

Centre Number		
71		

Candidate	Number

General Certificate of Secondary Education 2010–2011

Science: Single Award (Modular)

Human Activity and Health
Module 2
Foundation Tier
[GSC21]



THURSDAY 11 NOVEMBER 2010, AFTERNOON

TIME

45 minutes.

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Write your Centre Number and Candidate Number in the spaces provided at the top of this page.

Write your answers in the spaces provided in this question paper. Answer **all seven** questions.

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

The total mark for this paper is 45.

Figures in brackets printed down the right-hand side of pages indicate the marks awarded to each question or part question.

	miner's only
Question Number	Marks
1	
2	
3	
4	
5	
6	
7	

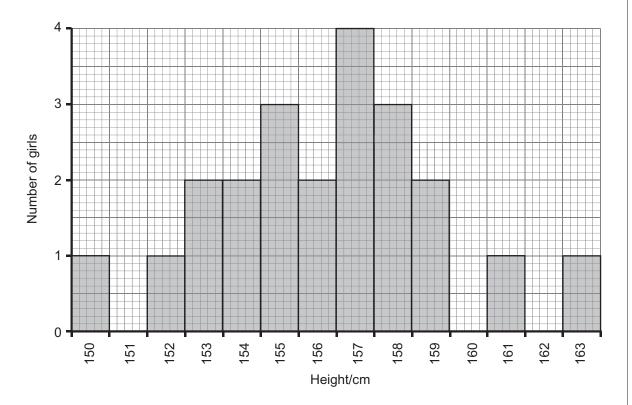
Total	
lotal	
Marks	



CHOOSE I	rom:		
vir	rus gonorrhoea	thrush	polio
	Type of microbe	Disease	
	bacteria		
		cold	
	fungi		
_			[3]
b) Complete	e the following sentences	S.	
Choose f	rom:		
bloo	d clotting: mucous m	embrane : skin :	vaccination
The body	is completely covered I	by	
which is	v is completely covered land important barrier to make	nicrobes. If this barrie	r gets damaged
which is	an important barrier to m	nicrobes. If this barrie	r gets damaged
which is	an important barrier to m	nicrobes. If this barrie	r gets damaged
which is	an important barrier to m	nicrobes. If this barrie	r gets damaged
which is	an important barrier to m	nicrobes. If this barrie	r gets damaged
which is	an important barrier to m	nicrobes. If this barrie	r gets damaged
which is	an important barrier to m	nicrobes. If this barrie	r gets damaged
which is	an important barrier to m	nicrobes. If this barrie	r gets damaged
which is	an important barrier to m	nicrobes. If this barrie	r gets damaged
which is	an important barrier to m	nicrobes. If this barrie	r gets damaged

2 (a) The graph below shows the heights of a class of 15-year-old girls.





(i) What is the most common height in the class?

_____ cm [1]

(ii) How many girls are 161 cm in height?

____[1]

(iii) Height is an example of continuous variation in humans. What is meant by the term **continuous variation**?

_____[1]

(b) Give an example of discontinuous variation in humans.

Circle the correct answer.

weight : finger length : tongue rolling

[1]

(i)	Give one reason why some people like to be tanned.		
		[1]	
(ii)	Give one disadvantage of getting a tan.		
		[1]	

4

(a) The population of Northern Ireland has risen to around 1.8 million, 3 **Examiner Only** mainly because people are living longer. (i) Give **two** reasons why people are living longer. Choose from: more pollution: better diets: better medical care: more immigration (ii) Suggest one disadvantage of an increase in population. (b) The following graphs show how the numbers of three types of fish (A, B and C) have changed in the last 40 years. В A C Number of fish Number of fish Number of fish 1970 2010 1970 2010 1970 2010 Year Year Year Which type of fish (A, B or C): have sustainable numbers? _____ and ____ [1] may be extinct? [1] (ii) Give one way that overfishing has been reduced and explain how it helps sustain fish stocks for the future.

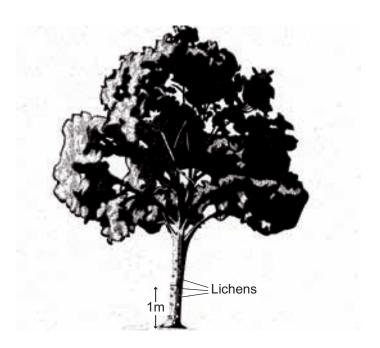
[2]

4 (a) A class of students investigated the number of lichens growing on a tree trunk in a wood.

