

### General Certificate of Secondary Education

# Science: Double Award 3462/1H Specification B

## Mark Scheme

#### 2006 examination - June series

Mark schemes are prepared by the Principal Examiner and considered, together with the relevant questions, by a panel of subject teachers. This mark scheme includes any amendments made at the standardisation meeting attended by all examiners and is the scheme which was used by them in this examination. The standardisation meeting ensures that the mark scheme covers the candidates' responses to questions and that every examiner understands and applies it in the same correct way. As preparation for the standardisation meeting each examiner analyses a number of candidates' scripts: alternative answers not already covered by the mark scheme are discussed at the meeting and legislated for. If, after this meeting, examiners encounter unusual answers which have not been discussed at the meeting they are required to refer these to the Principal Examiner.

It must be stressed that a mark scheme is a working document, in many cases further developed and expanded on the basis of candidates' reactions to a particular paper. Assumptions about future mark schemes on the basis of one year's document should be avoided; whilst the guiding principles of assessment remain constant, details will change, depending on the content of a particular examination paper.

# Double Award (Co-ordinated) Higher Tier 3462/1H

question	answers	extra information	mark
(a)(i)	С		1
(ii)	lack of nucleus / others have a nucleus or chromosome / DNA / genetic material free in cytoplasm	accept plurals  do <b>not</b> accept just 'has a strand of DNA'	1
(b)(i)	breathe in <u>air</u> / droplets exhaled by other people / breathe same air <b>or</b> higher concentration of bacteria in the <u>air</u> <b>or</b> more likely to be coughed on	mark for mechanism  do <b>not</b> penalise reference to virus / TB / germ  ignore answers involving proximity unqualified	1
(ii)	(bacteria / it ) enter body / lungs by breathing / via air		1
(iii)	via the blood	accept via rbc or other components of blood accept lymph	1
(c)	any two from:  • skin  • scabs / clot  • mucus / cilia  • stomach acid / gut protease	accept tears  do <b>not</b> accept ear wax / saliva / sebum  apply list principle ignore nasal hair	2
total			7

question	answers	extra information	mark
(a)	34	ignore working or lack of working  10 200 for 1 mark 300	2
(b)(i)	mouth / small_intestine / duodenum / ileum		1
(ii)	amy <u>lase</u>	accept phonetic spelling accept carbohydrase	1
(iii)	sugar / maltose / glucose / disaccharide / monosaccharide / dextrin		1
(iv)	small intestine / duodenum / ileum		1
total			6

question	answers	extra information	mark
	Quality of written communication:	For <u>correct use of</u> scientific terms:	1
		at least <b>two</b> from: e.g. cancer, mutation, bronchitis, emphysema, arteries, atheroma, carbon monoxide, carcinogen, trachea, bronchus, bronchiole, cilia, alveoli, haemoglobin, mucus, red blood cell, white blood cell, ulcer, angina, nicotine, addiction, etc.	
	any <b>four</b> from:	annotate as Q ✓ or Q ×	4
	tar present		
	(chemicals from smoke / tar) enter the blood	do <b>not</b> accept just tar enters blood	
	ine blood	accept x from tar gets in the blood	
	• mutation		
	(lung) cancer / reference to carcinogen		
	bronchitis / emphysema		
	less surface area / less oxygen enters blood	nb award less oxygen mark once only	
	circulatory disease / blood clots / blocked arteries / heart attack / stroke	do <b>not</b> accept blocked by tar	
	carbon monoxide		
	less oxygen carried by blood / CO combines with Hb	nb award less oxygen mark once only accept no oxygen	
	damage cilia / alveoli		
	microbes or correct named e.g. remain in lungs		
total			5

question	answers	extra information	mark
(a)(i)	oxygen / O <sub>2</sub>	do <b>not</b> accept O only	1
(ii)	photosynthesis	accept phonetic spellings	1
(b)	Graph:		
	points	ACCURACY ± ½-square minus 1 mark per error	2
	line	single line best fit <u>curve</u> , <b>not</b> straight line <b>or</b> ruled point-to-point	1
		must attempt to start at origin	
(c)	any <b>two</b> from:		2
	carbon dioxide (concentration)		
	• temperature / too cold	accept 'heat'	
	water / moisture / rain / humidity	do <b>not</b> accept temperature too high	
		do <b>not</b> accept lack of chlorophyll	
total			7

