

Wednesday 18 January 2012 – Afternoon

**GCSE RELIGIOUS STUDIES B
(PHILOSOPHY AND/OR APPLIED ETHICS)**

B604 Ethics 2 (Peace and Justice, Equality, Media)

Candidates answer on the Answer Booklet.

OCR supplied materials:

- 8 page Answer Booklet
(sent with general stationery)

Other materials required:

None

Duration: 1 hour



MODIFIED LANGUAGE

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the spaces provided on the Answer Booklet. Please write clearly and in capital letters.
- Use black ink.
- Read each question carefully. Make sure you know what you have to do before starting your answer.
- Any additional paper used must be securely fastened to the Answer Booklet.
- Answer **two** questions.
 - You must answer your two questions from **different** Sections.
Section A – Religion, Peace and Justice
Section B – Religion and Equality
Section C – Religion and the Media
 - You must answer all parts (a)–(e) of the questions that you choose.
- Do **not** write in the bar codes.

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

- The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.
- The total number of marks for this paper is **48**.
- Quality of written communication is assessed in parts (d) and (e) of all questions.
- This document consists of **8** pages. Any blank pages are indicated.

Section A: Religion, Peace and Justice

If you choose one question from this section you must answer all parts (a)–(e) of the question.

1 Buddhism

- (a) What is meant by ‘social injustice’? [1]
- (b) Give **two** ways in which criminals might be punished. [2]
- (c) State **three** reasons why Buddhists might work for social justice. [3]
- (d) Explain why some Buddhists might not take part in a war. [6]
- (e) ‘Justice is more important than peace.’

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of view and your own point of view. You must refer to Buddhism in your answer. [12]

[Total: 24]

2 Christianity

- (a) What is meant by ‘social injustice’? [1]
- (b) Give **two** ways in which criminals might be punished. [2]
- (c) State **three** reasons why Christians might work for social justice. [3]
- (d) Explain why Christians might take part in a war. [6]
- (e) ‘Justice is more important than peace.’

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of view and your own point of view. You must refer to Christianity in your answer. [12]

[Total: 24]

3 Hinduism

- (a) What is meant by ‘social injustice’? [1]
- (b) Give **two** ways in which criminals might be punished. [2]
- (c) State **three** reasons why Hindus might work for social justice. [3]
- (d) Explain why Hindus might take part in a war. [6]
- (e) ‘Justice is more important than peace.’

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of view and your own point of view. You must refer to Hinduism in your answer. [12]

[Total: 24]

4 Islam

- (a) What is meant by 'social injustice'? [1]
- (b) Give **two** ways in which criminals might be punished. [2]
- (c) State **three** reasons why Muslims might work for social justice. [3]
- (d) Explain why Muslims might take part in a war. [6]
- (e) 'Justice is more important than peace.'

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of view and your own point of view. You must refer to Islam in your answer. [12]

[Total: 24]

5 Judaism

- (a) What is meant by 'social injustice'? [1]
- (b) Give **two** ways in which criminals might be punished. [2]
- (c) State **three** reasons why Jews might work for social justice. [3]
- (d) Explain why Jews might take part in a war. [6]
- (e) 'Justice is more important than peace.'

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of view and your own point of view. You must refer to Judaism in your answer. [12]

[Total: 24]

6 Sikhism

- (a) What is meant by 'social injustice'? [1]
- (b) Give **two** ways in which criminals might be punished. [2]
- (c) State **three** reasons why Sikhs might work for social justice. [3]
- (d) Explain why Sikhs might take part in a war. [6]
- (e) 'Justice is more important than peace.'

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of view and your own point of view. You must refer to Sikhism in your answer. [12]

[Total: 24]

Section B: Religion and Equality

If you choose one question from this section you must answer all parts (a)–(e) of the question.

7 Buddhism

- (a) What is forgiveness? [1]
- (b) State **two** reasons why Buddhists might forgive someone who has hurt them. [2]
- (c) Give **three** reasons why Buddhists might believe racism is wrong. [3]
- (d) Explain Buddhist attitudes towards other religions. [6]
- (e) 'It is always right to forgive.'

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of view and your own point of view. You must refer to Buddhism in your answer. [12]

[Total: 24]

8 Christianity

- (a) What is forgiveness? [1]
- (b) State **two** reasons why Christians might forgive someone who has hurt them. [2]
- (c) Give **three** reasons why Christians might believe racism is wrong. [3]
- (d) Explain Christian attitudes towards other religions. [6]
- (e) 'It is always right to forgive.'

