

Please write clearly in b	olock capitals.		
Centre number		Candidate number	
Surname _			
Forename(s)			
Candidate signature _			

GCSE SCIENCE B



Foundation Tier Unit 2 My Family and Home

Thursday 19 May 2016

Morning

Time allowed: 1 hour

Materials

For this paper you must have:

- a ruler
- a calculator
- the Equations Sheet (enclosed).

Instructions

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page.
- Answer all questions.
- You must answer the questions in the spaces provided. Do not write outside the box around each page or on blank pages.
- Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work you do not want to be marked.

Information

- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- The maximum mark for this paper is 60.
- You are expected to use a calculator where appropriate.
- You are reminded of the need for good English and clear presentation in your answers.
- Question 8(c) should be answered in continuous prose.
 - In this question you will be marked on your ability to:
 - use good English
 - organise information clearly
 - use specialist vocabulary where appropriate.

Advice

• In all calculations, show clearly how you work out your answer.



Answer all questions in the spaces provided.

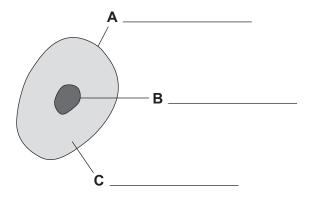
1 (a) (i) Cells are the building blocks of living organisms.

Use words from the box to label the parts of the animal cell in Figure 1.

[3 marks]

cell membrane	cell wall	chromosomes
cytoplasm		ucleus

Figure 1



1 (a) (ii) Which part of the animal cell, A, B or C, in Figure 1 contains the genes?

[1 mark]

Draw a ring around the correct answer.

Α

В

C



Figure 2 shows two sisters. The sisters are similar in appearance but not identical.

Figure 2



2 (a) What word describes the differences between the sisters?

[1 mark]

Draw a ring around the correct answer.

breeding inheritance variation

2 (b) The differences between the sisters can be caused by genetics, the environment or a combination of both genetics and the environment.

Draw **one** line from each cause to the difference between the sisters it affects.

[3 marks]

Cause

Difference between the sisters

The environment only

Genetics only

Genetics and the environment

Age

Eye colour

Scars

Weight



7 Chomodinion had a non pona in the garaom	3	A homeowner	has a fish	pond in	his garden.
--	---	-------------	------------	---------	-------------

The fish pond needs a pump so the fish have enough oxygen.

The pump chosen by the homeowner uses mains electricity at 230 V and draws a current of 0.8 A.

3 (a) (i) Calculate the power of the pump.

Use the Equations	Sheet to help you	answer the question.
-------------------	-------------------	----------------------

[1 mark]

3 (a) (ii) Give the correct unit of power.

[1 mark]

Tick (✓) one box.

Unit	Tick (√)
J	
m/s	
W	



3 (b) The homeowner goes on holiday for a few days. Before leaving, the homeowner turns off all the electrical items except for the pump.

Figure 3 shows the electricity meter readings before the holiday and after the holiday.

Figure 3

After the holiday O 3 2 6 8 Electricity meter

3 (b) (i) How many units of electricity were used during the holiday?

Use the information in Figure 3 to help you.

[1 mark]

Draw a ring around the correct answer.

13 17 23

3 (b) (ii) The electricity company charges the homeowner 14p for each unit of electricity used.

Calculate the cost of using the pump during the holiday.

[1 mark]

Cost = _____p

3 (b) (iii) Electricity companies charge for electricity by the 'unit'.

What 'unit' do electricity companies use?

[1 mark]

Draw a ring around the correct answer.

joules per second kilowatt-hours volts

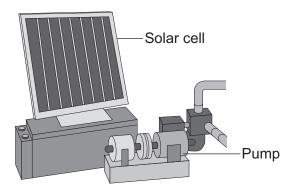
Question 3 continues on the next page



3 (c) The homeowner decides that using mains electricity to power the pump is too expensive.

He decides to use a solar powered pump as shown in Figure 4.

Figure 4



Give **one** advantage and **one** disadvantage, other than cost, of using a solar powered pump rather than a mains powered pump.

[2	ma	rks]

Advantage			
-			
Disadvantage			







4 Figure 5 shows a house.

Figure 5

Roof

Lintel

Drain pipe

Window

Many materials are used to build a house.

4 (a) Draw **one** line from each material to the correct use of that material in the building of the house shown in **Figure 5**.

[3 marks]

Material	Use of material
	Drain pipe
Glass	
	Lintel
Plastic	
	Roof
Reinforced	
concrete	Window

- **4 (b)** Limestone is used to make the different materials that are used in the building of a house.
- **4 (b) (i)** How is limestone removed from the ground?