question	answers	extra information	mark
(a)	animal which / it kills/ hunts / catches (other animals)	ignore references to prey	1
	it / animal which eats other animals / it is a carnivore		1
		animal kills <u>and</u> eats its prey = 2 marks	
		an animal that preys on another animal = 0 marks	
(b)	lemming population decreases before / when no owls present	accept converse	1
(c)	any <b>three</b> from:		3
	• lack of food		
	due to competition / due to over- eating by lemmings / due to high lemming population	nb competition for food = 2 marks	
	• disease		
	severe weather drought / flood /     or too hot / too / very cold		
	other predators	accept humans as predators	
total			6

question	an	swers	extra information	mark
	Quality of written	communication:	Ideas given in a sensible order: at least one correct named substance linked to its correct effect	1
			annotate Q ✓ or Q ×	
	any <b>four</b> from:		max 2 for named substances extra wrong substances cancel	4
	Substance	Effect		
	carbon dioxide	<ul> <li>greenhouse effect         <ul> <li>global warming</li> <li>mechanism</li> <li>described</li> </ul> </li> <li>sea-level rise /         melting ice-caps /         flooding / rainfall         change</li> </ul>	do <b>not</b> accept just climate change	
	sulphur dioxide nitrogen oxides	<ul> <li>acid rain / lowering soil pH / water acidification</li> <li>damages leaves / trees kills plants / animals / breathing difficulties / bronchitis / eye irritation / deaths of people / damaging statues / buildings</li> </ul>	accept reduced mineral availability to plants do <b>not</b> accept toxic unqualified	
	carbon monoxide	• combines with Hb / less O <sub>2</sub> carried in blood		
	soot / (smoke) particles	<ul> <li>reducing light / photosynthesis</li> </ul>	ignore ash  correct substance and wrong effect = 1 mark only	
total				5

question	answers	extra information	mark
(a)	cornea and lens	accept v / a humours	1
(b)	(muscle A) contracts		1
	lens gets fatter or lens bends light rays inwards more or lens becomes more converging / curved	do <b>not</b> accept lens expands / gets bigger	1
total			3

question	answers	extra information	mark
(a)(i)	mitosis	do <b>not</b> accept 'meitosis' / 'miosis' <b>or</b> other hybrid spellings	1
(ii)	<b>D</b> – <b>B</b> – <b>A</b> – <b>C</b> – <b>E</b>		1
(b)(i)	mutation		1
(ii)	radiation / UV / X-rays / γ-rays / tobacco smoke / formaldehyde / mustard gas / smoking	accept any correct named mutagen	1
total			4

question	answers	extra information	mark
question	<ul> <li>any four from:</li> <li>fertilisers dissolve / washed / leached</li> <li>growth of algae / water plants</li> <li>block / reduce light</li> <li>less photosynthesis / less O<sub>2</sub> produced</li> <li>plants / algae die</li> </ul>		mark 4
	<ul> <li>rotting / decay caused by microorganisms / bacteria / saprotrophs</li> <li>(microbes) use oxygen / are aerobic</li> <li>less fish respiration</li> <li>effect of hot weather described e.g. less O<sub>2</sub> dissolved in water or increased metabolism / growth of bacteria / increased fertiliser concentration</li> </ul>	ignore 'decomposers'	
total			4

question	answers	extra information	mark
(a)	on graph:		
	'X' – between 1 h and 2 h		1
	'Y' – between 0.25 h and 1 h		1
(b)	any <b>two</b> from:		2
	• genetically-engineered is identical to human insulin	accept converse	
	• no immune reaction / no antibodies made / wbcs will not regard it as 'foreign'	accept no rejection / no allergic reaction	
	Torcign	do <b>not</b> accept just 'no reaction'	
	<ul> <li>no need to kill animals / reference to 'easier to purify'</li> <li>or can be made in large quantities</li> </ul>	need detail – <b>not</b> just 'easier / cheaper to produce'	
	<ul> <li>no disease transmission from animals</li> </ul>		
total			4