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of view and your own point of view. You must refer to Christianity in your answer. [12]

[Total: 24]

9 Hinduism

- (a) What is forgiveness? [1]
- (b) State **two** reasons why Hindus might forgive someone who has hurt them. [2]
- (c) Give **three** reasons why Hindus might believe racism is wrong. [3]
- (d) Explain Hindu attitudes towards other religions. [6]
- (e) 'It is always right to forgive.'

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of view and your own point of view. You must refer to Hinduism in your answer. [12]

[Total: 24]

10 Islam

- (a) What is forgiveness? [1]
- (b) State **two** reasons why Muslims might forgive someone who has hurt them. [2]
- (c) Give **three** reasons why Muslims might believe racism is wrong. [3]
- (d) Explain Islamic attitudes towards other religions. [6]
- (e) 'It is always right to forgive.'

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of view and your own point of view. You must refer to Islam in your answer. [12]

[Total: 24]

11 Judaism

- (a) What is forgiveness? [1]
- (b) State **two** reasons why Jews might forgive someone who has hurt them. [2]
- (c) Give **three** reasons why Jews might believe racism is wrong. [3]
- (d) Explain Jewish attitudes towards other religions. [6]
- (e) 'It is always right to forgive.'

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of view and your own point of view. You must refer to Judaism in your answer. [12]

[Total: 24]

12 Sikhism

- (a) What is forgiveness? [1]
- (b) State **two** reasons why Sikhs might forgive someone who has hurt them. [2]
- (c) Give **three** reasons why Sikhs might believe racism is wrong. [3]
- (d) Explain Sikh attitudes towards other religions. [6]
- (e) 'It is always right to forgive.'

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of view and your own point of view. You must refer to Sikhism in your answer. [12]

[Total: 24]

Section C: Religion and the Media

If you choose one question from this section you must answer all parts (a)–(e) of the question.

13 Buddhism

- (a) What is meant by ‘freedom of speech’? [1]
- (b) List **two** Buddhist figures that might be shown in the media. [2]
- (c) Describe why freedom of speech might be important to Buddhists. [3]
- (d) Explain how Buddhists might respond to the way violence is shown in the media. [6]
- (e) ‘Sex should never be shown on TV.’

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of view and your own point of view. You must refer to Buddhism in your answer. [12]

[Total: 24]

14 Christianity

- (a) What is meant by ‘freedom of speech’? [1]
- (b) List **two** Christian figures that might be shown in the media. [2]
- (c) Describe why freedom of speech might be important to Christians. [3]
- (d) Explain how Christians might respond to the way violence is shown in the media. [6]
- (e) ‘Sex should never be shown on TV.’

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of view and your own point of view. You must refer to Christianity in your answer. [12]

[Total: 24]

15 Hinduism

- (a) What is meant by ‘freedom of speech’? [1]
- (b) List **two** Hindu figures that might be shown in the media. [2]
- (c) Describe why freedom of speech might be important to Hindus. [3]
- (d) Explain how Hindus might respond to the way violence is shown in the media. [6]
- (e) ‘Sex should never be shown on TV.’

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of view and your own point of view. You must refer to Hinduism in your answer. [12]

[Total: 24]

16 Islam

- (a) What is meant by 'freedom of speech'? [1]
- (b) List **two** Muslim figures that might be shown in the media. [2]
- (c) Describe why freedom of speech might be important to Muslims. [3]
- (d) Explain how Muslims might respond to the way violence is shown in the media. [6]
- (e) 'Sex should never be shown on TV.'

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of view and your own point of view. You must refer to Islam in your answer. [12]

[Total: 24]

17 Judaism

- (a) What is meant by 'freedom of speech'? [1]
- (b) List **two** Jewish figures that might be shown in the media. [2]
- (c) Describe why freedom of speech might be important to Jews. [3]
- (d) Explain how Jews might respond to the way violence is shown in the media. [6]
- (e) 'Sex should never be shown on TV.'

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of view and your own point of view. You must refer to Judaism in your answer. [12]

[Total: 24]

18 Sikhism

- (a) What is meant by 'freedom of speech'? [1]
- (b) List **two** Sikh figures that might be shown in the media. [2]
- (c) Describe why freedom of speech might be important to Sikhs. [3]
- (d) Explain how Sikhs might respond to the way violence is shown in the media. [6]
- (e) 'Sex should never be shown on TV.'

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of view and your own point of view. You must refer to Sikhism in your answer. [12]

[Total: 24]

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