



Centre Number			
71			

Cano	didate	Num	ber

General Certificate of Secondary Education 2011–2012

Double Award Science: Biology

Unit B1
Foundation Tier
[GSD11]

TUESDAY 8 NOVEMBER 2011 1.30 pm-2.30 pm



TIME

1 hour.

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Write your Centre Number and Candidate Number in the spaces provided at the top of this page.

Write your answers in the spaces provided in this question paper. Answer **all seven** questions.

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

The total mark for this paper is 70.

Figures in brackets printed down the right-hand side of pages indicate the marks awarded to each question or part question. Quality of written communication will be assessed in **questions** requiring extended answers.

For Examiner's use only				
Question Number	Marks			
1				
2				
3				
4				

Total	
Marks	

5

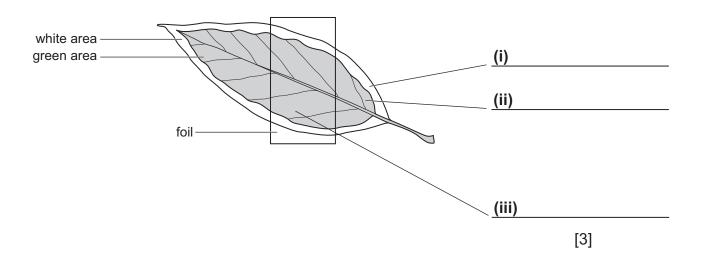
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1 The diagram shows a shoot tip of a plant before an experiment is carried **Examiner Only** out. Shoot tips respond to light by growing towards it. A hormone is produced in the tip that causes growth. Bending towards the light occurs because there is more hormone on the shaded side. This causes the cells to become more elongated. shoot tip before experiment shoot tip after experiment (a) Use your knowledge and the information above to draw another shoot tip to show: (i) its growth (after one week) with light coming from one direction. Mark the light direction on your diagram with an arrow. [2] (ii) inside your drawn shoot tip, show two plant cells, one on each side of the shoot tip. [2] **(b)** Name the hormone that causes this growth response. [1]

		The star	or	Examine Marks	er Only Remark	
		Α	add iodine onto the leaf to test for starch			
		В	put the leaf in boiling alcohol			
		С	leaf placed in hot water			
		D	leaf placed in boiling water			
		E	leaf spread out on a white tile			
		(i)	Use the letters to give the correct order for the steps when carrying out the starch test.			
				[1]		
		(ii)	Why is the leaf placed in boiling alcohol?			
				_ [1]		
		(iii)	Why is the Bunsen burner switched off during step B?			
				_ [1]		
	(b)	The	diagram shows a variegated leaf used to show that light and			

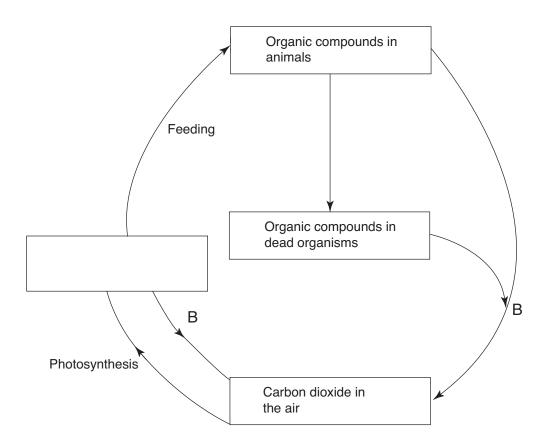
Write on the answer lines the colours you would expect when the starch test has been carried out on this variegated leaf from a plant that had been exposed to sunlight for several days.

chlorophyll are needed for photosynthesis.



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3 (a) The diagram shows a carbon cycle.

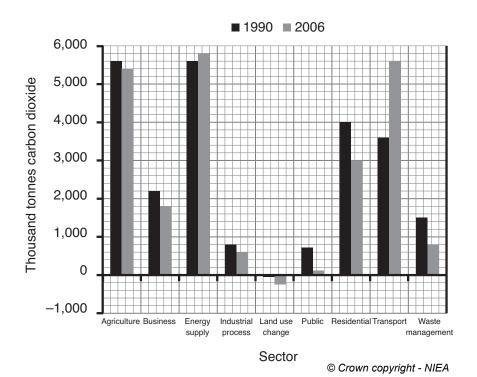


- (i) Complete the diagram by filling in the empty box. [1]
- (ii) Name process B.

