

Centre Number					
	Can	didat	e Nu	mber	

General Certificate of Secondary Education 2014–2015

Double Award Science: Physics

Unit P1 Foundation Tier

[GSD31]

WEDNESDAY 20 MAY 2015, AFTERNOON

TIME

1 hour, plus your additional time allowance.

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Write your Centre Number and Candidate Number in the spaces provided at the top of this page.

You must answer the questions in the spaces provided.

Do not write outside the boxed area on each page or on blank pages.

Complete in blue or black ink only. Answer **all ten** questions.

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

The total mark for this paper is 70.

Figures in brackets printed down the right-hand side of pages indicate the marks awarded to each question or part question.

Quality of written communication will be assessed in Question 9(a).

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1

(a)	(i)	What is a renewable energy resource?	
			[1]
	(ii)	Give two examples of renewable energy resources.	
		1. 2.	[2]
(b)	Giv	e one environmental advantage of using a renewable energy resource rath	er

(b) Give **one** environmental advantage of using a renewable energy resource rather than a non-renewable resource.

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[Turn over

_____ [1]

24GSD3103

2 A light bulb is **designed** to change electrical energy to light energy. © imegastocker/iStock/Thinkstock.com Indicate in the spaces provided the energy change each of the following is designed to bring about. © sereziny/iStock/Thinkstock.com (i) An electric kettle changes <u>electrical</u> energy [1] to _____ _____ energy. © Ryan McVay/Photodisc/Thinkstock.com (ii) A microphone changes _____ _____ energy to ______ energy. [2] 9835.03 ML

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[2]

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3	Pat Wh	ricia en s	stands on a set of laboratory scales and the reading is 680 N. he is holding a suitcase the reading rises to 820 N.
			© tetmc/iStock/Thinkstock.com
	(a)	(i)	Calculate the weight of the suitcase.
			Weight = N [1]
		(ii)	Calculate the mass of the suitcase. Include the unit with your answer.
			Mass = [2]
	(b)	Pat vol	ricia carries a sponge ball in her suitcase. The ball has a mass of 300 g and a ume of 150 cm ³ . Calculate the density of the ball.
		Sh	ow your working out.
			Density = g/cm ³ [3]
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4 /	A bl	ock	of wood is pulled over a rough surface with a force F.	
	B		F	
			A	
		The	diagram shows two other forces acting on the wood, labelled A and B.	
((a)	(i)	Name these forces.	
			Force A:	
			Force B:	[2]
		(ii)	Another force acts on the wooden block. Draw an arrow on the diagram above to show the position and direction of this force.	[2]
	(b)	The or le	block moves to the right at constant speed. Is force F greater than, equal ess than force B? Circle the correct answer below.	l to
			greater than equal to less than	[1]
	(c)	(i)	Which one of the forces (A, B or F) acting above will cause energy loss? Circle the correct answer below.	
			A B F	[1]
		(ii)	In what form will the energy be lost?	
			Energy lost as	[1]
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Total useful output energy =	J	[2]

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(ii) Calculate the efficiency of the engine.

Show your working out.

Efficiency = _____ [3]

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24GSD3109

6 The graph below shows an incomplete plot of a distance-time graph for a student walking to school.



The school is 200 m away. The student walks at a steady speed for 20 seconds and then stops for 10 seconds. He completes the journey walking at a constant speed for a further 20 seconds.

- (a) (i) How can you tell from the graph that the student is walking at a steady speed for the first 20 seconds?

 - (ii) Complete the graph to show the final 20 seconds of the journey.

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[1]

[2]

(b) Calculate the average speed of the student for the complete journey.

Remember the total time of the complete journey is 50 seconds.

Show your working out.

Average speed = _____ m/s [3]

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24GSD3111

[Turn over

- 7 An atom consists of electrons, protons and neutrons.
 - (i) Complete the table below to show the properties and location of these particles. Some information has already been provided.

Particle	Relative mass	Relative charge	Location
Proton		+1	
Neutron	1		In the nucleus
Electron	1/1840		

[5]

(ii) Historically, different models have been proposed which attempted to describe the arrangement of particles in an atom.

Give the name of the first model.

(iii) This model was replaced when two scientists proposed a much better model.

Give the names of these two scientists.

_____ and _____

[2]

[1]

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(Questions continue overleaf)

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24GSD3113

(a) Look at the apparatus below. The apparatus is used to investigate how different materials absorb gamma radiation.



The absorbing material is either aluminium, lead or air.

Examine the table below and insert the names of the material in the last column.

Count rate/ Counts per minute	Absorbing material (aluminium, lead or air)
802	
45	
412	

[3]

Technetium is an isotope widely used in medical imaging and has the

symbol $\frac{99}{43}$ TC.

- (b) (i) How many particles are in the nucleus of technetium?
 - (ii) How many of these particles are neutrons?

___ [1]

[1]

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Technetium has a half-life of 211 000 years.

(iii) Beginning with 8 grams of technetium, calculate how long it would take before only 1 gram remains.

Show your working out.

_____ years [3]

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24GSD3115

(a)	Describe an experiment to measure your personal power.
	Your account should include:
	the apparatus you use;the measurements you make.
	You will be assessed on your written communication skills including the use of specialist scientific terms.
	[6]
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An electric motor pulls a load across a rough surface at a constant speed. The motor exerts a resultant force of 30 N and moves the load a distance of 1.5 m in a time interval of 5 seconds.

(b) Calculate the power developed by the motor.

Show your working out.

 $Power developed = _ W [3]$

[Turn over

24GSD3117



up depended on the size of the current passing through the wire. The current was

Current/mA	Number of paper clips
0	0
200	5
400	10
600	15
800	20
1000	25

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For Examiner's use only		
Question Number	Marks	
1		
2		
3		
4		
5		
6		
7		
8		
9		
10		
Total Marks		

Examiner Number

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