question	answers	extra information	mark
(a)(i)	X = guard cell		1
	Y = stoma / stomata		1
(ii)	1 <sup>st</sup> Species <b>B</b> (no mark), because:		
	any <b>two</b> from:		2
	fewer stomata / pores / Y / named from (a)(i)	accept stomata further apart	
	• sunken stomata / described		
	• thick(er) cuticle		
	less mesophyll		
(b)	water is lost by evaporation / transpiration		1
	water loss is greater than water intake	do <b>not</b> accept just no water uptake	1
	cells lose turgor or less pressure inside cells or need turgid cells for support or cells become flaccid / plasmolysed		1
total			7

question	answers	extra information	mark
	any <b>five</b> from:		5
	• (large number) of alveoli → large surface area		
	RBC has large surface area		
	diffusion / described re gradient	ignore moisture	
	short distance or thin surface or one cell / two cells thick or closeness		
	(RBCs have) <u>haemoglobin</u> to combine with oxygen		
	• formation of HbO <sub>2</sub> lowers (free) oxygen concentration / maintains concentration gradient		
	• RBCs have no nucleus → more room for Hb / for O <sub>2</sub>		
	blood flow removes oxygen to maintain gradient		
	<u>breathing</u> supplies oxygen to maintain gradient		
	RBC's flow one at a time		
total			5

question	answers	extra information	mark
(a)	any three from:		3
	digestion / hydrolysis		
	• use of enzymes / named eg.		
	secretion / external	do not accept excrete	
	absorption by diffusion / active transport		
	• respiration	ignore CO <sub>2</sub> release	
(b)(i)	1025		1
(ii)	movement / warmth / digestion / excretion / active transport	accept internal movements – heart / peristalsis / breathing	1
		accept growth / reproduction / building molecules	
(c)(i)	0.03 (%)	Correct answer: 2 marks	2
		$\frac{1.8 \times 100}{6000}$ or $\frac{180}{6000} = 1 \text{ mark}$	
(ii)	indoors: less movement		1
	warmer environment / less heat loss / need less energy to keep warm		1
(iii)	any <b>two</b> from:		2
	disease more likely to spread		
	competition for food / for space		
	more aggressive behaviour between animals or stressful for animals		
	• use of more fossil fuel $\rightarrow$ more $CO_2$ / $SO_2$ / $NO_x$	accept waste of energy resource	
	<ul> <li>waste disposal</li> <li>cost of buildings / maintenance / food / labour / fuel</li> </ul>		
total			11

question	answers	extra information	mark
(a) (i)	protein molecule is too big (to pass through the filter) protein molecule cannot fit through filter	accept converse	1
(ii)	glucose is taken (back) into blood / is reabsorbed		1
	100%		1
	by active transport / description or by kidney tubule		1
(b)	any <b>four</b> from:		4
	water lost in sweating / breathing		
	lower water (concentration) in <u>blood</u> or higher salt (concentration) in <u>blood</u>		
	detected by hypothalamus		
	causes release of ADH from <u>pituitary</u> <u>gland</u>		
	causes <u>increased</u> water     (re)absorption by the kidney		
total			8

question	answers	extra information	mark
(a) (i)	nn	only accept other letters if key given	1
(ii)	Nn	accept other letters	1
(b)	parental genotypes correct – both <b>Nn</b>	N.B. can pick up chain of logic at any point correctly derived from candidate's previous point	1
	gametes correctly derived from P genotypes / correct gametes as starting point		1
	offspring genotypes correctly <u>derived</u> from gametes		1
	correct probability from candidate's offspring genotypes – e.g. ½ / 1 in 4 / 0.25 / 25% / 1:3	do <b>not</b> accept '3:1' <b>or</b> '1:4'	1
(c) (i)	(cell) membrane		1
(ii)	gene <u>only</u> in lung cells or gene not transferred to gametes		1
total			8