

General Certificate of Secondary Education

Science: Single Award 3463/1F Specification B

Mark Scheme

2006 examination - June series

Mark schemes are prepared by the Principal Examiner and considered, together with the relevant questions, by a panel of subject teachers. This mark scheme includes any amendments made at the standardisation meeting attended by all examiners and is the scheme which was used by them in this examination. The standardisation meeting ensures that the mark scheme covers the candidates' responses to questions and that every examiner understands and applies it in the same correct way. As preparation for the standardisation meeting each examiner analyses a number of candidates' scripts: alternative answers not already covered by the mark scheme are discussed at the meeting and legislated for. If, after this meeting, examiners encounter unusual answers which have not been discussed at the meeting they are required to refer these to the Principal Examiner.

It must be stressed that a mark scheme is a working document, in many cases further developed and expanded on the basis of candidates' reactions to a particular paper. Assumptions about future mark schemes on the basis of one year's document should be avoided; whilst the guiding principles of assessment remain constant, details will change, depending on the content of a particular examination paper.

Single Award (Co-ordinated) Foundation Tier 3463/1F

question	answers	extra information	mark
(a)(i)	A		1
(ii)	С		1
(iii)	D		1
(b)	(muscle) contracts / shortens	do not accept tightens / smaller / thicker	1
		allow tenses	
(c)	any two from:		2
	automatic / non-conscious	accept 'no thinking' or not involving brain / involves non-thinking part of brain	
		do not accept instinctively / subconsciously	
	• reaction / response (to a stimulus)	do not accept just 'action'	
	• rapid		
total			6

question	answers	extra information	mark
	<u>In correct sequence</u> :		
	asexual		1
	identical		1
	clones		1
	gametes sexual different		1 1 1
total			6

question	answers	extra information	mark
(a)(i)	gene / DNA / genetic material <u>for coat</u> <u>protein</u>		1
(ii)	coat protein / protein coat		1
(b)(i)	white blood cells		1
(ii)	antibodies		1
(iii)	more rapidly		1
total			5

question	answers	extra information	mark
(a)	pollen falls / lands (on mud / water / lake)	or pollen falls (implied mud)	1
	becomes buried in more <u>mud</u> (with time)		1
(b)(i)	birch		1
(ii)	8 200		1
(c)(i)	dry / drier	accept less / little rain	1
		ignore less water	
		ignore references to Sun and temperature	
		ignore rain unqualified	
(ii)	wet / damp / moist / humid / more rain / raining / rainy	ignore more water	1
	/ faming / famy	ignore references to Sun and temperature	
		ignore rain unqualified	
total			6

question	answers	extra information	mark
(a)(i)	to cool down / to lose heat / to maintain (body) temperature		1
(ii)	more / a lot of water is lost in sweat	do not accept 'most water'	1
(b) E	volume of <u>water</u> is lower / less <u>water</u> / not enough <u>water</u> (in urine)		1
(c)	breathing / defecation / faeces	do not accept respiration / tears / colloquial names for faeces	1
total			4

question	answers	extra information	mark
(a)	34	ignore working or lack of working 10 200 for 1 mark 300	2
(b)(i)	mouth / small intestine / duodenum / ileum		1
(ii)	amy <u>lase</u>	accept phonetic spelling accept carbohydrase	1
(iii)	sugar / maltose / glucose / disaccharide / monosaccharide / dextrin		1
(iv)	small intestine / duodenum / ileum		1
total			6

question	answers	extra information	mark
(a)(i)	С		1
(ii)	lack of nucleus / others have a nucleus or chromosome / DNA / genetic material free in cytoplasm	accept plurals do not accept just 'has a strand of DNA'	1
(b)(i)	breathe in <u>air</u> / droplets exhaled by other people / breathe same air or higher concentration of bacteria in the <u>air</u> or more likely to be coughed on	mark for mechanism do not penalise reference to virus / TB / germ ignore answers involving proximity unqualified	1
(ii)	(bacteria / it) enter body / lungs by breathing / via air		1
(iii)	via the blood	accept via rbc or other components of blood accept lymph	1
(c)	any two from:		2
	 skin scabs / clot mucus / cilia stomach acid / gut protease 	do not accept ear wax / saliva / sebum apply list principle ignore nasal hair	
total			7

question	answers	extra information	mark
	Quality of written communication:	For <u>correct use of</u> scientific terms:	1
		at least two from: e.g. cancer, mutation, bronchitis, emphysema, arteries, atheroma, carbon monoxide, carcinogen, trachea, bronchus, bronchiole, cilia, alveoli, haemoglobin, mucus, red blood cell, white blood cell, ulcer, angina, nicotine, addiction, etc.	
	any four from:	annotate as Q ✓ or Q ×	4
	• tar present		
	(chemicals from smoke / tar) enter the blood	do not accept just tar enters blood	
	the blood	accept x from tar gets in the blood	
	• mutation		
	(lung) cancer / reference to carcinogen		
	bronchitis / emphysema		
	less surface area / less oxygen enters blood	nb award less oxygen mark once only	
	circulatory disease / blood clots / blocked arteries / heart attack / stroke	do not accept blocked by tar	
	carbon monoxide		
	less oxygen carried by blood / CO combines with Hb	nb award less oxygen mark once only accept no oxygen	
	damage cilia / alveoli		
	microbes or correct named e.g. remain in lungs		
total			5