[1 mark]

4 (b) (ii)	Limestone is used to make cement.	
	Describe how cement is made using limestone.	[2 marks]
4 (b) (iii)	To make concrete the cement is mixed with water.	
	State two other materials that must be added to the mix to make concrete.	[2 marks]
	1	
	2	
4 (c) (i)	Copper is used for electrical wiring in houses.	t makas
	Give one other use of copper in the building of houses and the property that copper suitable for this use.	
	Draw a ring around the correct answer.	[2 marks]
	Use of copper: guttering water pipes wind	ow frames
	Property	
4 (c) (ii)	Suggest why steel would not be a suitable material for the use you chose in	part (c)(i). [1 mark]

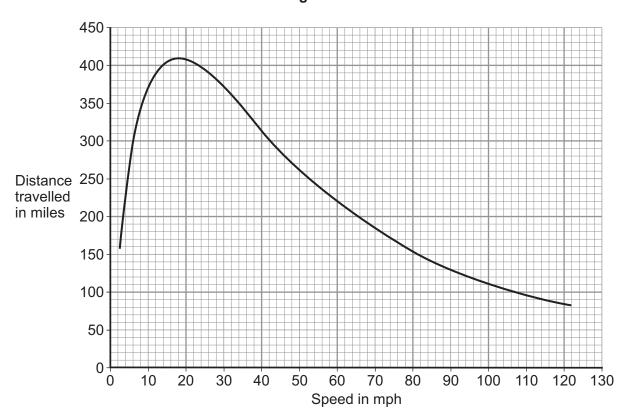




Modern electric cars can travel over 400 miles before the car's battery needs recharging.

Figure 6 shows how the distance travelled by an electric car before the battery needs recharging depends on the speed of the electric car.

Figure 6



5 (a)	Describe the trend shown in Figure 6 .	
		[3 marks]



5 (b)		e complain that electric cars are causin nerated by burning methane.	g air pollutio	n because they	use
5 (b) (i)	Complete the	e word equation to show the burning of	methane to	-	city. 2 marks]
	methane +			_ + water	
5 (b) (ii)	Methane is a	a hydrocarbon.			
	What elemer	nts are in a hydrocarbon?		Ī	[4 magula]
	Tick (✓) one	box.		l	[1 mark]
		Elements	Tick (✓)		
		Carbon, hydrogen and oxygen			
		Carbon, hydrogen and nitrogen			
		Carbon and hydrogen only			

Turn over for the next question

6	The human body needs to control body temperature and to control blood glucose levels.
6 (a)	Give two ways the body keeps cool on a hot day.
	1

6 (b) A person with diabetes is unable to control their blood glucose levels.

One way to control diabetes is to take drugs such as insulin.

Give **two** other ways to control diabetes.

[2 marks]

[2 marks]

1 _				
_				

6 (c) Insulin can be made by genetically modified bacteria grown in a culture.

Table 1 shows how the number of live bacteria in the culture changes over a 24-hour period.

Table 1

Time in hours	Number of live bacteria in millions of cells
0	5
4	15
8	140
12	180
16	160
20	70
24	0

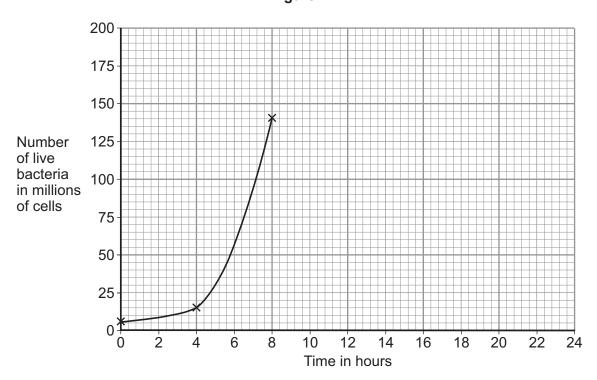


6 (c) (i) Plot the results from Table 1 to complete the graph in Figure 7.

You should complete the line of best fit.

[3 marks]

Figure 7



6 (c) (ii) Scientists want to get the largest number of live bacteria.

Use **Figure 7** to suggest how many hours the bacteria should be left to grow to get the largest number of live bacteria.