______[1]

(iii) Name two organic compounds found in a plant.

_____ and _____ [2]



Use the information in the graph and your knowledge to answer the following questions.

(i) What are the **three** main sectors that contributed to greenhouse gas emissions in 2006?

_____ [1]

(ii) What is the general trend for greenhouse gas emissions in the time period from 1990 to 2006? Give any examples of exceptions to this trend.

_____[2]

(iii)	Suggest one reason why it is difficult to reduce greenhouse ga emissions.	S	Examino Marks	er Only Remark
		[1]		
(iv)	Why is it important to monitor greenhouse gas emissions?	[4]		
		[1]		
(v)	Explain one harmful consequence of global increases in greenhouse gases on:			
	climate	[1]		
	plants			
		[1]		

(a) The diagrams show a substrate along with several enzymes and possible products. The letters E, S and P refer to enzyme, substrate and product respectively.					
Enzymes:	E ₁	E_2	E ₃ C	E ₄ <	
Substrate:		S			
Possible products:	P ₁	P_2	$\left\{\begin{array}{c}P_3\end{array}\right\}$	P ₄	
(i) From		oick the enzym	e that would read	ct with the	
				[1]	
	ose from the dia on the substrate r		ucts that would be enzyme.	pe formed	
			and	[2]	
(iii) Nam	e this model of	enzyme action			
				[1]	

and the	en samples were	placed in a water e removed from the shown in the tab	ne test tubes a		
A		В		С	
lipase + m		oiled cooled lipase -	⊦ milk	water + milk	
Results	A	В	С		
-	pH 5	pH 7	pH 7		
		vill be assessed , including the ι			
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5 (a) The table gives figures for Conor's blood glucose levels during part of a day.

Examiner Only		
Marks	Remark	

Time	Blood glucose level/mg/100 ml
7 am	90
9 am	120
10 am	90
11 am	110
12 am	90
2 pm	140

Use the information in the table and your knowledge to answer the following questions.

(i) What is Conor's normal (resting) blood glucose level?

ma/100 ml blood	۲4:	1
mg/100 ml blood	μ.	l

(ii) Suggest an explanation for Conor's blood glucose levels at 9 am and at 2 pm.

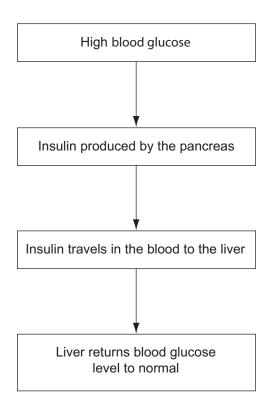
9 am			

2 pm			
•			

[2												

(b) The diagram shows the mechanism for controlling blood glucose levels.

Examiner Only						
Marks	Remark					



(i) Use the diagram and your knowledge to explain how high or rising blood glucose levels are controlled by the body.

[3]

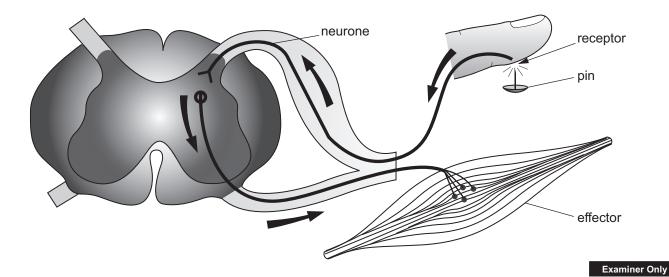
(ii) Diabetes is a condition in which the blood glucose control mechanism fails. Give two symptoms of diabetes.

1. _____

2. ______[2]

(c) The diagram shows the body's response to a finger touching a sharp object.

