



*Rewarding Learning*

**General Certificate of Secondary Education  
2011–2012**

---

**Science: Double Award (Modular)**

**Using Materials and Understanding Reactions  
End of Module Test**


**Foundation Tier**

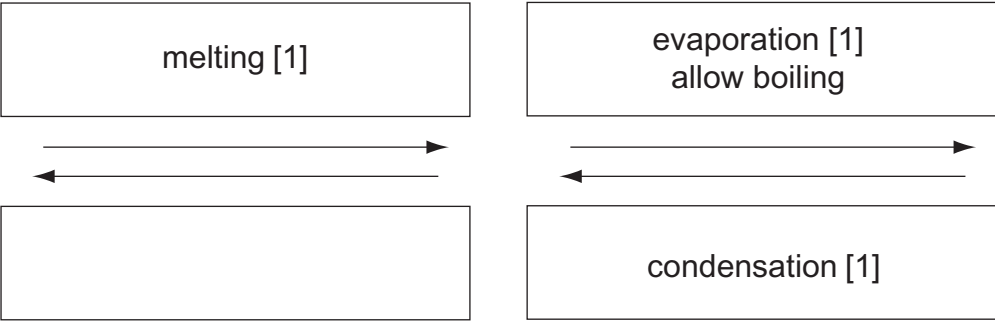
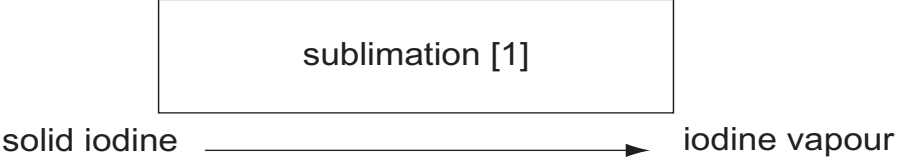
**[GDB01]**

**THURSDAY 19 MAY 2011, MORNING**

---

**MARK  
SCHEME**

			AVAILABLE MARKS	
1	(a)	Hazard symbols are used to warn of the dangers of the chemical/are eye-catching/can be understood by people who cannot read/or those who speak different languages (any 2 × [1])	[2]	4
	(b)	Harmful or irritant	[1]	
	(c)	Poisonous 	[1]	
2	(a)	Idea of the plate retaining shape (when heated)/plate does not melt when heated <b>NOT</b> heat resistant	[1]	3
	(b)	The plastic covering does not conduct electricity/idea of protection against electric shock	[1]	
	(c)	Copper is ductile/can be drawn into wires/unreactive/flexible <b>NOT</b> malleable	[1]	
3	(a)	Use hot/warm water/crush the cube/stir/use a large volume of water (any 3 × [1])	[3]	5
	(b)	Continue to add cubes to the water [1] until there is solid left in the bottom of the solution [1]	[2]	
4	(a)	K	[1]	4
	(b)	SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>-2</sup>	[1]	
	(c)	Copper	[1]	
	(d)	All ammonium salts are soluble	[1]	
5	(a)	Idea that the particles are far apart as a gas. (The particles can be pressed closer together.)	[1]	3
	(b)	The volume does not change but allow idea that volume of the gas will increase (when the temperature is increased) allow idea of exploding	[1]	
	(c)	Candidates must shade in all of the space	[1]	

			AVAILABLE MARKS
6	(a) The number of protons and electrons are equal	[1]	4
	(b) a compound	[1]	
	(c) In the nucleus	[1]	
	(d) ion	[1]	
7	(a) 		4
	(b) 	[1]	
8	(a) Diffusion	[1]	3
	(b) Idea that particles have energy from the heat [1] Idea of fast particle movement [1]	[2]	
9	(a) 3	[1]	4
	(b) potassium hydrogen carbonate	[1]	
	(c) 5	[1]	
	(d) $Mg(NO_3)_2$	[1]	
10	(a) sodium oxide, calcium oxide YES nitrogen dioxide, carbon dioxide NO 4 correct = [2]; 2 or 3 correct = [1]	[2]	4
	(b) water	[1]	
	(c) neutralisation	[1]	

		AVAILABLE MARKS
<b>11 (a)</b>	C	[1]
<b>(b)</b>	E	[1]
<b>(c)</b>	Any 2 of A, B and D	[1]
<b>(d)</b>	sodium	[1]
<b>12 (a)</b>	magnesium 2, 8, 2 [1] chlorine 2, 8, 7 [1]	[2]
<b>(b)</b>	Mg loses 2 electrons [1] chlorine gains 1 electron [1] Idea that 2 chlorine atoms are needed [1] Idea of sharing loses first two marking points	[3]
<b>13 (a)</b>	copper sulphate	[1]
<b>(b)</b>	<b>pure</b> copper	[1]
<b>(c)</b>	goes down	[1]
<b>Total</b>		<b>50</b>