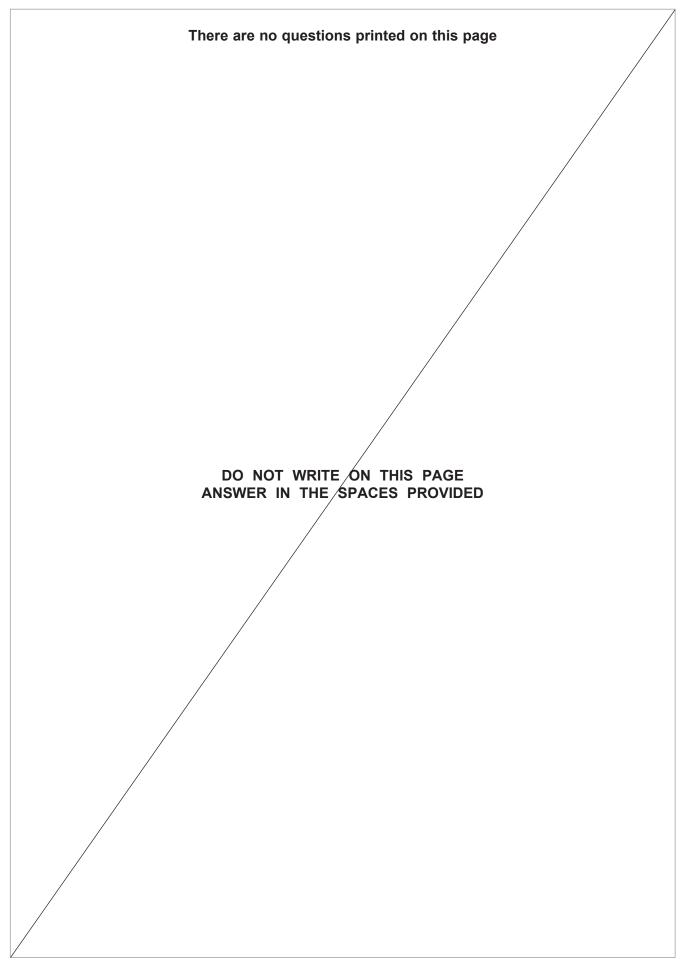
[1 mark]

7 (a)		Give one property that is the same for Draw a ring around the correct answe	-	[1 mark]
		frequency speed in a	a vacuum wavelength	
7 (b)	(i)	Table 2 shows some types of electron electromagnetic waves.	nagnetic waves and some uses of	
		Complete Table 2 .	[-	4 marks]
		Tab	ple 2	
		Type of electromagnetic wave	Use	
		Ultraviolet		
		X-rays		
			Mobile phones	
			Remote controls for televisions	
7 (b)	(ii)	Energy is carried by electromagnetic v	waves.	
		Describe how the energy carried by a wavelength of the wave.	n electromagnetic wave changes with the	
		wavelength of the wave.		[1 mark]



7 (c)	A teacher demonstrates how waves travel using a slinky spring.		
	The resulting wave is shown in Figure 8.		
	Figure 8 25 cm		
	The wave produced has a frequency of 5 Hz.		
7 (c) (i)	How many complete waves are shown in Figure 8?	[1 mark]	
	Draw a ring around the correct answer.	[1	
	2 4 5		
7 (c) (ii)	Calculate the velocity of the wave shown in Figure 8.		
	Use the Equations Sheet to help you answer the question.	[2 marks]	
	Velocity of wave =	cm/s	

Turn over for the next question





8	A student planned to investigate the change in mass of the different metal carbonates react completely with excess	
8 (a) (i)	Name a piece of equipment the student should use to me hydrochloric acid.	
		[1 mark]
8 (a) (ii)	State one variable the student should keep the same in t	his investigation. [1 mark]
8 (b) (i)	The chemical reaction can be shown as a word equation.	
	hydrochloric acid + metal carbonate → salt +	carbon dioxide + water
	What type of chemical reaction is shown in the chemical	•
	Tick (✓) one box.	[1 mark]
	Tick (✓)	
	Displacement	
	Neutralisation	
	Oxidation	
8 (b) (ii)	Why does the mass of the reaction mixture change during	g the reaction? [1 mark]
8 (b) (iii)	What readings should the student take in this investigation	n? [1 mark]
	Question 8 continues on the next page	ge

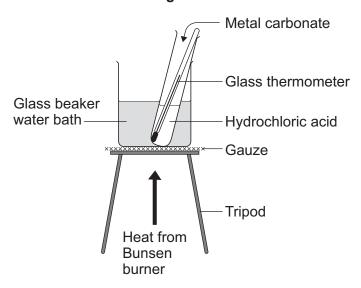


8 (c) In this question you will be assessed on using good English, organising information clearly and using specialist terms where appropriate.

The student planned a new investigation to look at the effect of temperature on the rate of chemical reaction between hydrochloric acid and metal carbonates.

Figure 9 shows a diagram of the apparatus the student planned to use for the investigation.

Figure 9



Describe the hazards, risks and safety precautions the student should consider before using the apparatus shown in **Figure 9** to do this investigation.

		[6 marks]





There are no questions printed on this page

DO NOT WRITE ON THIS PAGE ANSWER IN THE SPACES PROVIDED

Copyright information

For confidentiality purposes, from the November 2015 examination series, acknowledgements of third party copyright material will be published in a separate booklet rather than including them on the examination paper or support materials. This booklet is published after each examination series and is available for free download from www.aqa.org.uk after the live examination series.

Permission to reproduce all copyright material has been applied for. In some cases, efforts to contact copyright-holders may have been unsuccessful and AQA will be happy to rectify any omissions of acknowledgements. If you have any queries please contact the Copyright Team, AQA, Stag Hill House, Guildford, GU2 7XJ.

Copyright © 2016 AQA and its licensors. All rights reserved.