Use the diagram and your knowledge to answer the questions that follow



		IVIAINS	Remark
(i)	What body system is involved in this process?		
	[1]		
(ii)	Name the effector in the diagram.		
	[1]		
(iii)	What part of the body coordinated the response to this stimulus?		
	[1]		
(iv)	Compare and contrast the body's response to the pin and to high blood glucose levels.		
	[2]		
		1	

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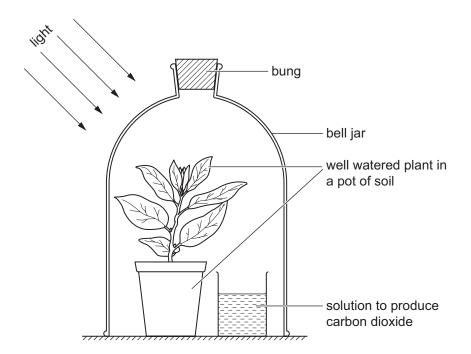
(Questions continue overleaf)

6 The diagram shows an investigation into how carbon dioxide levels affect plant growth.

Examiner Only

Marks Remark

The apparatus was set up with six plants of the same size and mass (75g) but the plants were given different levels of carbon dioxide.



After one week the plants were reweighed and they all had increased in mass. The final mass of each plant was recorded as shown in the table.

Final mass/g	80	84	88	90	95	80
Carbon dioxide levels/%	0.01	0.02	0.03	0.04	0.05	0.06

(a) (i) Plot these results and draw a line graph on the grid opposite.

(You will need to complete the scales in both axes.)

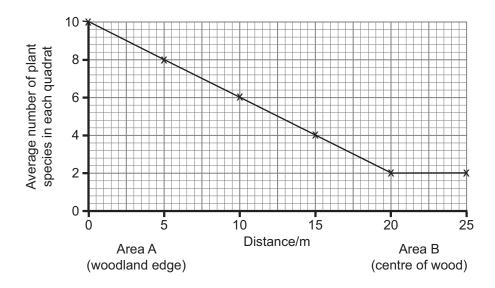
Name one factor that should have been kept constant during t experiment.	he	Examino Marks	er Only Remark
	₋ [1]		
Why could you only use this apparatus for a limited period of time?			
	[1]		
i) Explain why the plants have increased in mass during the experiment.			
	[2]		
i)	experiment. i) Why could you only use this apparatus for a limited period of time? ii) Explain why the plants have increased in mass during the experiment.	experiment. [1] Why could you only use this apparatus for a limited period of time? [1] Explain why the plants have increased in mass during the experiment.	experiment. [1] Why could you only use this apparatus for a limited period of time? [1] [1] [1] [1] [1] [1] [1] [2] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7] [8] [8] [8] [9] [9] [1] [1] [1] [1] [1] [1

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(Questions continue overleaf)

7 The graph shows the results obtained by a class during a woodland investigation.





- (a) The pupils sampled plants across an area of woodland from Area A (woodland edge) to Area B (centre of wood) and then calculated the average number of plant species/quadrat at 5 m intervals.
 - (i) Describe the trend shown on the graph from Area A to Area B.
 - (ii) Suggest **one** environmental condition that could account for the difference in the results between Area A and Area B.

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L	٠.	J

[1]

(b) Describe how the pupils would have carried out this investigation and explain how they would have obtained these results.

In this question you will be assessed on your written communication skills, including the use of specialist science terms.

[6]

(c) The table gives the numbers of organisms from a woodland food chain.

Plants — → Aphids — → Spiders → Beetles

Name of organism	Numbers
Beetles	6
Spiders	50
Aphids	2000
Plants	10

(i) Sketch a pyramid of biomass for this food chain in the space below. Label each trophic level with the name of the organism.

[2]

(ii) Suggest **one** problem in obtaining accurate numbers of animals in this food chain.

______[1]

(d) To obtain the total number of spiders their numbers were recorded in an area of 0.25 m² and the process repeated ten times across the woodland.

Examiner Only					
Marks	Remark				

The results were as follows:

Sample number	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Numbers of spiders/0.25 m ²	5	3	2	1	8	7	10	4	6	4

(i) Calculate the average number of spiders per 0.25 m². Show your working.

per 0.25 m ²	[1]
-------------------------	-----

(ii) Using this information calculate the average number of spiders per m².

per m ²	[1]	1
	L . 1	

(iii) In a similar study two months later the spider population was found to be four per m².

Suggest two environmental factors which could account for the change in the population size.

1.	

THIS IS THE END OF THE QUESTION PAPER

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