

Centre Number	
71	
Cano	didate Number

General Certificate of Secondary Education 2010–2011

## Science: Double Award (Modular)

Forces and Energy

End of Module Test

Foundation Tier

[GDC01]

THURSDAY 11 NOVEMBER 2010, AFTERNOON

	8
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45 minutes.

## **INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES**

Write your Centre Number and Candidate Number in the spaces provided at the top of this page.

Write your answers in the spaces provided in this question paper. Answer **all twelve** questions.

## INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

The total mark for this paper is 50. Figures in brackets printed down the right-hand side of pages indicate the marks awarded to each question or part question.

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For Examiner's use only		
Question Number	Marks	
1		
2		
3		
4		
5		
6		
7		
8		
9		
10		
11		
12		
Total Marks		

1	Mai	ny power stations in the UK use fossil fuels such as natural gas.		Examin	er Only Romark
	(a)	Give the names of two <b>other</b> fossil fuels.			
		1 and 2	[2]		
	In rese	ecent years scientists have been developing renewable energy ources such as solar energy.			
	(b)	Give the names of two <b>other</b> renewable energy resources.			
		1 and 2	[2]		
	(c)	State a reason, other than cost, for developing renewable energy resources.			
			[1]		
2	A g gira	iraffe runs 48 metres in 8 seconds. Calculate the average speed of ffe.	the		$\bigcirc$
	Υοι	are advised to show your working out.			$\bigcup$
		Average speed = m/s	[3]		

A ball is dropped from rest and allowed to bounce on a hard floor. 3

The diagram below shows its motion.



Examiner Only Re

Kevin pulls a block of wood over rough surface with a force F. 4



Other forces act on the block. One force acts in a downward direction and the other in a horizontal direction.

(a) Give the names of the downward force A and the horizontal force B.

Downward force A

Horizontal force B \_\_\_\_\_ [2]

The block is accelerating.

(b) What must happen if it is to move at constant speed to the right?

Tick ( $\checkmark$ ) the correct box.

Force B must become greater than force F.

Force B must become equal to force F.

Force B must become zero.



Examiner Only Marks

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A pot of cold water is heated on a gas ring. 5 Examiner Only Marks Remar The base of the pot is made of copper and the handle is made of wood. (a) (i) What is the method of heat transfer through the base of the pot? \_\_\_\_\_[1] (ii) What is the method of heat transfer through the water? [1] (b) What particle is responsible for heat transfer through the wooden handle? \_\_\_\_\_[1] (c) What method of heat transfer is reduced by making the outside surface of the copper pot shiny? \_\_\_\_\_[1]

5

A metre stick is clamped to a laboratory bench and a 0.5 kg load is Examiner Only suspended from the metre stick as shown. Marks Rema 0 cm 40 cm 100 cm 0.5 kg The edge of the bench corresponds with the 40 cm mark on the metre stick. (a) What is the weight of the 0.5 kg load? Weight = \_\_\_\_\_ N [2] (b) (i) Calculate the moment exerted by the load in N cm. You are advised to show your working out. Moment = \_\_\_\_\_ N cm [3] (ii) What is the direction of this moment. Tick ( $\checkmark$ ) the correct box. Clockwise Anticlockwise [1] Down

6

Calculate the amount of work Flora does in joules. You are advised to show your working out. Work = \_\_\_\_\_ J [4] A jeep and a sports car are shown. 8 © Hamann Mot © Hemera/Thinkstock Give two reasons why the sports car is more stable than the jeep. 1. \_\_\_\_\_ [1] 2.\_\_\_\_\_ [1]

Flora lifts a bag of potatoes onto a shelf 200 cm high. The bag weighs

Examiner Only

Remar

Marks

7

80 N.

A loudspeaker changes energy from one type to another. 9



© CVR - Audio

The loudspeaker shown produces 3 J of sound energy for every 75 J of electrical energy input.

(i) Calculate the efficiency of the loudspeaker.

You are advised to show your working out.

Efficiency = \_\_\_\_\_ [3]

(ii) Circle the unit, if any, for efficiency from the following list.

joule

newton

no unit

[1] watt

(iii) Why can the efficiency of the loudspeaker never be greater than 1?

\_ [1]

Examiner Only Marks

Remar

**10** A cyclist rides around a bend as shown.



© Cycle Logic Racing

(a) What force allows the cycle to go round the bend?

The total mass of cyclist and cycle is 115 kg and he goes around the bend at a constant speed of 6 m/s.

(b) Calculate their total momentum.

Remember to include the correct unit.

You are advised to show your working out.

Momentum = \_\_\_\_\_ [4]

\_\_\_\_\_[1]

Examiner Only Marks

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Examiner Only

The diagram shows three stacked building blocks. Each block has a weight of 300 N.	Examiner ( Marks Re	Only emarl
20cm 10cm		
(a) With the help of the figures on the diagram, calculate the pressure exerted on the ground in N/cm <sup>2</sup> .		
You are advised to show your working out.		
Pressure = N/cm <sup>2</sup> [3]		
It is possible to change the bottom block so that the pressure exerted is greater than the value you have calculated.		
(b) Suggest how the bottom block should be arranged to give this greater pressure.		
[1]		
THIS IS THE END OF THE QUESTION PAPER		

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