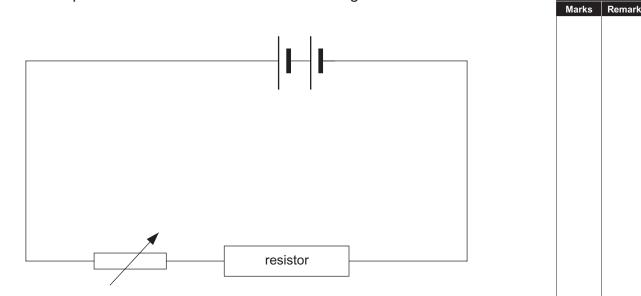
Answer \_\_\_\_\_ Hz [2]

[3]

Examiner Only Marks Remark

(c)		crowaves and gamma rays are both types of electromagnetic liation. Explain fully why gamma rays cause more damage to living ls.	Examiner Only Marks Rema
		[2]	
(d)	Sho	own below are two pupils measuring the speed of sound.	
Flash	-bar	ng method	
		© GCSE Single Award Science for CCEA by Theo Laverty, James Napier & R White published by Hodder Murray, 2006. ISBN 978 0 340 926000. "Reproduced by permission of Hodder Education".	
	(i)	Describe fully how the flash-bang method can be used to measure the speed of sound in air.	
		[3]	
	(ii)	The speed of sound in air is 330 m/s. When this experiment was carried out the pupil got a result of 300 m/s. Suggest <b>one</b> reason why there is a difference.	
		[1]	