Examiner Only

Marks Remark

They only counted up to 1m as shown below.

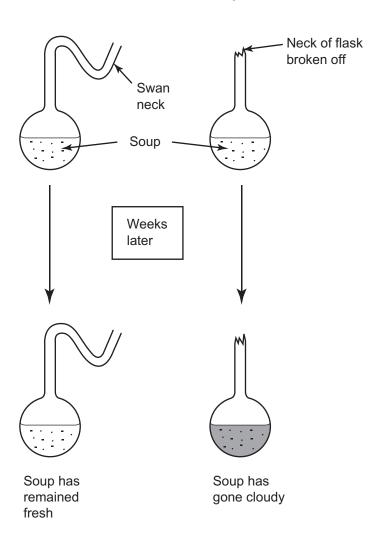


They recorded which side of the tree the lichen was found. The results are shown below.

Side of tree	Number of lichens
North	7
East	2
South	1
West	6

(i) Complete the chart **below** to show the number of lichens on each **Examiner Only** side. North West East 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 South [2] (ii) Complete the following sentence giving a trend shown by the results. The results show that the lichen grows best on the side of the tree. [1] (iii) Suggest two abiotic (physical) factors that could have affected the distribution of the lichens on the trees. (iv) Use the information given to suggest two ways in which the reliability of the survey could be improved. (b) Suggest what would happen to the number of lichens in the woodland if an industrial estate was built nearby. _____ [1]

5 The following diagram shows the apparatus Louis Pasteur used to show that contamination of food was caused by microbes from the air.



(a)	Describe the results of Pasteur's experiment and explain how it
	showed that food contamination was caused by microbes from the
	air.

_____[3]

(b) State **two** things that Pasteur must have done to ensure that he got valid results (a fair test).

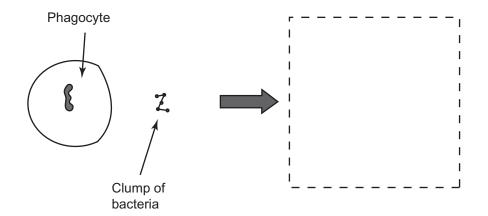
1. _____ [1]

2. ______[1]

6	(a)	mea	R is a combined vaccination that protects against mumps, asles and rubella. In 1998 it was reported that there could be a between taking the MMR vaccination and developing autism.
		(i)	Suggest how this reported link affected the number of children being vaccinated with MMR in 1998.
			[1]
		(ii)	Suggest how this affected the number of children catching measles in the years following 1998.
			[1]
		(iii)	The number of children being vaccinated now for MMR has returned to pre-1998 levels. Suggest why this has happened.
			[1]
	(b)	was	ha had a throat infection and was feeling very unwell. Her doctor sure it was caused by some type of bacteria and prescribed an biotic.
		(i)	Give two reasons why she was prescribed an antibiotic and not a vaccination.
			[2]
		(ii)	Suggest why it is important that antibiotics are not overused.
			[1]

(c) The diagram shows a phagocyte (type of white blood cell) and a clump of bacteria.





- (i) Complete the diagram above to show what happens next. [1]
- (ii) Name the process shown.

_____[1]

(a) Explain fully why the use of willow as a biofuel is an example of sustainable development. [2] (b) Some scientists think that growing willow and using it as a biofuel doesn't contribute to climate change. Explain fully why they make this claim. [3] (c) Suggest one way the Government could encourage farmers to grow willow. [1]	Remark
(b) Some scientists think that growing willow and using it as a biofuel doesn't contribute to climate change. Explain fully why they make this claim. [3] (c) Suggest one way the Government could encourage farmers to grow willow.	
doesn't contribute to climate change. Explain fully why they make this claim. [3] (c) Suggest one way the Government could encourage farmers to grow willow.	
[3] (c) Suggest one way the Government could encourage farmers to grow willow.	
(c) Suggest one way the Government could encourage farmers to grow willow.	
(c) Suggest one way the Government could encourage farmers to grow willow.	
willow.	
[1]	
THIS IS THE END OF THE QUESTION PAPER	

6425.05 **R** 11

7

Permission to reproduce all copyright material has been applied for. In some cases, efforts to contact copyright holders may have been unsuccessful and CCEA will be happy to rectify any omissions of acknowledgement in future if notified.