8 Colin set up the circuit below to measure the voltage across a resistor.

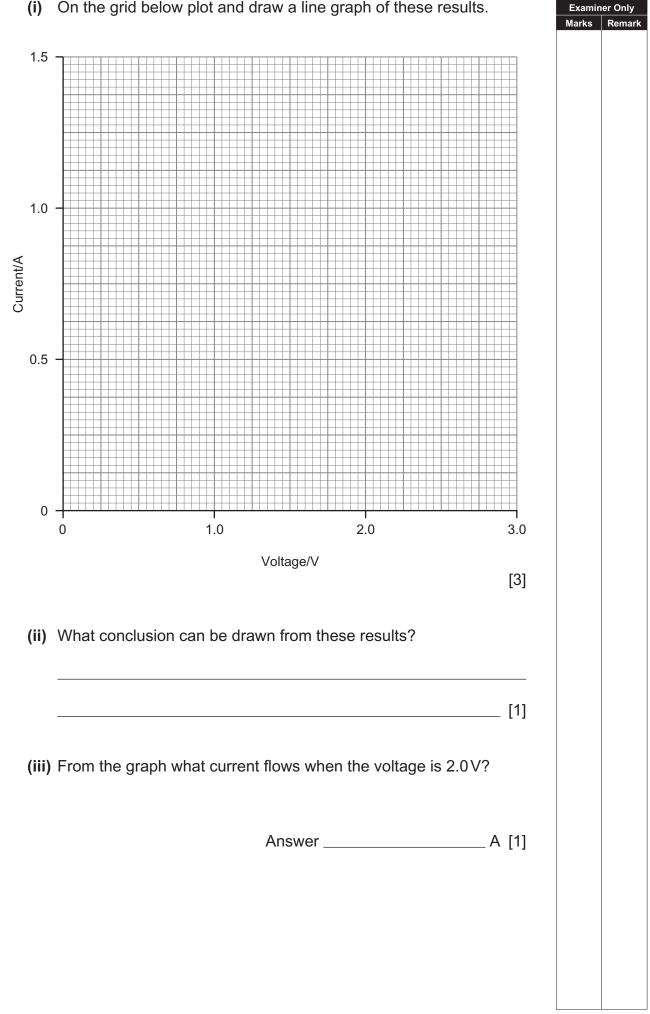


Examiner Only

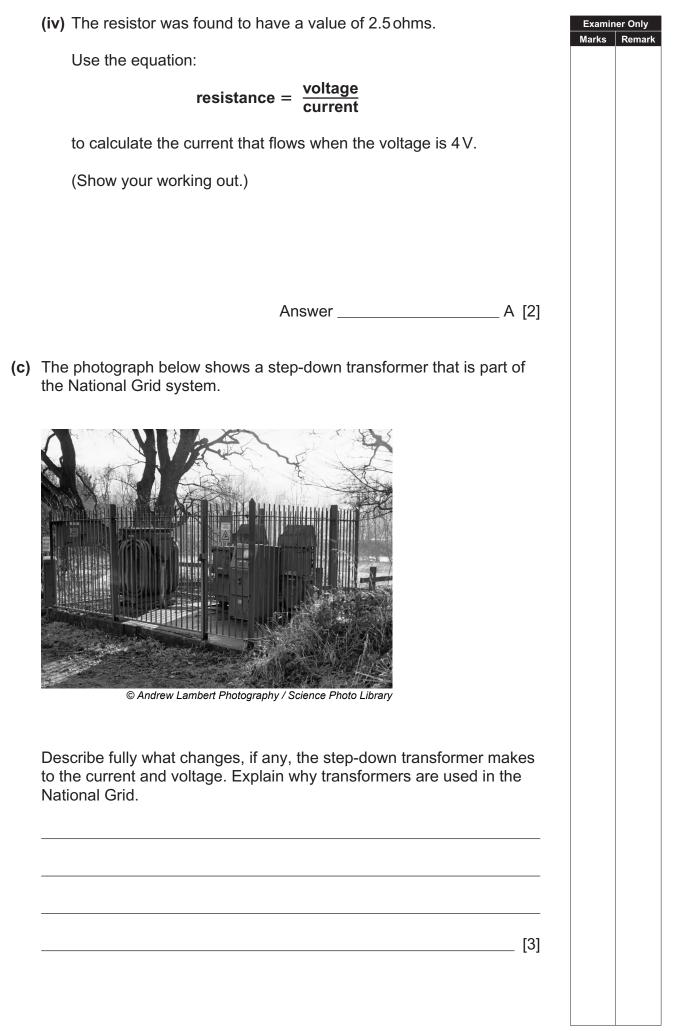
[1]

- (a) Complete the circuit to show where he would place a voltmeter to measure the voltage across the resistor.
- (b) Colin obtained the following results.

Voltage/V	Current/A
0.5	0.2
1.0	0.4
1.5	0.6
3.0	1.25

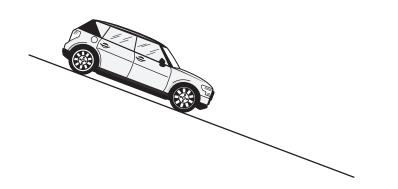


#### (i) On the grid below plot and draw a line graph of these results.



(a) The diagram below shows a car on a straight road. The forces A and 9 Examiner Only Marks Remark **B** are equal. В Α (i) What is the value of the resultant force on the car? \_\_\_\_\_ [1] (ii) What are the two possible states of motion of this car? 1.\_\_\_\_\_ 2.\_\_\_\_\_[2] (b) Force A is now decreased. What effect, if any, will this have on the movement of the car? \_\_\_\_\_ [1]

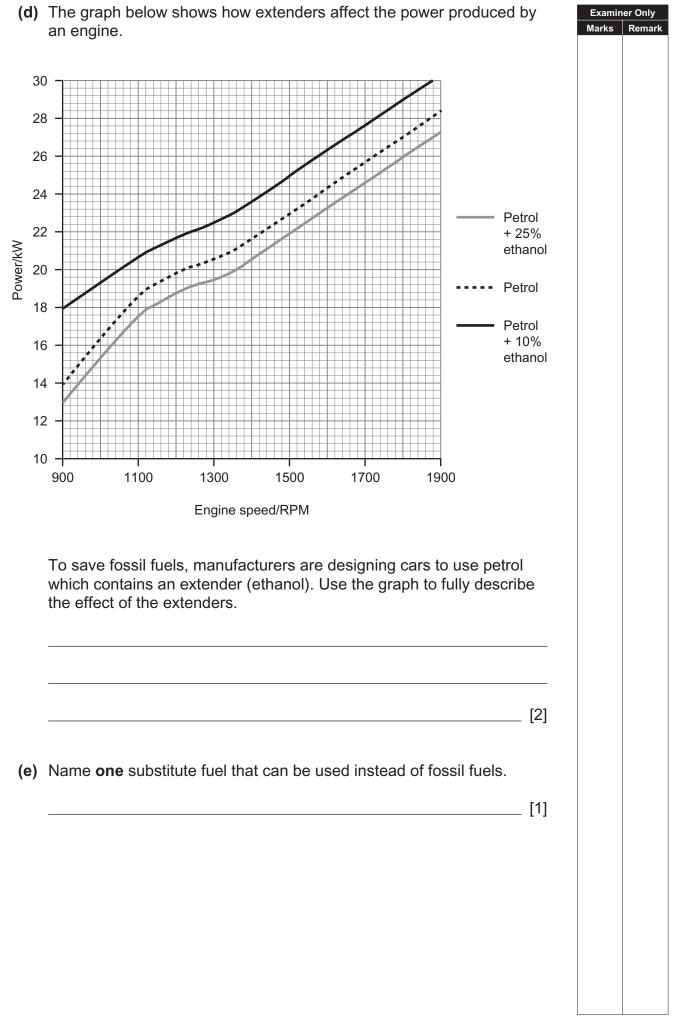
(c) The car below is at rest on a slope.



The handbrake is released and the car begins to accelerate. Explain fully in terms of forces, why it accelerates.

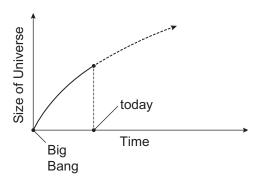
\_\_\_\_\_ [3]

Examiner Only Marks Remark



**10 (a)** The graph below shows how the size of the Universe changes with time.

Examiner Only Marks Remark



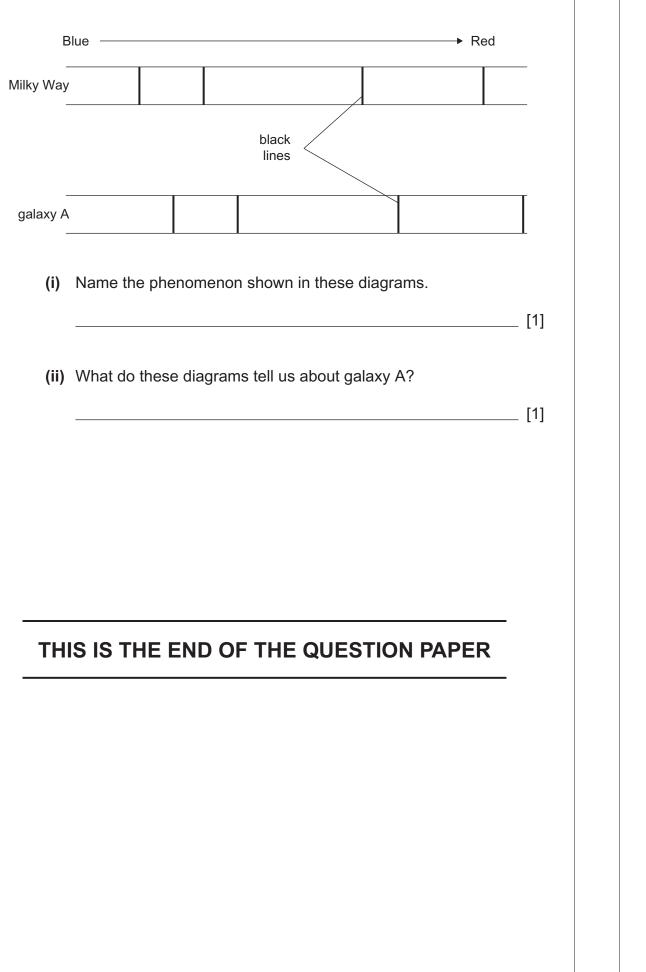
Describe fully the Big Bang theory. Explain how the graph above supports this theory.

In this question you will be assessed on your written communication skills including the use of specialist scientific terms.

(b) When scientists analyse light from the Milky Way and galaxy A they see the following black lines in the spectrum.

Examiner Only

Marks Remark



Permission to reproduce all copyright material has been applied for. In some cases, efforts to contact copyright holders may have been unsuccessful and CCEA will be happy to rectify any omissions of acknowledgement in future if notified.